



# **Odoo Online Book**

*Utgåva 12.0*

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This book is dedicated for entrepreneur who wants to implement all-in-one business application out-of-the box for their business.

**Odoo Book** is an online book written based on Community and Enterprise Edition. This book covers best implementation practice for most used applications such as Sales, Purchase, Inventory, Financial Accounting and Manufacturing. This is a fork of <https://github.com/mga-odoo/odoobooks>

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**Observera:** Please comment on the page below, if you have any question related to that topic. You can also send an email to [mail@mantavyagajjar.in](mailto:mail@mantavyagajjar.in) to propose new topics you would like to have on the book.

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## About Odoo Online Book

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Odoo online book is dedicated for functional consultants or entrepreneur who wants to implement or use odoo online all-in-one business application out-of-the box. This is an online book written based on Odoo **Community** and **Enterprise** Edition. This book covers best implementation approach for most used applications such as Sales, Purchase, Inventory, Financial Accounting and Manufacturing.

### 1.1 Why this book?

After writing [Odoo 10 Implementation Cookbook](#), I realized that it is too difficult to have the latest and up-to-date printed book of each version for the fast evolving business application. Odoo release its stable version every 12 to 15 months. The aim of this book is to guide you through step-by-step configuration for business problems.

### 1.2 Credits

Thanks to all the contributors of Odoo Official Documentation project as many pages/topics of this book was actually taken from <https://www.odoo.com/documentation>.

### 1.3 License

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## 1.4 Updates

To get in touch with the book updates, You can follow author on [Twitter](#).

## 1.5 About the Author

Mantavya Gajjar has 12+ years' experience in Odoo, starting from TinyERP and OpenERP. He started his career as a developer, he developed many new features in TinyERP, OpenERP and Odoo. He has graduate and postgraduate degrees in Computer Applications from Gujarat Vidyapith. In June 2006, he started working for Axelor and TinyERP at Ahmadabad. He has initiated web client for TinyERP and mobile application project for Odoo.

He was the first international employee appointed to establish a branch of TinyERP in India (Ahmadabad, Gujarat). He has done everything from registering a legal company to setting up the physical office and recruitment at India. He has interviewed more than eight thousand candidates in the last 12 years, and he has selected and trained more than three hundred employees for the Indian branch. Most professionals working on Odoo in India are trained by him. As a result, today India (Ahmadabad, Gujarat) is called the Hub of Odoo Developers, and over a thousand Odoo developers are available only in Gujarat.

Mantavya is actively engaged with many universities in preparing and reviewing the syllabus for the Computer Applications and Computer Science courses. He has reviewed thousands of academic student projects. As an alumnus of the Gujarat Vidyapith Computer Science Alumni Association, he contributes his free time to various social activities. He also plays the role of a trustee member and treasurer at Gujarat Vidyapith Computer Science Alumni Association.

## 1.6 About the Reviewer

Nikunj Jani earned a masters degree in computer applications from Gujarat, India. He began his career in 2007 as a software engineer with an MNC called SATYAM COMPUTERS. In 2009, he joined TinyERP, a division of Odoo, S.A. in India as a team lead. During his tenure of 8+ years with Odoo, he has worked with several versions, including 5.0, 6.0, 6.1, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0, and 11.0. He has worked as a functional consultant (business analyst), training manager, and project manager.

Currently, he is the product owner and heads a usability and testing team at Odoo (India) for the upcoming versions. Nikunj is an open source enthusiast who has given 35+ international functional trainings/consultancies to Odoo partners, prospects, and end customers.

Nikunj has a total of 10 years of IT experience, and his specialties include training, consultancy, analysis, project management, usability, and testing new features of Odoo.

## 1.7 Preface

The Odoo online book covers the implementation best practices and approach to configure the business applications out-of-the-box. With this approach you can configure your Odoo online instance or Odoo.sh or locally installed Odoo on your server.

## 1.8 Page structure

Each single page on this book have the real time business case and how that business can be configure with Odoo standard features. The page divides in the specific sections, each sections give you enough information to solve the business problem. The major sections as below.

### 1.8.1 Problem statement

The page has a single line problem statement such as “Create my first quotation”, give you brief information about the business situation, where it uses and which business requires to deal with such situation. Most of the problem statement are “how to ..” questions.

### 1.8.2 Business case

This section gives you a real-life business case.

### 1.8.3 Configuration

this sections give you a step-by-step configuration, that help you to fit the real-life business problem in Odoo using the standard features. Some of the page give you steps to configure the options.

### 1.8.4 Video

This section gives you a link on the PDF or embedded videos on the online book, that shows you the detailed configuration steps and the steps to execute the business case. You can get access to all the videos used in this book at [Youtube](#).

### 1.8.5 See also

This section has the useful links to the related business cases.

## 1.9 Conventions

There are different text styles, that used to differentiate the informations, like **Bold text** used to name any screen label, menus, or static information available on the screen while *Italic text* always represents the value.

Images are used to illustrate the confirmation or result, you can understand the topics explain about the which business features and configuration.



### 2.1 Introduction

**Odoo** (On Demand Open Object) is an open source suite of business applications; it became the world's most downloaded and used business application software, with more than 5 million users worldwide. According to Wikipedia, Odoo is an all-in-one management software that offers a range of business applications that form a complete suite of enterprise management applications. The Odoo solution is ideal for SMEs, but fits both small and large companies alike. Odoo is an all-in-one business software capable of covering all business needs, including CRM, website/e-commerce, billing, accounting, manufacturing, warehouse, project management, and inventory, all seamlessly integrated.

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**Tips:** In 2005, Fabien Pinckaers, the Founder and CEO of Odoo, started to develop his first software product, TinyERP. Later in the beginning of 2009 it was renamed to OpenERP, in May 2014, the company was renamed Odoo, a name that has no restrictions and can allow the company to grow in whichever direction.

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Odoo offers two different versions of the solution; Odoo Enterprise and Odoo Community Edition. The community edition is free to download and can be used anywhere. The Enterprise edition comes with many out of the box applications, unlimited support software support, migration service. The Enterprise edition can be available as Odoo Online SaaS (Software as a Service) or on Odoo.sh or you can install on your private server too.

The Odoo Online version is hosted on a cloud, and the first app is offered for free for unlimited users. After the first app, there is a fixed monthly subscription fee for the number of apps installed and the number of users. The Community version is the open source version and available for free to use on your own server.

Today, more and more companies are choosing to host their business application on an Odoo online cloud platform, it is too costly for the companies to host their business application on local hardware. This approach requires not only a lot of capital to buy hardware and software licenses, but also creates a lot of responsibilities and risk in backing up data and ensuring stability of the business application.

Let's see, how to implement the most useful business application with step-by-step configurations on Odoo online platform or your own server.

## 2.2 Manage Instance

### 2.2.1 Create first Odoo instance

Accessing the Odoo online SaaS version could be very simple across all its different platform available. To start using the Odoo online version you need web browser.

**Tips:** Odoo is a web based business application designed to run on various modern web browsers. Supported web browsers included

- Google Chrome (recommended)
  - Firefox
  - Safari
- 

### Signup at odoo.com

Make sure that before create a new instance, you have an account at odoo.com, if not please create an account, visit <https://www.odoo.com/web/signup> to create a new account.

odoo

APPS ▾ TOUR PRICING COMMUNITY DOCS

SIGN IN Try it free

odoo

Access and manage your instances from this Odoo account.

Your Email

Your Name  
e.g. John Doe

Password

I already have an account

SIGN UP

### Create an instance

You can start with one application, the first application you start is free for unlimited users or you can continue the additional applications on the monthly subscription basics.

Login into odoo.com, open the link <https://accounts.odoo.com/trial> and choose your first application you would like to start with, I choose CRM application to start with.

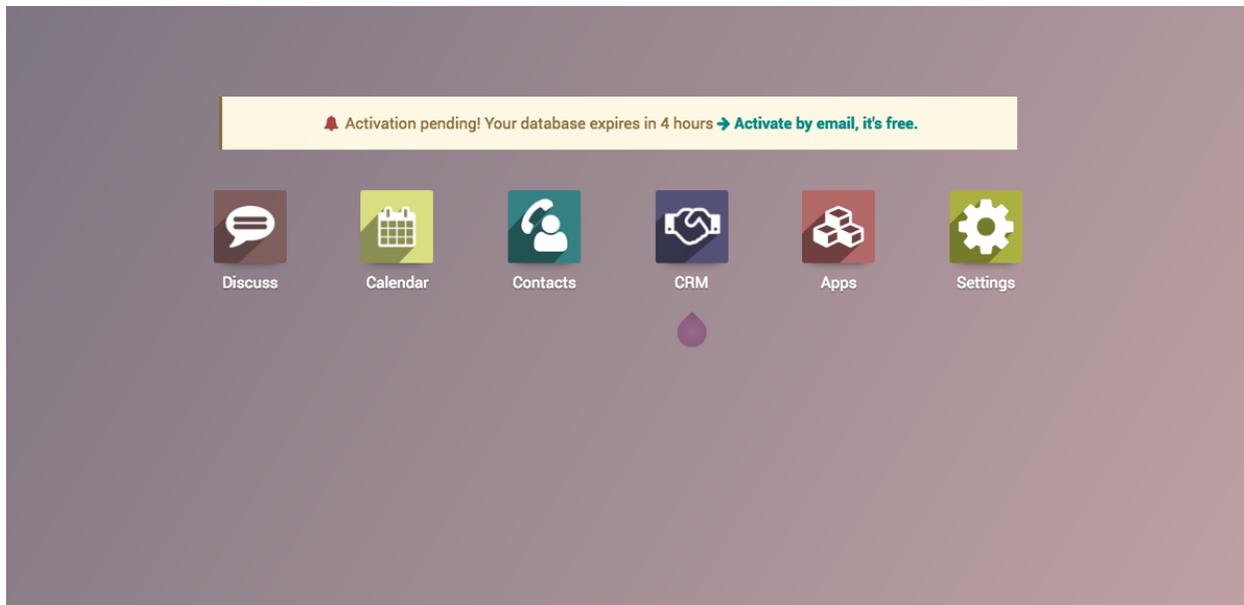
# Choose your first App

Using one App is **FREE** for unlimited users.

You will be asked to enter your name, email and phone number, the company name decide what will be your sub-domain on odoo.com. I have entered **My Company**, the subdomain allocated me is my-company.odoo.com, however you can change the subdomain by clicking on it.

### Activate an instance

The first screen you will get on successful instance creation is your home screen. The list of apps will be installed and appeared based on first selected app.



The instance has to be activated with in 4 hours to keep it running forever, else it will be expired in next 4 hours and you may lose changes made to an instance.

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**Tips:** You may lose the data and instance, if you have not activated within 4 hours. If you not receive an email, click on `Activate by email` link to resend the activation email.

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### Video

Let's see how to get start with the first free application, activate it and start using the Odoo online instance. Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fAi-NGirE44>

### 2.2.2 Duplicate an Odoo instance

It is advisable to make a duplicate copy of the production database before you change the configuration or try to implement the new feature. You can be sure that production environment will remain stable while working with the test instance. On Odoo online you can create as many as test instance you want. You can create a test instance:

- Before you change anything using Studio App
- To get a test drive for the new features
- To Test the complex configuration
- To test the user acceptance, before you push new feature into production

<p><b>Risk:</b> Make sure that you verify the url on your browser before you change any configuration of your instance.</p>
---

Let's see how you can create a test instance before to change any configuration on your production instance. Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IxILl8z5I7w>

## Video

## 2.3 Mobile

### 2.3.1 Access Odoo on your mobile phone or tablet

The first Odoo mobile application was launched with the release on Odoo 10. Beginning of the Odoo 9, Odoo have started to adapt the mobile compatible design which will perfect for the desktop and mobile view, different types of views and menus are designed to flow and format properly on mobiles and tablets.

Odoo has also released an iOS mobile application along with the release of Odoo version 11. Today Odoo support mobile application for Android and iOS both mobile based operating systems. You can download the Odoo official mobile application from their respective apps stores for Android download it form Google Play store and for iOS download it form Apple apps store.

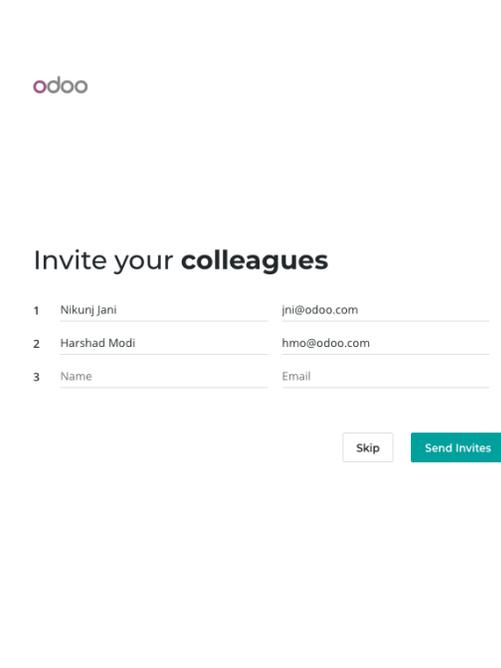
**Warning:** Odoo mobile application is not support with the Odoo community version. Only Odoo Enterprise and Odoo Online versions are compatible with Android and iOS mobile applications.

Let's see the installation of mobile application on Android based mobile, connect it with the Odoo online platform or locally hosted instance and get an access to all the Odoo applications on your mobile.

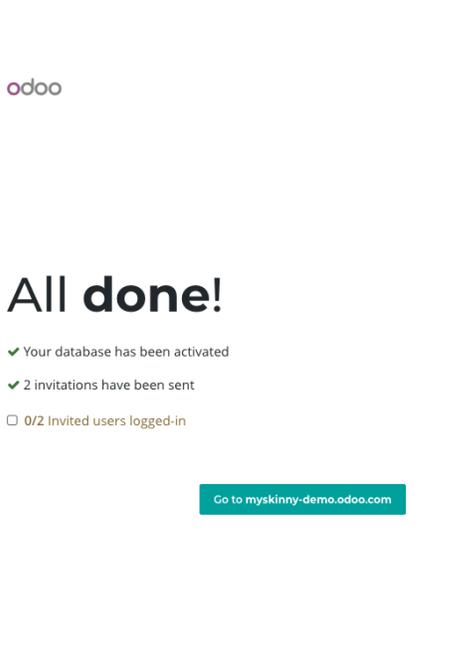
## 2.4 User and Features

### 2.4.1 Manage users and access rights

You have an opportunity to invite your colleagues to signup on the instance during the activation process, you may see the below screen during the signup.



Enter the Name and Email address of your colleagues and click on the Send Invitation button.



## Create user

You can create an user manually or import the list of users (email address) to signup. You can create an unlimited users as soon as you are using single application.

You need name and email address to send the signup invitation email. The email will be sent automatically with signup link, when you create a new user.

Dashboard / Users / Nikunj Jani

SAVE DISCARD 3 / 4 < >

SEND AN INVITATION EMAIL NEVER CONNECTED CONFIRMED

Remember that each user will increase your monthly fee. Check out pricing on [www.odoo.com/pricing](http://www.odoo.com/pricing).

Active

An invitation email containing the following subscription link has been sent:  
[https://myskinny-demo.odoo.com/web/reset\\_password?token=i89WGwmFihpjr5KB1GFT&db=myskinny-demo](https://myskinny-demo.odoo.com/web/reset_password?token=i89WGwmFihpjr5KB1GFT&db=myskinny-demo)

**Name**  
Nikunj Jani

**Email**  
jni@odoo.com

Access Rights
Preferences

**Application Accesses**

Sales	Manager	▼
Inventory	Manager	▼
Accounting & Finance	Advisor	▼
Purchases	Manager	▼
Employees	Manager	▼

**Tips:** Make sure that you assign correct access rights before you create the new user. Either user have a full access or user may not be able to access certain features when access rights are not configured properly.

All the users with status NEVER CONNECTED shows that, they did not sign up, verify the Email address is correct incase, if they did not receive signup email.

### Change access rights

Odoo assign full (manager for all the applications) access rights to all users created through invitation during activation, you may review their access rights on the user form and change if needed.

✓ Active

Name  
**Nikunj Jani**

---

Email  
jni@odoo.com

---



Access Rights | Preferences

### Application Accesses

Sales	Manager	▼
Inventory	Manager	▼
Accounting & Finance	Advisor	▼
Purchases	Manager	▼
Employees	Manager	▼
Expenses	Manager	▼
Helpdesk	Manager	▼
Administration	Settings	▼

Other

Access to Private Addresses

You can set custom access rights for new users from General Settings.

## Settings

SAVE
DISCARD

-  CRM
-  Sales
-  Purchase
-  Inventory
-  Invoicing
-  Employees
-  Expenses
-  General Settings

### Users

**Access Rights**  
 Set custom access rights for new users  
[→ Default Access Rights](#)

**Password Reset**  
 Enable password reset from Login page

**Import & Export**  
 Allow users to import data from CSV/XLS/XL

### Multi-company

 **Multi-company**  
 Manage multiple legal entities with separate accounting

### Customer Account

Let your customers log in to see their docum

 On invitation (B2B)  
 Free sign up (B2C)

Click on the Default Access Rights like you will see Default User Template user. Access rights for the new users will be copied from this user.

**Tips:** The additional the rights can be given later from the user configuration before or after user signup.

Let's see how to invite new users to signup and start using the features on Odoo online instance.

## 2.4.2 Access system settings using developer mode

Odoo application can be viewed in different modes, the default is normal mode suitable for normal users, it designed for great user experience. Odoo runs in three different modes:

- Normal mode: The default mode; most users are in this mode during production use.
- Developer mode: The name itself suggests something related to technical stuff. You can enter into the configuration of the application and Odoo's internal system, as well.
- Developer mode with assets: In addition to the developer mode, this loads all the resources separately such as JavaScript, CSS files, and images, instead of loading them in a bundle.

**Warning:** Developer mode with assets mode may be slower than all the other modes, you developer! you are welcome to this mode.

### Enter into Debug mode

You can enter into debug mode by adding debug argument in the URL, i.e. Change `https://my-company.odoo.com/web?#home` to `https://my-company.odoo.com/web?debug=#home`.

The second easy way is to enter into Settings, click on the Activate the developer mode link below the version information.

The screenshot shows the Odoo home page with several setup cards:

- No app installed:** Includes a 'Browse Apps' button and links to 'App store', 'Theme store', and 'In-App Purchases'.
- 0% Implementation:** Includes a 'Need more help? Browse the documentation.' link.
- 1 Active User:** Includes an 'Invite new users' section with a text input field and an 'Invite' button.
- Translations:** Includes a 'Load a Translation' button.
- My Company:** Includes a 'Set Up' button.
- Share the Love:** Includes social media icons and a link to 'Odoo 11.0-e (Community Edition)'. Below this, a red box highlights the link: 'Activate the developer mode (with assets)'.

You will be able to see the Technical menu under the Settings application on successful activation of the debug mode, you can access all the system settings there.

### Video

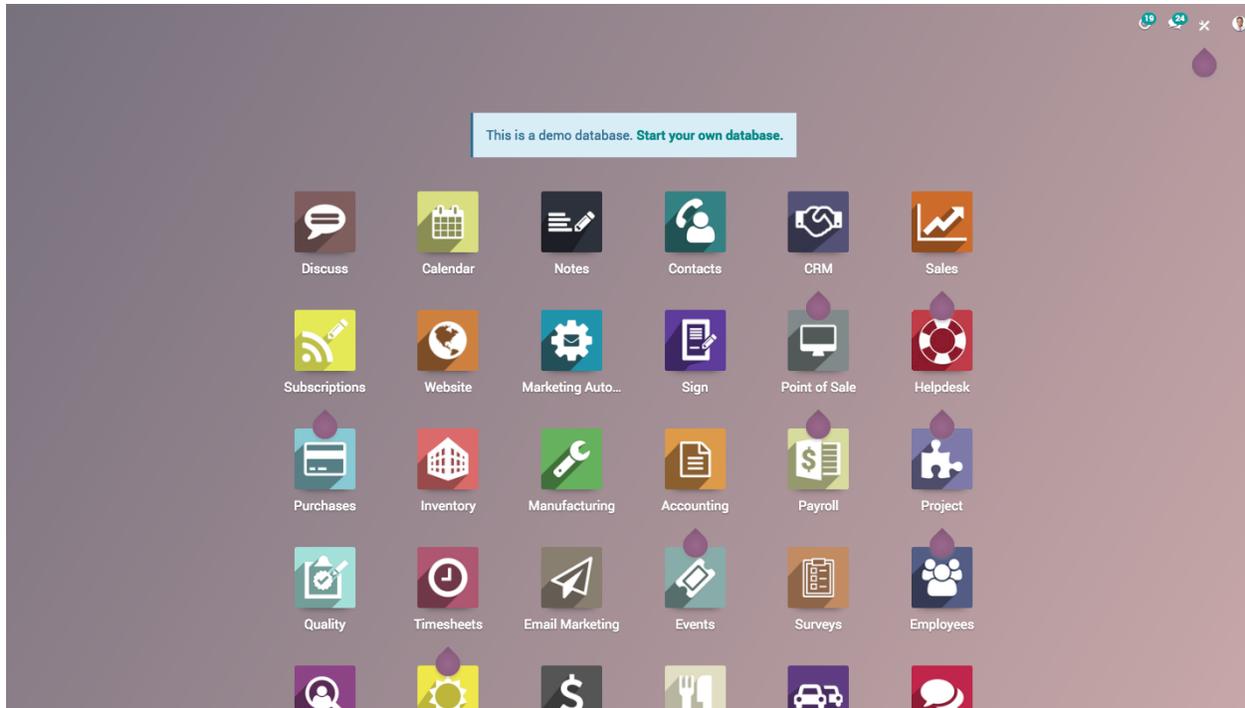
Let's see how to activate the developer mode and debug the assets.

## 2.4.3 How to test upcoming features?

Odoo offers a platform where you can test latest stable version of the Odoo software or you can also test the upcoming features from development version.

### Odoo Online Demo

Odoo instant demonstration can be found at <https://demo.odoo.com>. Online demo is perfect fit for the visitors who wanted to test the latest stable Odoo software without installing or creating an online instance, demo instance will be refreshed every 24 hours automatically so all the data created by you will be erased automatically.



---

**Tips:** Don't worry if your URL will be changed from <https://demo.odoo.com> to <https://demo1.odoo.com>, <https://demo2.odoo.com> or <https://demo3.odoo.com>, Odoo started many demo instance, you will be redirected to the instance having low traffic.

---

### Test upcoming features

**Odoo Runbot** is automated test platform user for the continuous integration designed and developed by Odoo SA. It is integrated with github.com to test each and every committee made by the Odoo developers. Odoo Employees worldwide use this platform for the internal testing before merging any feature into the master branch.

The screenshot shows the 'odoo runbot' interface. At the top, there are navigation links for 'odoo/odoo', 'odoo-dev/odoo', 'odoo/design-themes', 'odoo/enterprise', and 'odoo-dev/enterprise', along with a 'Sign in' button. Below this is a search bar and a filter dropdown. A status bar indicates the number of builds in various states: 'runbot11.odoo.com: 4 testing, 70 running', 'runbot12.odoo.com: 14 testing, 70 running', 'runbot13.odoo.com: 4 testing, 70 running', 'runbot14.odoo.com: 4 testing, 70 running', 'runbot16.odoo.com: 4 testing, 70 running', and 'Pending: 4'. The main area is a grid of commit cards. Each card represents a commit on a specific branch, showing the commit message, author, commit ID, and build status. The background color of each card indicates the test status: Green for successful tests, Red for failed tests, and Blue for builds currently in progress. The cards are organized by branch, with '10.0', '11.0', '9.0', 'master', and 'saas-11.2' being the primary categories.

Background colours of committee represents the status of the committee, Green represents successfully tested without any ERROR while Red represents ERROR in the code, either code is not clean or there is any test-case failed. You can not connect the committee which are in Blue color as there are currently being tested by the runbot.

Most of the features under development can be found under `odoo-dev/odoo` or `odoo-dev/enterprise` menu, branche name started with `master-` are the features under development while `10-xxx-xxx` or `11-xxx-xxx` are the fixes for the respective versions.

### Connect to the test instance

You can connect and test every single committee on the development branch, click on the Sign in to this build icon.

**Tips:** The default username will be admin and password will be admin too for all the instance, if may not able to connect in case some visitor has changed the password.

You can perform the test on two different databases:

- Installed all the applications with demo data
- Installed only base application without demo data - you have to install additional applications you want to test.

**Risk: Online Demo and Runbot** is not suitable platform to prepare the demo as no guarantee to get the same data all the time, because several users using those instances so data may change without notifications.



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## Customer Relationship Management

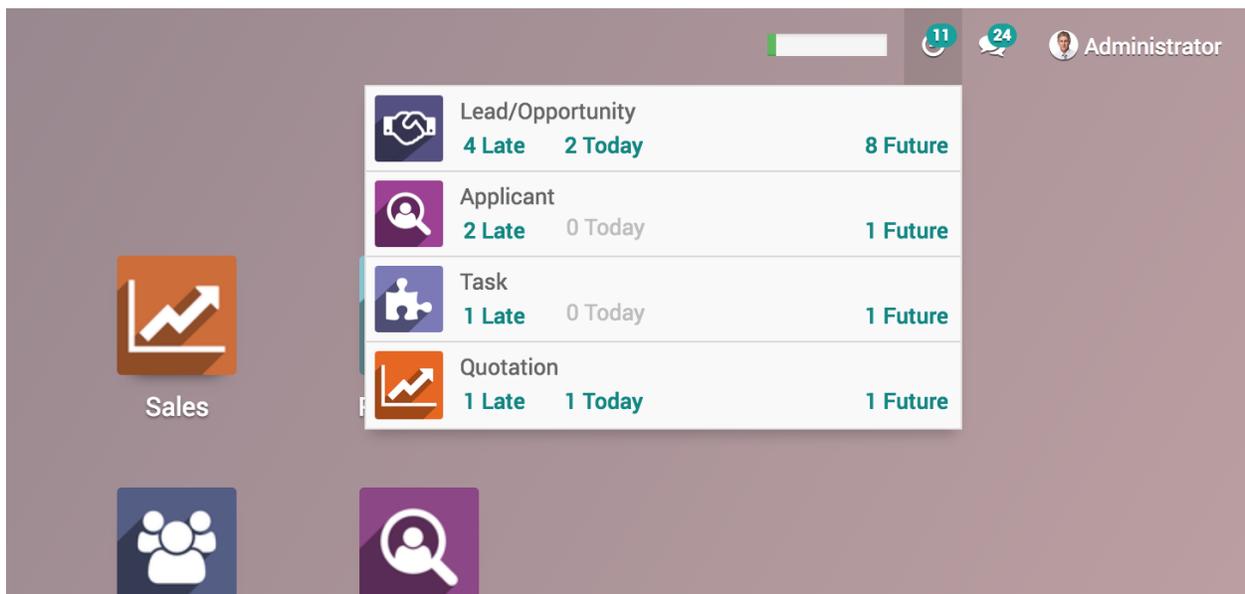
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### 3.1 Organize the pipeline

#### 3.1.1 Get organized by planning activities

Planning activities is the perfect way to keep on track with your work. Get reminded of what needs to be done and schedule the next activities to undertake.

Your activities are available wherever you are in Odoo. It is easy to manage your priorities.

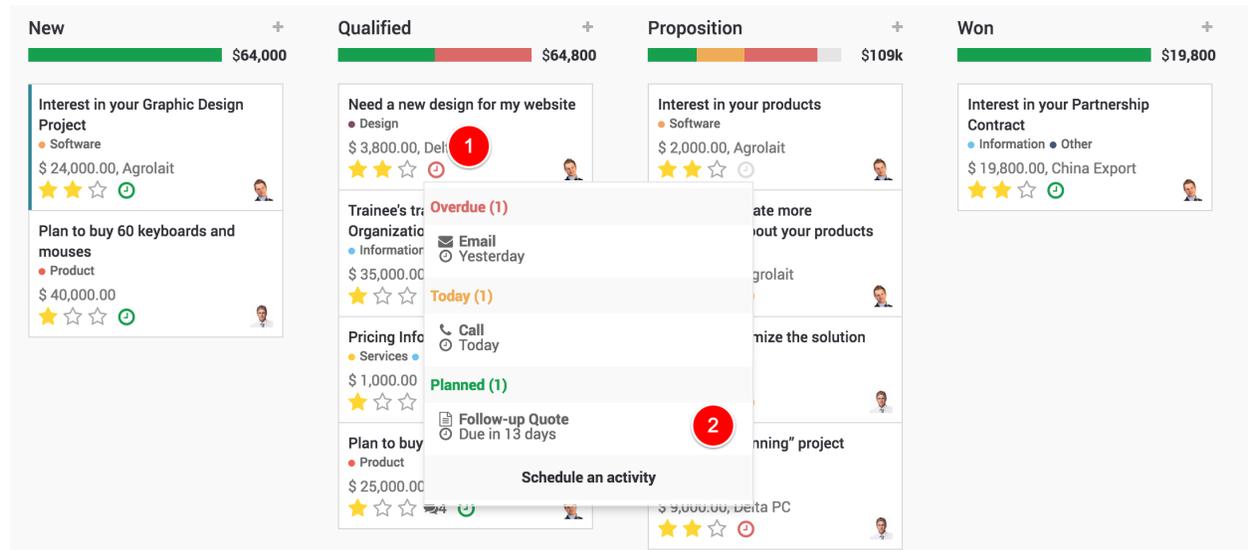


The screenshot shows the Odoo interface with a 'Sales' dashboard. A pop-up window displays the following activity counts:

Activity	Late	Today	Future
Lead/Opportunity	4	2	8
Applicant	2	0	1
Task	1	0	1
Quotation	1	1	1

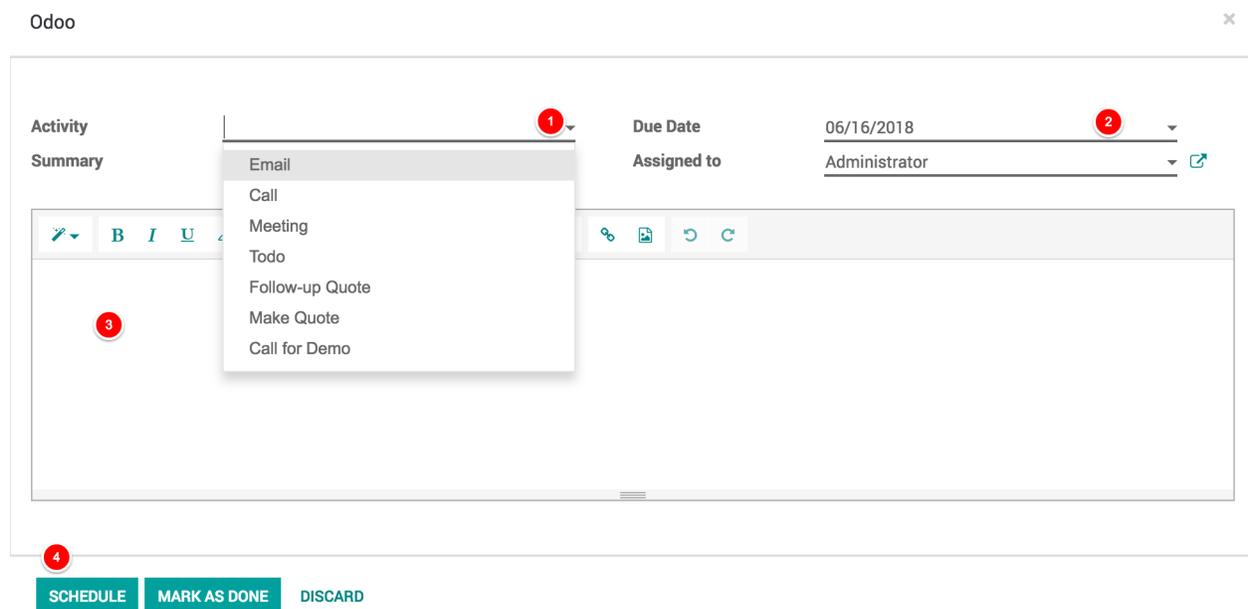
## Track activities

Activities can be tracked on every single document. Here is an example for opportunities:



## Schedule next activity

Activities can be planned and managed from the chatters or in the kanban views.



## Set your activity types

A number of generic activities types are available by default in Odoo (e.g. call, email, meeting, etc.). If you would like to set new ones, go to Settings / General settings / Activity types.

## Schedule meetings

Activities are planned for specific days. If you need to set hours, go with the Meeting activity type. When scheduling one, the calendar will simply open to let you select a time slot.

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zO5u0EjzlkY>

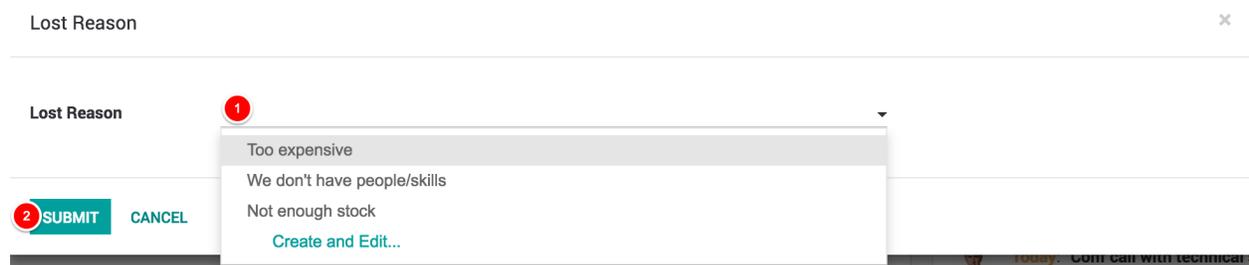
## 3.1.2 Manage lost opportunities

While working with your opportunities, you might lose some of them. You will want to keep track of the reasons you lost them and also which ways Odoo can help you recover them in the future.

### Mark a lead as lost

While in your pipeline, select any opportunity you want and you will see a *Mark Lost* button.

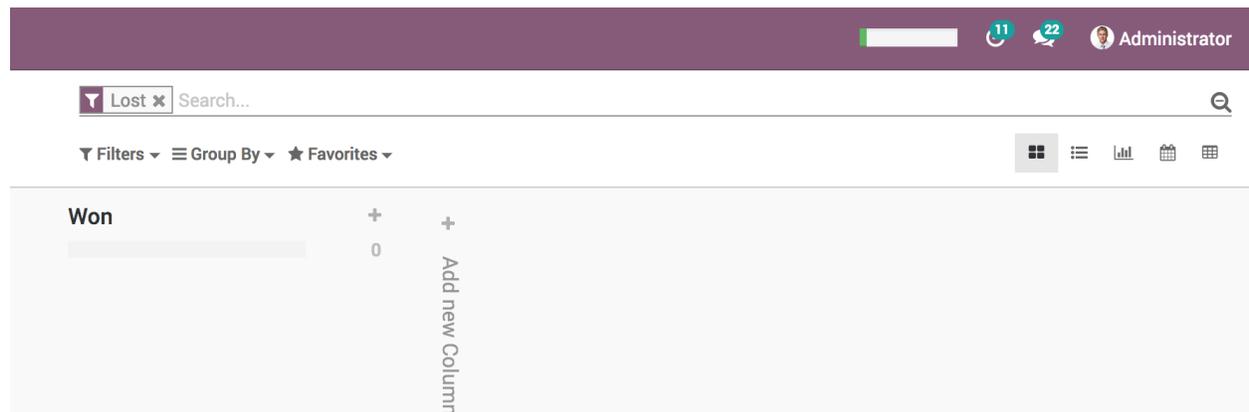
You can then select an existing *Lost Reason* or create a new one right there.



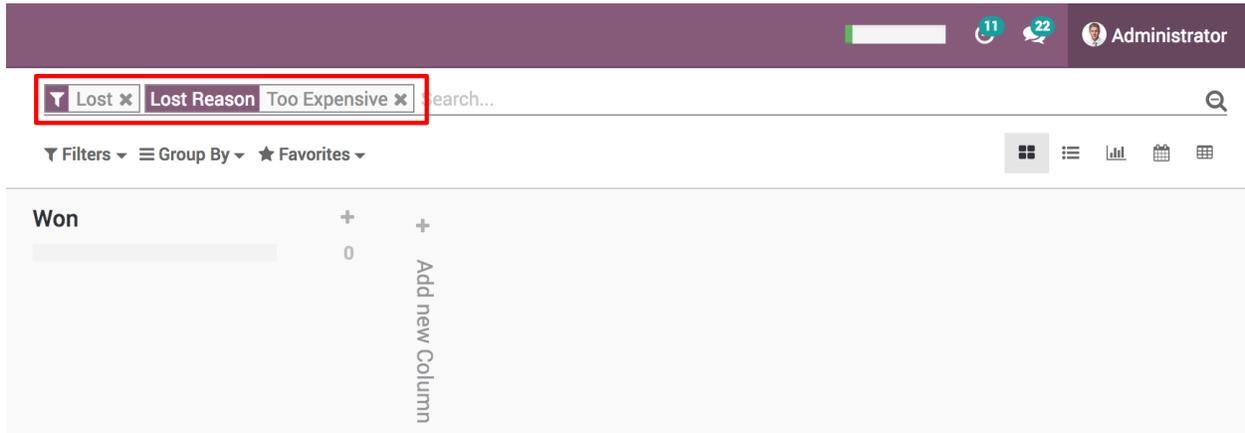
**Tips:** You will find your *Lost Reasons* under *Configuration* → *Lost Reasons*. You can select & rename any of them as well as create a new one from there.

### Retrieve lost opportunities

To retrieve lost opportunities and do actions on them (send an email, make a feedback call, etc.), select the *Lost* filter in the search bar.

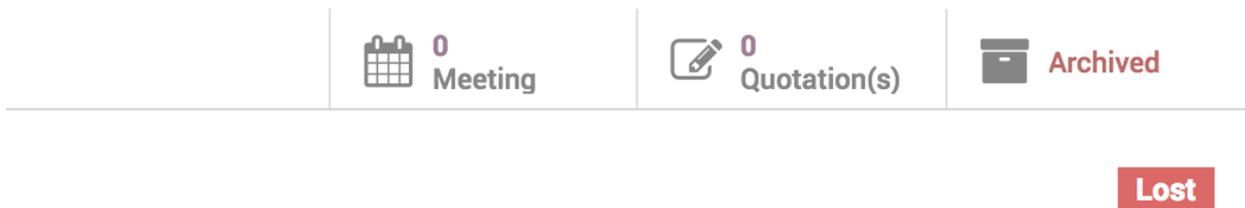


You will then see all your lost opportunities. If you want to refine them further, you can add a filter on the *Lost Reason*. For Example, *Too Expensive*.



### Restore lost opportunities

From the Kanban view with the filter(s) in place, you can select any opportunity you wish and work on it as usual. You can also restore it by clicking on *Archived*.



#### Se även:

- *Get organized by planning activities*

### 3.1.3 Manage multiple sales teams

In Odoo, you can manage several sales teams, departments or channels with specific sales processes. To do so, we use the concept of *Sales Channel*.

#### Create a new sales channel

To create a new *Sales Channel*, go to *Configuration* → *Sales Channels*.

There you can set an email alias to it. Every message sent to that email address will create a lead/opportunity.

Active

**Sales Channel**

## Europe

---

Quotations
  Pipeline

Channel Leader  ↕

Email Alias

Team Members

Dashboard

ADD

Administrator
✕

Demo User
✕

### Add members to your sales channel

You can add members to any channel; that way those members will see the pipeline structure of the sales channel when opening it. Any lead/opportunity assigned to them will link to the sales channel. Therefore, you can only be a member of one channel.

This will ease the process review of the team manager.

Add: Channel Members
✕

---

🔍

⌵ Filters ▾
≡ Group By ▾
★ Favorites ▾
1-1 / 1 < >

<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Login	Language	Latest connection
<input type="checkbox"/> Demo Portal User	portal	English	

SELECT

CREATE

CANCEL

If you now filter on this specific channel in your pipeline, you will find all of its opportunities.

### Sales channel dashboard

To see the operations and results of any sales channel at a glance, the sales manager also has access to the *Sales Channel Dashboard* under *Reporting*.

It is shared with the whole ecosystem so every revenue stream is included in it: Sales, eCommerce, PoS, etc.

## 3.2 Acquire leads

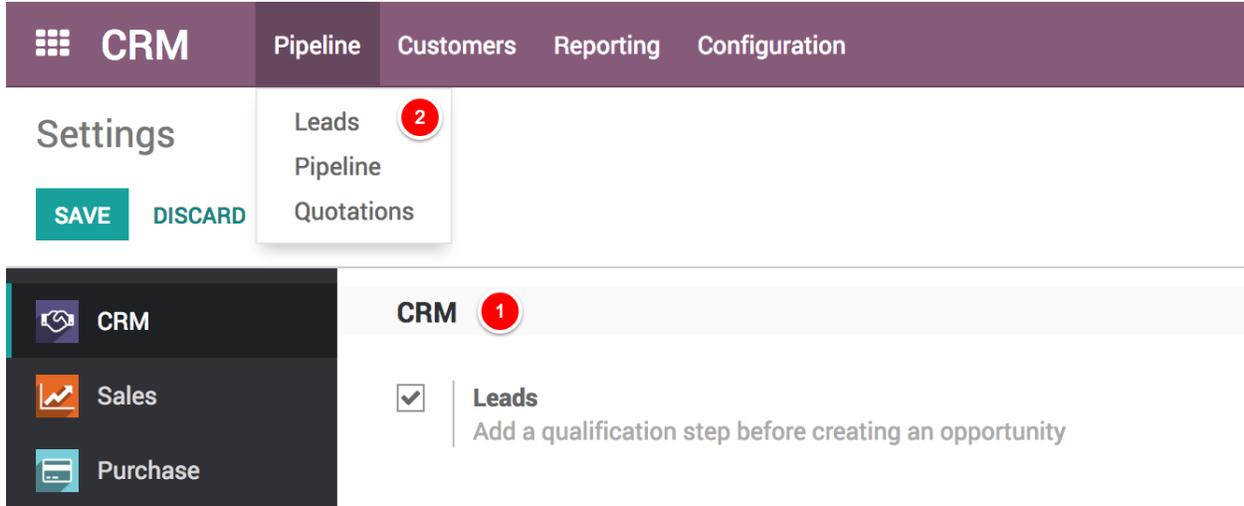
### 3.2.1 Convert leads into opportunities

The system can generate leads instead of opportunities, in order to add a qualification step before converting a Lead into an Opportunity and assigning to the right sales people. You can activate this mode from the CRM Settings. It applies

to all your sales channels by default. But you can make it specific for specific channels from their configuration form.

### Configuration

For this feature to work, go to CRM / Configuration / Settings and activate the Leads feature.



You will now have a new submenu Leads under Pipeline where they will aggregate.

### Convert a lead into an opportunity

When you click on a Lead you will have the option to convert it to an opportunity and decide if it should still be assigned to the same channel/person and if you need to create a new customer.

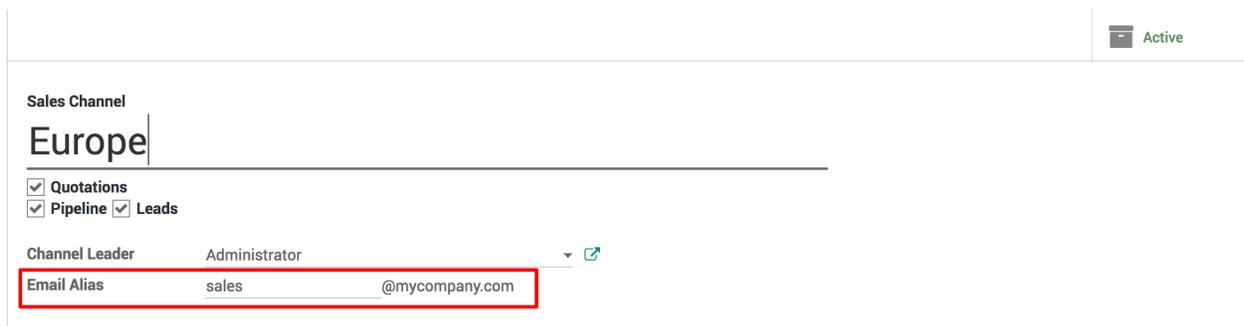
If you already have an opportunity with that customer Odoo will automatically offer you to merge with that opportunity. In the same manner, Odoo will automatically offer you to link to an existing customer if that customer already exists.

#### Se även:

- *Generate leads/opportunities from emails*
- *Generate leads/opportunities from your website contact page*

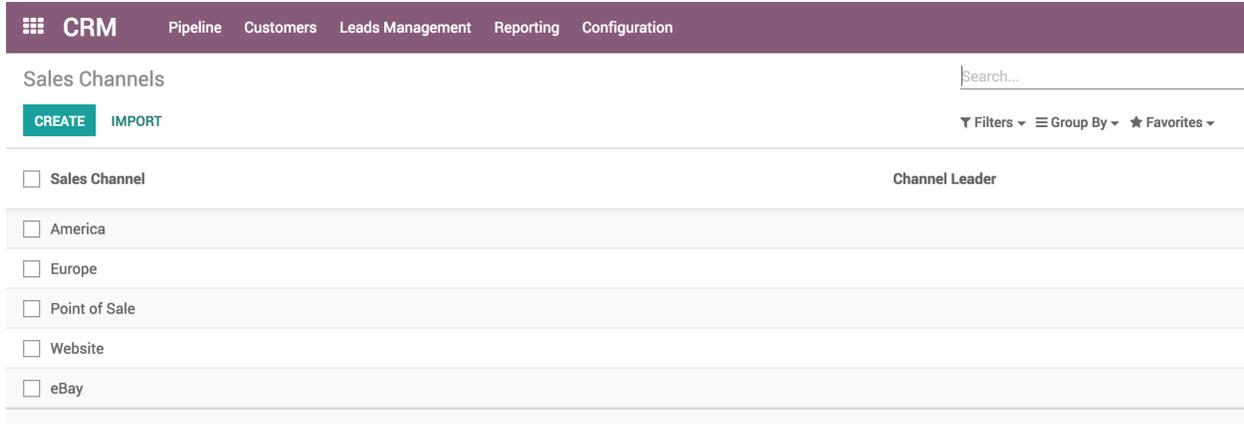
### 3.2.2 Generate leads/opportunities from emails

Automating the lead/opportunity generation will considerably improve your efficiency. By default, any email sent to sales@mycompany.com will create an opportunity in the pipeline of the default sales channel.



### Configure email aliases

Each sales channel can have its own email alias, to generate leads/opportunities automatically assigned to it. It is useful if you manage several sales teams with specific business processes. You will find the configuration of sales channels under Configuration → Sales Channels.



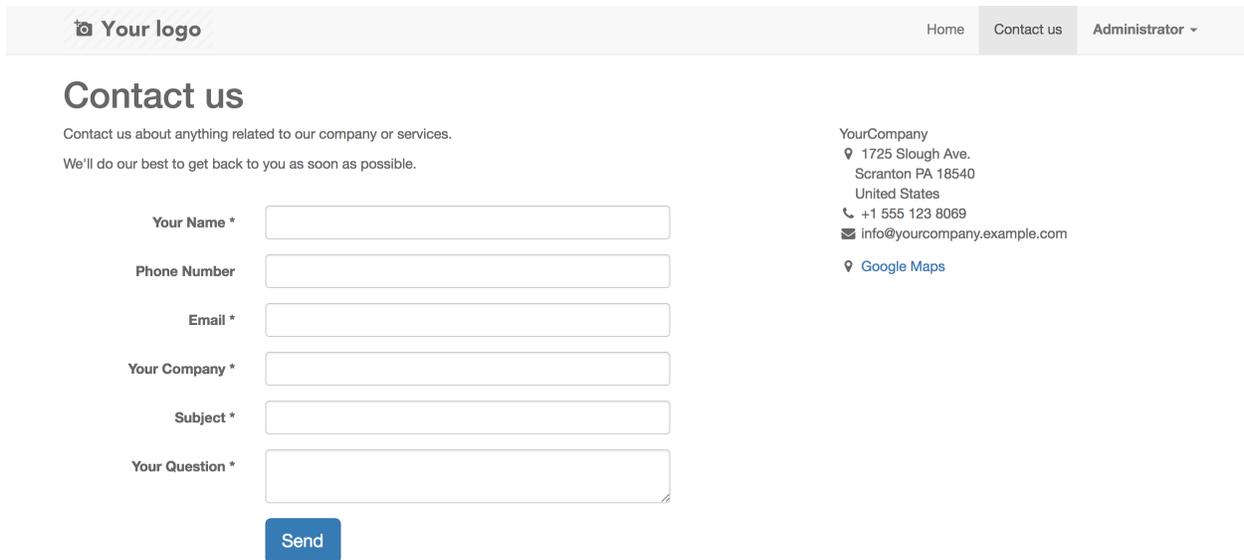
### 3.2.3 Generate leads/opportunities from your website contact page

Automating the lead/opportunity generation will considerably improve your efficiency. Any visitor using the contact form on your website will create a lead/opportunity in the pipeline.

#### Use the contact us on your website

You should first go to your website app.

With the CRM app installed, you benefit from ready-to-use contact form on your Odoo website that will generate leads/opportunities automatically.



To change to a specific sales channel, go to Website → Configuration → Settings under Communication you will find the Contact Form info and where to change the Sales Channel or Salesperson.

### Communication

**Contact Form**  
Add a contact form in the [Contact Us](#) page

Sales	America	▼	🔗
Channel		▼	
Salesperson		▼	

---

**Observera:** If the same visitors uses the contact form twice, the second information will be added to the first lead/opportunity in the chatter.

---

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q4FujRKnuHM>

### Generate leads instead of opportunities

When using a contact form, it is advised to use a qualification step before assigning to the right sales people. To do so, activate Leads in CRM settings and refer to *Convert leads into opportunities*.



### 4.1 Introduction

### 4.2 Sales Quotation

#### 4.2.1 Create your first quotation

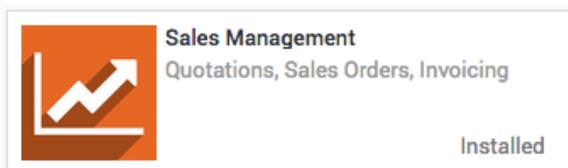
Quotations are documents sent to prospects to offer an estimated price for a particular set of products or services. The prospects can accept the quotation, in which case the seller will have to issue a sales order, or refuse it.

#### Business case

For example, *My Company* sells electronic products and a client *John Deo* showed interest in buying 3 iPads to facilitate their operations. I would like to send them a quotation for those iPads with a sales price of 320 USD per iPad with a **5% discount**.

#### Configuration

Install the **Sales Management** application. In order to be able to issue quotation, you'll need to install the **Sales Management** application from the **Apps** in the Odoo backend.



## Discounts on sales order line

Allowing discounts on quotations is a common sales practice to improve the chances to convert the prospect into a customer.

In our business case, we want to grant 5% discount to our customer *John Deo* on the sale price. To enable the feature, go into the **Sales** application, select **Configuration / Settings** and, under **Pricing** section, select it and **APPLY** to allow manual discounts on order lines.

**Pricing**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>Discounts</b> Allow manual discounts on order lines	<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Coupons &amp; Promotions</b> Manage promotion & coupon programs
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Multiple Sales Prices per Product</b> Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.		<b>Customer Account</b> Let your customers log in to see their documents
<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Margins</b> Show margins on orders		<input checked="" type="radio"/> On invitation (B2B) <input type="radio"/> Free sign up (B2C)

## Create your quotation

To create your first quotation, go to **Sales / Quotations** and click on **CREATE**. Then, complete your quotation as follows:

### Customer and Products

The basic elements to add to any quotation are the prospects or customer (the person you will send your quotation to) and the products you want to sell.

From the quotation view, choose the prospect from the **Customer** drop-down list and under **Order Lines**, click on **Add an item** and select your product. Do not forget to manually add the number of items under **Ordered Quantity** and the **Discount** if applicable.

Quotations / S0001

SAVE DISCARD

1 / 1 < >

SEND BY EMAIL PRINT CONFIRM SALE CANCEL

QUOTATION QUOTATION SENT SALES ORDER

## S0001

Customer John Doe Expiration Date 07/31/2018  
Payment Terms Immediate Payment

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Discount (%)	Subtotal						
<span style="color: blue;">+</span> iPad Mini	iPad Mini	3.000	320.00	Tax 15.00%	5.00	\$ 912.00						
<span style="color: blue; font-size: small;">Add an item</span>												
1 year warranty and support provided from apple inc.						<table style="margin: 0; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Untaxed Amount:</td><td style="text-align: right; padding: 2px 5px;">\$ 912.00</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 5px;">Taxes:</td><td style="text-align: right; padding: 2px 5px;">\$ 136.80</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px 5px;"><b>Total:</b></td><td style="text-align: right; padding: 2px 5px;"><b>\$ 1,048.80</b></td></tr> </table>	Untaxed Amount:	\$ 912.00	Taxes:	\$ 136.80	<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 1,048.80</b>
Untaxed Amount:	\$ 912.00											
Taxes:	\$ 136.80											
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 1,048.80</b>											

To apply 5% discount enter 5 in the **Discount (%)**. The discount should be entered between 0 to 100, it computes discount in percentage.

If you don't have any customer or product created before on your Odoo instance yet, you can create them on the fly directly from your quotations:

- **To add a new customer, click on the Customer drop-down menu and click on Create and edit.** In this new window, you will be able to record all the customer details, such as the address, website, phone number and person of contact.
- **To add a new product, under Order Line, click on Add an item, click on Create and Edit** on the drop-down list of **Product** field. You will be able to record your product information (product type, cost, sale price, invoicing policy, etc.) along with a picture.

## Taxes

To parameter taxes, simply go on the **Taxes** field of the order line and click on **Create and Edit**. Fill in the details (for example if you are subject to a 15% tax on your sales, simply fill in the right amount in percentage) and save.

- Active

Tax Name Tax 15.00% Tax Scope Sales

Definition

Advanced Options

Tax Computation Percentage of Price  
 Amount 15.0000 %

## Terms and conditions

You can select the expiration date of your quotation and add your company's terms and conditions directly in your quotation (see picture below).

## Preview quotation

You can check the quotation before you send to the customer by email, click on the **PRINT** button (upper left corner). You will see the popup window that ask for company master details such as address, contact, email, VAT number, and report layout you want to set for your company.

Choose Your Document Layout ×

Update your company details and upload your logo to get a beautiful document.

**Company Name**  
My Company 

---

General Information

<b>Address</b>	Street... Street 2... City State ZIP United States	<b>Website</b>	http://www.yourcompany.com
<b>Company Tagline</b>	e.g. Global Business Solutions	<b>Phone</b>	
		<b>Email</b>	info@yourcompany.com
		<b>TIN</b>	
		<b>Company Registry</b>	
		<b>Currency</b>	USD <a href="#">Activate more currencies.</a>
		<b>Report Footer</b>	e.g. Your Bank Accounts, one per line

---



SAVE Cancel

Click on the **SAVE** button to apply the settings, now you are ready to print your first quotation. Click on the **PRINT** button again, you will get the printable PDF version of your quotation.

**Tips:** Update your company's details (address, website, logo, etc) can be changed later by clicking on the link **Change Document Template** under the **Settings / General Settings**.

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N0kcHM2msHE>

## 4.2.2 Send quotation by email

Quotations are documents sent to customers to offer an estimated price for a particular set of goods or services. The customer can accept the quotation, in which case the seller will have to issue a sales order, or refuse it.

In traditional business process people use to send the quotation by courier, it is not efficient way as it delays the negotiation and quotation confirmation process, Odoo allows you to send the quotation by email and real-time discuss through email on the quotation.

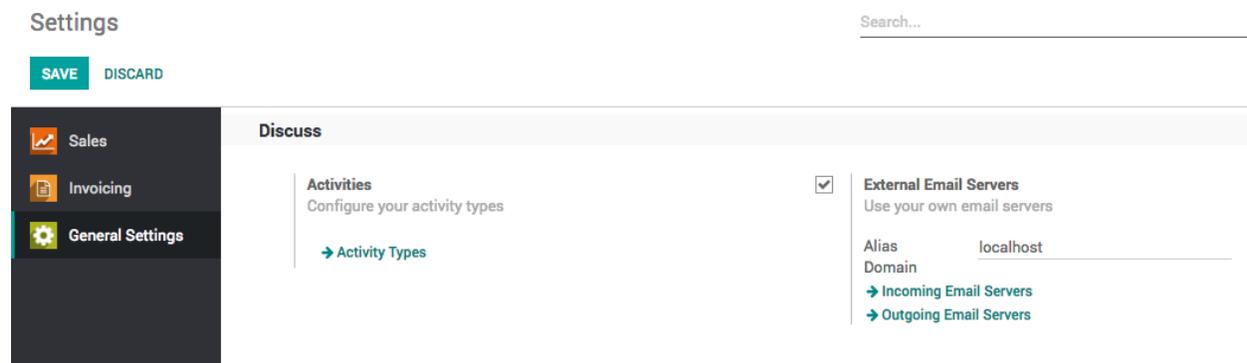
### Business case

Let's send your first quotation by email, so that customer can view and start negotiation on the quotation.

### Configuration

You don't need any configuration when you are using Odoo online. Email feature is already configure and working out-of-the-box on Odoo online platform.

You need to configure the external email server, if you are not using Odoo online platform, to be precise you need to configure an incoming and outgoing mail servers.



Tip: If you configure only Outgoing Email Servers you will be able to send the quotation but not receive any feedback from prospects through email

### Email address on customer

Make sure you have entered the correct email address in the **Email** field, when you create a new customer.

### Send by mail

Assumed that the quotation is prepared and ready to be shared with prospect, click on the **SEND BY EMAIL** button to send the quotation by email, automatic email will be prepared based on the predefined template which prepare the beautiful email with content and attachment on the email, review the email content, you can also add the content if you wish and send by clicking on the **SEND** button.

Odoo ✕

---

Recipients Followers of the document and Agrolait ✕ Add contacts to notify...

Subject My Company Quotation (Ref S0006)

Dear Agrolait ,  
Here is the quotation **S0006** amounting in \$ **1,048.80** from My Company.

[View quotation](#)

(view attached PDF)

SO006\_draft.pdf Use template Sales Order - Send by Email ✕

 [ATTACH A FILE](#)

---

[SEND](#) [CANCEL](#) [SAVE AS NEW TEMPLATE](#)

### Enter email address

You may be asked to enter the email address before send an email, if you have not entered the email at the time of creating the customer.

Please complete customer's informations and email ✕

Individual  Company

**Agrolait**

Company 

Job Position

Email

Phone

Mobile

---

[SAVE](#) [DISCARD](#)

Enter the valid email address and you are ready to send the quotation by email.

## Chatter

All the communication made to this quotation can be tracked in chatter, messages sent to customer or received from the customer are available below quotation. All the communication history will be preserved and available when quotation gets converted to sales order.

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TUcNeJ4CSVg>

### 4.2.3 Change your quotation layout

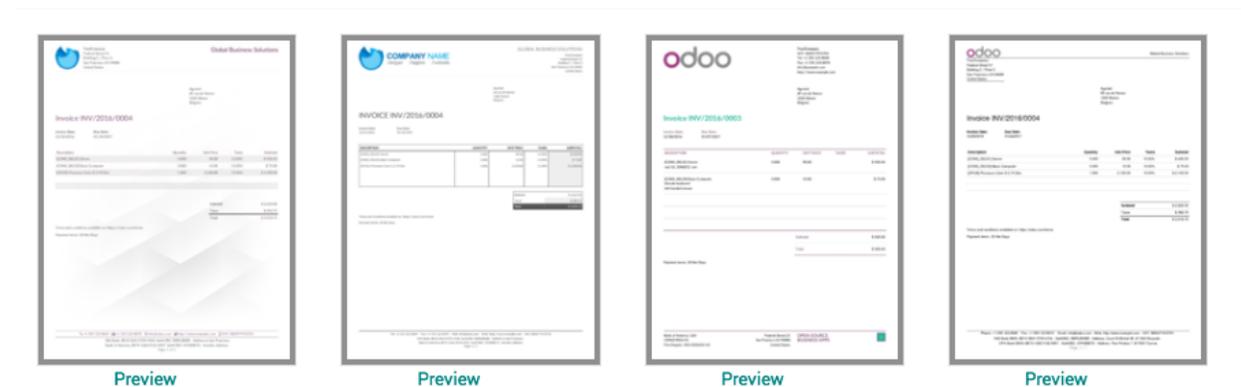
All the legal documents such as sales order or invoice required to be printed on the company letterhead with header and footer. You can choose a document layout from 4 different layouts available in Odoo according to your need.

## Business case

Let's switch to the beautiful layout. So, not only quotation but all the legal document will be printed with the same layout.

## Configuration

The quotation layout can be changed from the **Settings / General Settings** under the **Document Template** section you can change the document layout.



Enter the company information such as name, address, currency and logo. Bottom of the popup windows you can choose the layout for all your legal document which will be printed with header and footer.

**Tips:** Do not forget to select the company logo, you can click on Preview link to check how it looks before you choose.

Choose the appropriate layout and apply the setting.

## Print quotation

The default layout will be switched to the selected one on the configuration, now your quotation will be printed with



My Company  
United States

Customer

### Quotation # SO001

Quotation Date:  
07/17/2018 19:31:48

Salesperson:  
Administrator

DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	TAXES	AMOUNT
Material	10.000	100.00	15.00%	\$ 1,000.00

Subtotal	\$ 1,000.00
Tax 15% on \$ 1,000.00	\$ 150.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,150.00</b>

Mail: [info@yourcompany.com](mailto:info@yourcompany.com) Web: <http://www.yourcompany.com>  
Page: 1 / 1

the new layout.

### 4.2.4 Set default terms and condition on quotation

Every quotation issued to the prospect need to have terms and conditions, those terms and conditions are accepted by the customer at the time of accepting the quotation.

The most common terms and conditions includes the payment terms, delivery date, and tax clarification, there are many other points as below can be included in the terms and conditions:

- Acceptance
- Payment Terms
- Taxes

- Warranty
- Claims
- Returns
- Shipment
- Security Interest
- Cancellation
- Indemnification
- Governing Law

### Business case

Let's take an example of the trading company, they need to define the terms and conditions required by their nature of business, the terms and conditions should be applied to all the quotation created by any salesman. They want to set the below point as a default terms and conditions:

- Delivery of the goods will take 10 working days
- Other taxes such as octroi will be charges extra
- 100% payment should be released at the time of confirmation

### Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application is already installed.

### Default terms and conditions

Let's go to Sales / Configuration / Settings, enable the default terms and conditions and enter all the conditions those required to be set by default on all the quotation.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Settings interface for the Sales application. On the left, there is a sidebar menu with options: Sales, Website, Invoicing, and General Settings. The main content area is titled 'Settings' and includes a search bar. Below the title are two buttons: 'SAVE' and 'DISCARD'. The settings are organized into a grid. The 'Default Terms & Conditions' setting is checked, and its text area contains the following text: 'Delivery of the goods will take 10 working days', 'Other taxes such as octroi will be charges extra', and '100% payment should be released at the time of confirmation'. Other settings shown include 'Tax-Included Prices' (unchecked), 'Quotations Templates' (checked), 'Customer Addresses' (unchecked), and 'Warnings' (unchecked).

Click on **SAVE** to apply the settings.

## Create a quotation

Goto **Sales / Orders / Quotations** and create a new quotation, you will notice that quotation is empty but the default terms and conditions are set on it.

**New**

Customer  Expiration Date

Quotation Template  Payment Terms

Order Lines | Suggested Products | Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
<a href="#">Add an item</a>					

Delivery of the goods will take 10 working days  
Other taxes such as octroi will be charges extra  
100% payment should be released at the time of confirmation

Untaxed Amount:	0.00
Taxes:	0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>0.00</b>

The salesman can make the changes as per the requirement but you can be sure that salesman will never forget to add the default terms and conditions.

---

**Tips:** The payment terms will be added automatically at the end of every quotation as a part of the terms and conditions in the printed quotation if any.

---

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hqY5eZxgfRs>

## 4.2.5 Apply default taxes on products or sales order

Taxes applied in your country are installed automatically for most localizations. Default taxes set in orders and invoices come from each product's Invoicing tab. Such taxes are used when you sell to companies that are in the same country/state than you.

### Business case

Let's set the default sales and purchase tax to Tax 15.00%.

### Configuration

All the new products created in the Odoo take the default tax set in the **Accounting/Invoicing** settings. To change the default taxes set for any new product created, goto **Invoicing / Configuration / Settings**.

**Taxes**

**Default Taxes**  
Default taxes applied to local transactions

Sales Tax      Tax 15.00%      ▾ ↗

Purchase Tax      Tax 15.00%      ▾ ↗

**TaxCloud**  
Compute tax rates based on U.S. ZIP codes

**Rounding Method**  
How total tax amount is computed in orders and invoices

Round per Line

Round Globally

**EU Digital Goods VAT**  
Apply right VAT rates for digital products sold in EU

### Create new product

Let's create a new product, the default tax which was applied should be applied on this product.

\$ 0 Sales
📄 Active

**Product Name**  
**Material**

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information   Sales   **Invoicing**   Notes

---

**Receivables**

Customer Taxes      **Tax 15.00% x**      ▾

**Payables**

Vendor Taxes      ▾

### Create sales order

Let's create a new order and select the same product on the order line, the tax which was set on the products should be applied on the sales order line tax field.

## New

Customer      Customer      ▾ ↗      Expiration Date      ▾

Payment Terms      ▾

---

Order Lines      Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Material	Material	1.000	100.00	<b>Tax 15.00% x</b>	\$ 100.00

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

<b>Untaxed Amount:</b>	\$ 100.00
<b>Taxes:</b>	\$ 15.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 115.00</b>

Now, your salesman do not have to remember that what taxes to be applied on which product.

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tq3e17Cejxk>

### 4.2.6 Sections on sales orders, sort products in sections with subtotals and page-breaks

Some business who delivers products and services, they need to prepare a quotation that differentiate the products based on Service and Material part. This section will help customer to understand what the total cost of the Material and Service separately.

#### Business case

Let's take an example of the trading and service company who wants to send the quotation for Air-condition, related material to install it and Installation service.

#### Configuration

Assumed **Sales Management** application is installed.

#### Sections on sales orders

Goto **Sales / Configuration / Settings** and enable **Sections on Sales Orders** feature that allows to create sections, sort products in sections with subtotals and page-breaks.

**Quotations & Orders**

<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Tax Display</b> Line subtotals in sales orders <input checked="" type="radio"/> Tax-Excluded Prices <input type="radio"/> Tax-Included Prices	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Online Signature &amp; Payment</b> Let your customers sign & pay online
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Quotations Templates</b> Design standardized offers Default Template _____ <a href="#">→ Quotation Templates</a>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Customer Addresses</b> Set specific billing and shipping addresses
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Default Terms &amp; Conditions</b> Show standard terms & conditions on orders	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Warnings</b> Get warnings in orders for products or customers
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Sections on Sales Orders</b> Sort products in sections with subtotals and page-breaks <a href="#">→ Order Line Sections</a>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Lock Confirmed Orders</b> No longer edit orders once confirmed
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Pro-Forma Invoice</b> Allows you to send Pro-Forma Invoice to your customers	

#### Configure the sections

The two sections *Service* and *Material* are available by default, you can configure those sections from **Sales / Configuration / Report Layout Categories**.

Report Configuration Search...

**CREATE** IMPORT 1-2 / 2 < >

<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Add subtotal	Add pagebreak	Sequence
<input type="checkbox"/> Services	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1
<input type="checkbox"/> Material	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	10

There are 4 parameters available which can configure each section, that decided how section will be printed on reports.

- **Name** - name of the section to be displayed on the report
- **Add subtotal** - if selected, the subtotal will be displayed for section
- **Add pagebreak** - if selected, once this section print on page, the next section will be printed on the next page. Uncheck **Add pagebreak** in *Service* section, if you would like to see all the section on single page.
- **Sequence** - decided the order of the section to be printed on the report

### Create a sales order

Create a sales order, select customer and products such as *Split Air Conditioner - 1.5T*, *Copper pipe* and *Installation Service*, beside each product you have to select this product comes into which section.

**S0003**

Customer: China Export Expiration Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Quotation Template: \_\_\_\_\_ Payment Terms: \_\_\_\_\_

**Order Lines** | Suggested Products | Other Information

Product	Section	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+ Installation Service	Services	Split Air Conditioner - Installation Service	1.000	350.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 350.00
+ Split Air Conditioner - 1.5T	Material	Split Air Conditioner - 1.5T	1.000	650.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 650.00
+ Copper pipe	Material	Copper pipe	10.000	12.50	Tax 15.00%	\$ 125.00

[Add an item](#)

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount: \$ 1,125.00

Taxes: \$ 168.75

**Total: \$ 1,293.75**

### Print sales order

You are ready to print your sales order by sections with subtotals for each sections.



My Company  
United States

China Export

## Quotation # SO003

Quotation Date:  
07/18/2018 12:08:46

Salesperson:  
Administrator

DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	TAXES	AMOUNT
<b>• Services</b>				
Split Air Conditioner - Installation Service	1.000	350.00	15.00%	\$ 350.00
				Subtotal: \$ 350.00
<b>• Material</b>				
Split Air Conditioner - 1.5T	1.000	650.00	15.00%	\$ 650.00
Copper pipe	10.000	12.50	15.00%	\$ 125.00
				Subtotal: \$ 775.00

<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$ 1,125.00</b>
Tax 15% on \$ 1,125.00	\$ 168.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,293.75</b>

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BKiUsvBpkUg>

## 4.3 Quotation Template

### 4.3.1 Create quick quotation using quotation template

If you often sell the same products or services, you can save a lot of time by creating standard quotation templates. By using a quotation template you can send a complete quotation in no time.

#### Business case

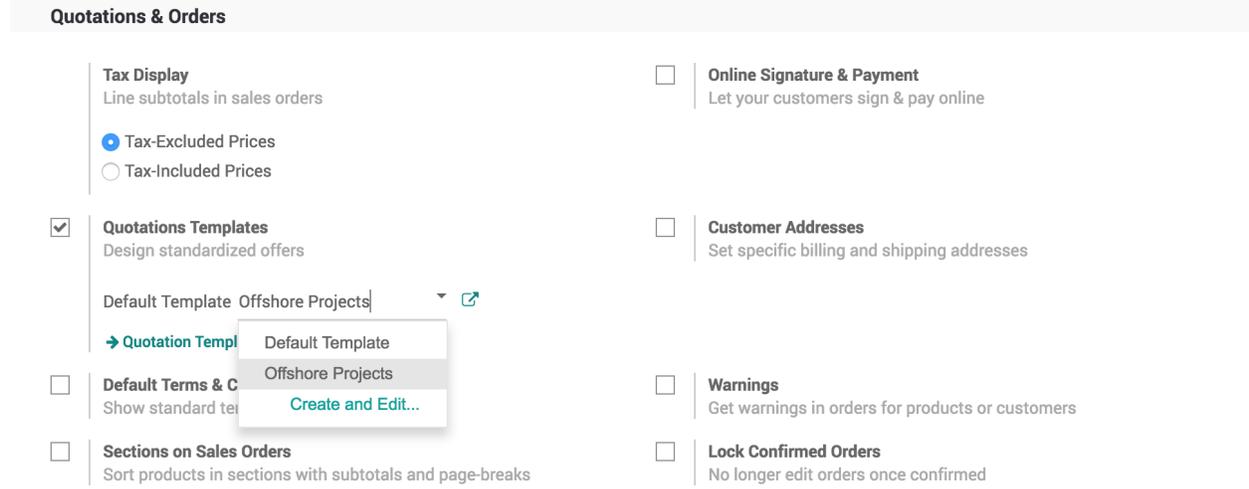
The service company who is selling the offshore projects to their customers with standard set of service products such as Project manager days, Developer days, and Project setup fee. The developers days are minimum to 20 days and project manager are one third of the developer days.

#### Configuration

Assumed that **Sales Management** application is installed.

## Quotation template

Quotation template is a great feature that allows user to create offers with group of products those are sold together.



## Create a products

Create the list of products that you are going to sale together, in our business case the list of products of type service are as below:

- Offshore Project Setup Fee
- Project Manager Consulting Days
- Developer Days

## Create your quotation template

The quotation templates can be found under **Sales / Configuration / Quotation Template**, create or edit an existing template. Enter the appropriate name of the template and select the list of product(s) and their quantity as well as the expiration time for the quotation.

Active Edit Template

---

**Quotation Template**

## Offshore Projects

---

Quotation expires after  days

Lines Suggested Products Confirmation

Product	Description	Quantity
✚ Offshore project setup fee	Offshore project setup fee	1.00
✚ Project manager days	Project manager days	5.00
✚ Developer days	Developer days	20.00

[Add an item](#)

---

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

**Tips:** You can also specify discount, if discount option is activated in the Sales settings.

You can edit the customer interface of the template that they see to accept or pay the quotation. This lets you describe your company, services and products. When you click on **Edit Template** you will be brought to the quotation template editor.

Add blocks
Discard Save

**Structure**

Abcd  
Title

Cover

Text-Image

Image-Text

Big Message

Text Block

Features

Big Picture

Three Columns

Slider

Feature

Image Gallery

Comparisons

Company Team

Call to Action

Your logo
Home Contact us Administrator

**Template Header:** this content will appear on all quotations using this template.  
Titles with style *Heading 1* and *Heading 2* will be used to generate the table of content automatically.

About us

Offshore setup fee

Project manager days

Developer days

Terms & Conditions

## About us

### And a great subtitle too

A great way to catch your reader's attention is to tell a story. Everything you consider writing can be told as a story.

**Great stories have personality.** Consider telling a great story that provides personality. Writing a story with personality for potential clients will assist with making a relationship connection. This shows up in small quirks like word choices or phrases. Write from your point of view, not from someone else's experience.

**Great stories are for everyone even when only written for just one person.** If you try to write with a wide general audience in mind, your story will ring false and be bland. No one will be interested. Write for one person. If it's genuine for the one, it's genuine for the rest.

### What we do





The quotation template editor lets you edit the description content thanks to drag & drop of building blocks. To describe your products add a content block in the zone dedicated to each product.

**Observera:** The description set for the products will be used in all quotations templates containing those products.

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Kapitel 4. Sales & Invoicing

## Create a quotation

When creating a quotation, you have to select a template, product in that template will be added to your quotation.

### New

Customer: China Export

Quotation Template: Offshore Projects

Expiration Date: 08/17/2018

Payment Terms:

Order Lines

Sugg: Offshore Projects

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+	Offshore project setup fee	1.000	500.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 500.00
+	Project manager days	5.000	200.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,000.00
+	Developer days	20.000	120.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 2,400.00

[Add an item](#)

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Untaxed Amount: \$ 3,900.00

Taxes: \$ 585.00

**Total: \$ 4,485.00**

**Tips:** You can select a template to be suggested by default in the Sales settings.

## Send quotation by email

You have to send the quotation by email, so that the quotation can be viewed, accept or reject or paid online by the customer.

## Quotation viewed by customer

As a salesman you can start the follow-up on the quotation as soon as you see that a quotation viewed by customer. Everytime customer open the quotation preview you will have a message in chatter, this features of the quotation template help salesman to understand the customer interest on quotation.

[Send message](#) [Log note](#) [Schedule activity](#)

Following

---

Today

Note by **China Export** - 2 minutes ago

Quotation viewed by customer

**Administrator** - 2 minutes ago

Dear China Export ,

Here is the quotation SO004 amounting in \$ 4,485.00 from My Company.

Accept and sign online

(or view attached PDF)

You can reply to this email if you have any questions.

Thank you,

[read more](#)

4.3. Quotation Template

45

**Tips:** Please remove the attached pdf quotation at the time sending quotation by mail, if you want customer open the quotation preview.

---

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2b7QcMnA3EA>

## 4.3.2 Increase your sales with suggested products

The use of suggested products is an attempt to offer related and useful products to your client. For instance, a client purchasing a cell phone could be shown accessories like a protective case, a screen cover, and a headset.

### Business case

The consulting company want to add the suggested product such as *Software training program* on the quotation when they make a quotation for *Offshore Projects*.

### Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application is installed and quotation template is configured well for the *Offshore Project*.

### Suggested products

Open the Offshore Project quotation template, add the product(s) under the **Suggested Product** tab on quotation template. In our case let's add the Software training program as a service product.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Quotation Template configuration interface for 'Offshore Projects'. At the top right, there are two buttons: 'Active' and 'Edit Template'. The main title is 'Quotation Template Offshore Projects'. Below the title, there is a field 'Quotation expires after' set to '30' days. There are three tabs: 'Lines', 'Suggested Products', and 'Confirmation'. The 'Suggested Products' tab is active. Below the tabs is a table with columns 'Product', 'Description', and 'Quantity'. The table contains one row: 'Software training program' with a description 'Software training program, a 5 days of functional training program for the consultant.' and a quantity of '1.00'. Below the table is a link 'Add an item'. At the bottom, there is a text area for 'Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.' with a cursor at the end.

Product	Description	Quantity
Software training program	Software training program, a 5 days of functional training program for the consultant.	1.00

## Send the quotation

Prepare and send the quotation to customer by email. Customer can see the quotation a full product or service detailed specification along with the quoted price, and suggested products at the end. If customer find valuable products or service in suggested products they can directly add them in to quotation by themselves before they approve and pay quotation online.

✓ Accept Order

Ask Changes Reject

- Introduction
- Your Quotation SO004
- About us
- Offshore setup fee
- Project manager days
- Developer days
- Pricing**
- Terms & Conditions
- Suggested Products
- History

**This offer expires in**  
⌚ 31 days

### Pricing

Products	Quantity	Taxes	Unit Price	Amount
Offshore project setup fee	1.000 Unit(s)	Tax 15.00%	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00
Project manager days	5.000 Unit(s)	Tax 15.00%	\$ 200.00	\$ 1,000.00
Developer days	20.000 Unit(s)	Tax 15.00%	\$ 120.00	\$ 2,400.00
			<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>\$ 3,900.00</b>
			Taxes:	\$ 585.00
			<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 4,485.00</b>

### Terms & Conditions

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

### Suggested Products

Product	Price
Software training program	\$ 2,500.00

✓ Accept
Feedback
✗ Reject

### 4.3.3 Online customer approval on quotation

Sending an online quotation can speed up the negotiation process, customer can negotiate and approve the quotation online, this can boost up your sales process and minimise the sales cycle.

#### Business case

The service company who is selling the *Support pack* which is service offered at fixed price. As soon as customer accept the proposal, customer can start sending the support requests. The company wants to get the online signature from the customer and customer can release the payment based on the payment terms.

#### Configuration

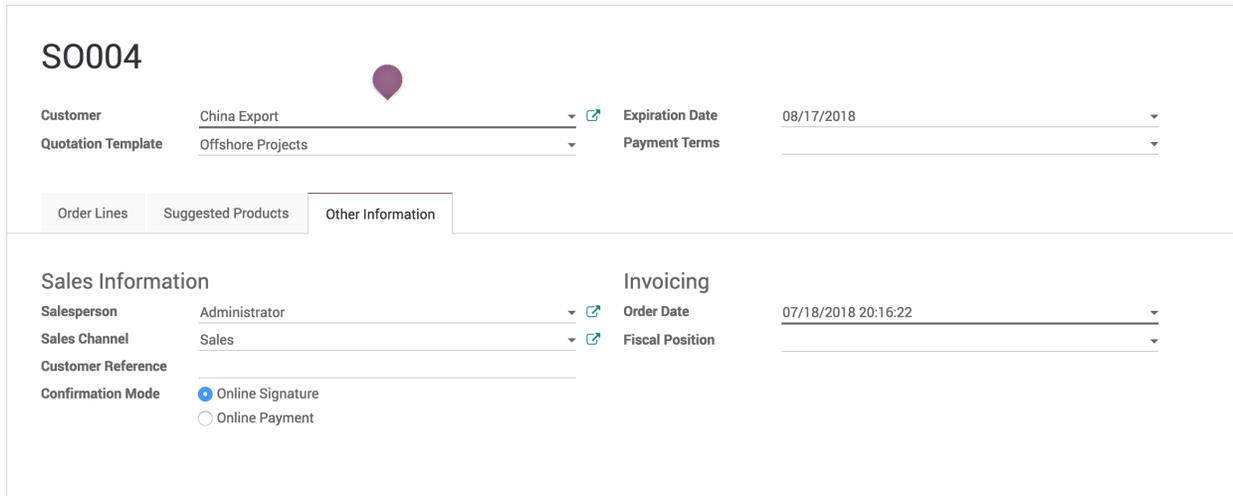
Assumed that you have installed **Sales Management** application, configure the quotation template for the support packs.

## Online signature

The **Confirmation Mode** on the quotation template available on the **Confirmation** tab is set to *Online Signature* by default. The customer can confirm the quotation by themselves by signing the quotation. Keep it as it is when you just want the online signature form customer.

## Create and send quotation by email

Create a quotation select customer, select quotation template. Before you send the quotation to customer make sure that **Confirmation Mode** is set to *Online signature* on quotation under the **Other Information** tab.



S0004

Customer: China Export | Expiration Date: 08/17/2018  
Quotation Template: Offshore Projects | Payment Terms:

Order Lines | Suggested Products | **Other Information**

**Sales Information**  
Salesperson: Administrator | Sales Channel: Sales | Customer Reference:   
Confirmation Mode:  Online Signature  Online Payment

**Invoicing**  
Order Date: 07/18/2018 20:16:22 | Fiscal Position:

---

**Tips:** You can change the **Confirmation Mode** for each quotation regardless of the configuration on quotation template.

---

## Accept quotation

Customer can review the quotation online, once it suits his/her need than he/she can accept the quotation by clicking on the **Accept Order** and signing the quotation online.

**Validate Order** ×

I agree that by signing this proposal, I accept it on the behalf of **China Export**, for an amount of **\$ 4,485.00** with payment terms: .

**Your Name**

China Export

**Draw your signature** Clear

China Export

**Accept & Sign**

The quotation accepted and signed by the customer will be confirmed and converted to sales order in backend. It will automatically triggers the next business process in backend such as creating a delivery order, manufacturing order or create a task or project in the project management depending on your configuration.

**Tips:** Customer can accept and sign online quotation which are not expired yet. The expiration date will be computed on quotation based on the number of days defined on quotation template in **Quotation expires after** field. However the specific **Expiration Date** can be set on the quotation manually before you send the quotation by email.

### Reject quotation

The quotation will be set to **Cancelled** state in the backend once it has been rejected by the customer online, however it can be reset to draft modified and send it back to the customer when you are in negotiation process.

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NBfqS4LIKQc>

## 4.3.4 Online customer approval and payment on quotation

Sending an online quotation can speed up the negotiation process, customer can negotiate and approve the quotation online, this can boost up your sales process and minimise the sales cycle.

Getting online approval on quotation is good but getting paid online is great, it will be really cool to get online payment from the customer along with the approval of quotation.

### Business case

The service company who is selling the *Support pack* which is service offered at fixed price. As soon as customer make the online payment, they can start getting the support by sending support request. The company wants to get the online payment instead of signature from the customer to start the support service.

### Configuration

Assumed that you have installed **Sales Management** application, configure the quotation template for the support packs.

### Online payment

The **Confirmation Mode** on the quotation template available on the **Configuration** tab is set to *Online Signature* by default, change it to *Online Payment*. The customer have to pay online to confirm the quotation by themselves.

### Accept online payment

Installing the **Sales Management** application also installed the **Invoicing** application, the payment acquire needs to be activated from the list of payment acquires (payment gateways) available in Odoo. All the payment acquires can be found and activated from **Invoicing / Configuration / Payment Acquirers**. Install and configure the payment acquirer, which suits your requirement.

I have installed and configure the *Authorised.net* payment acquirer.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the Authorize.Net payment acquirer in Odoo. The page is titled "Authorize.Net" and has a "Test Environment" status. The "Configuration" tab is selected, showing the following settings:

- Payment Journal:** Authorize.Net (USD)
- Capture Amount Manually:**
- Specific Countries:**
- Supported Payment Icons:** VISA x, Diners Club International x, Discover x, JCB x, Maestro x, MasterCard x
- Payment Flow:**  Redirection to the acquirer website,  Payment from Odoo

---

**Tips:** Do not forget to **Publish** configured payment acquire to force customer to pay by that and unpublish other acquire such as **Wire Transfer**.

---

I have also made change to **Payment Flow** from *Redirect to the acquirer website* to *Payment from Odoo* as i want to process the payment directly from Odoo without redirecting to acquirer website. You can switch to **Production** as soon as everything configured and working properly.

## Create and send quotation by email

Create a quotation select customer, select quotation template. Before you send the quotation to customer make sure that **Confirmation Mode** is set to *Online Payment* on quotation under the **Other Information** tab.

**S0004**

<b>Customer</b> China Export	<b>Expiration Date</b> 08/17/2018
<b>Quotation Template</b> Offshore Projects	<b>Payment Terms</b>

Order Lines
Suggested Products
Other Information

---

<b>Sales Information</b>	<b>Invoicing</b>
<b>Salesperson</b> Administrator	<b>Order Date</b> 07/18/2018 20:16:22
<b>Sales Channel</b> Sales	<b>Fiscal Position</b>
<b>Customer Reference</b>	
<b>Confirmation Mode</b>	
<input type="radio"/> Online Signature <input checked="" type="radio"/> Online Payment	

**Tips:** You can change the **Confirmation Mode** for each quotation regardless of the configuration on quotation template.

## Accept and pay online

Customer can review the quotation online, once it suite their need that can accept the quotation by clicking on the **Accept Order** and make the online payment on the quotation.

**Validate Order**
✕

I agree that by paying this proposal, I accept it on the behalf of **China Export**, for an amount of **\$ 4,485.00** with payment terms: .

---

### Pay with

Authorize.Net





and more

5424 0000 0000 0015


CHINA EXPORT

11 / 19

928

🔒 Pay & Confirm

The quotation accepted and paid by the customer online will convert quotation to sales order in backend.

**Warning:** Make sure that customer has correct contract details before they process for the online payment. Some payment acquirer required complete customer details.

**Tips:** Customer can accept and pay online quotation which are not expired yet. The expiration date will be computed on quotation based on the number of days defined on quotation template in **Quotation expires after** field. However the specific **Expiration Date** can be set on the quotation manually before you send the quotation by email.

The quotation converted to sales order and It will automatically triggers the next business process in backend such as creating a delivery order, manufacturing order or create a task or project in the project management depending on your configuration.

1 Transactions

## S0004

**Customer** China Export  
307, Wonchai, Business Plus  
Street 203  
Wonchai 302901  
Hong Kong

**Quotation Template** Offshore Projects

**Confirmation Date** 07/19/2018 00:19:17

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Suggested Products

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Delivered	Invoiced	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Offshore project setup fee	Offshore project setup fee	1.000	0.000	0.000	500.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 500.00
Project manager days	Project manager days	5.000	0.000	0.000	200.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,000.00
Developer days	Developer days	20.000	0.000	0.000	120.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 2,400.00

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Untaxed Amount: \$ 3,900.00

Taxes: \$ 585.00

---

**Total: \$ 4,485.00**

The Transaction is attached to the confirmed sales order, you can click on the transaction and get the status and reference about the online payment made by customer. It is set to **Done** and **Acquirer Reference** number is available on the transaction when payment was successfully processed.

DRAFT
PENDING
AUTHORIZED
DONE
REFUNDING
REFUNDED
ERROR
CANCELED

**Reference** S0004

**Amount** 4,485.00 USD

**Fees** 0.00

**Customer** China Export  
307, Wonchai, Business Plus  
Street 203  
Wonchai 302901  
Hong Kong

**Acquirer** Authorize.Net

**Payment Token** XXXXXXXXXXXX0015 - CHINA EXPORT

**Acquirer Reference** 60106098004

**Creation Date** 07/19/2018 00:19:15

**Validation Date** 07/19/2018 00:19:17

**Message**

### Reject quotation

The quotation will be set to **Cancelled** state in the backend once it has been rejected by the customer online, however it can be reset to draft modified and send it back to the customer when you are in negotiation process.

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MJZevBuebyM>

## 4.4 Product and Pricing

### 4.4.1 Apply discount on quotation

Allowing discounts on quotations is a common sales practice to improve the chances to convert the prospect into a customer, adding discounts on the quotation encourage the prospect to close the deal quickly.

#### Business case

My company would like to send a quotation for an *iPad Mini* at a sales price of *320 USD* per *iPad* at a **5% discounted** price.

#### Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application installed.

#### Discounts

In this business case, we would like to offer **5%** discount to our customer on the sale price.

**Discounts** feature can be activated from **Configuration / Settings** , under the **Pricing** section.

Pricing	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Discounts</b> Allow manual discounts on order lines	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Coupons &amp; Promotions</b> Manage promotion & coupon programs
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Multiple Sales Prices per Product</b> Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.	<b>Customer Account</b> Let your customers log in to see their documents
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Margins</b> Show margins on orders	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On invitation (B2B) <input type="radio"/> Free sign up (B2C)

#### Create a quotation

Quotation can be created from **Sales / Order / Quotations**, click on **CREATE** button to create a new quotation, select customer and add product *iPad Mini* on the quotation, the default price you will see is 320\$.

#### Apply discount

By default the discount will not be applied as we choose to apply manual discount, to apply **5%** discount enter 5 in the **Discount (%)** field for *iPad Mini* product in the sales order line.

---

**Tips:** The discount should be entered between 0 to 100, it computes discount in percentage. The price will change automatically when you enter the discount.

---

**S0005**

Customer: China Export Expiration Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Quotation Template: \_\_\_\_\_ Payment Terms: \_\_\_\_\_

Order Lines | Suggested Products | Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Discount (%)	Subtotal
✚ iPad Mini	iPad Mini	320.000	1.00	Tax 15.00%	5.00	\$ 304.00

[Add an item](#)

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 304.00
Taxes:	\$ 45.60
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 349.60</b>

### Printing quotation

Discount column will be appeared on the quotation when you have applied discount on any of the product on quotation. Don't be surprised if you don't see the discount column on the quotation, which means that you have not applied discount on any of the product on quotation as you don't want to offer discount to your customer.

**Tips:** All the taxes applicable on the product will be computed on the discounted product price (i.e. Taxes will be computed on **Subtotal**)

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tq3e17Ccjkx>

### 4.4.2 Adapt product price based on customer segment (e.g. Retailer or Distributor)

Sales and distribution business works on the margin basics, the percentage of margin are fixed for the distributors based on their turnover. The MRP of the product is decided included the margins for the retailers, stockist, distributors. In this section you will see how pricelist can help you to achieve to define the product price based on the customer type (retailer and distributors).

### Business case

The *My Company* sells the electronic products such as *Computers*, *Laptops*, and *Printers*, they want to set up the pricing rules for their *Retailer* and *Distributors*. The price they would like to offer are as below:

Product	Sales Price (MRP)	Distributors (Price)	Retailer (Price)
Laptops	1099	900	999
Desktop	999	740	799
Printer	499	330	399
Tablet	799	620	699

## Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application installed, let's see what are the other configuration you have to do before you execute the business case.

### Pricelist

To setup the customer segment specific price you have to enable the feature called **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** available under the **Sales / Configuration / Settings**. Keep the default option selected **Multiple prices per product (e.g. customer segments, currencies)** under the **Sales Pricelist** option, using that you can define the customer segment specific pricelist.

**Pricing**

**Discounts**  
Allow manual discounts on order lines

**Multiple Sales Prices per Product**  
Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.

Multiple prices per product  
 (e.g. customer segments, currencies)

Prices computed from  
 formulas (discounts, margins, roundings)

[→ Pricelists](#)

**Margins**  
Show margins on orders

**Coupons & Promotions**  
Manage promotion & coupon programs

**Customer Account**  
Let your customers log in to see their documents

On invitation (B2B)

Free sign up (B2C)

## Product

Let's create the products you are selling, to create the products go to **Sales / Catalog / Products**, create a product, enter the **Name**, set **Image** and **Sales Price**, the customer specific price you can define under the **Sales** tab.

\$ 0 Sales
Active

---

Product Name

# Laptop

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

**Pricing**

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Distributor Pricelist (USD)	900.00	1		
Retailer Pricelist (USD)	999.00	1		
Distributor Pricelist (USD)	790.00	5		

- Public Pricelist (USD)
- Retailer Pricelist (USD)
- Distributor Pricelist (USD)
- Create and Edit...

Create a pricelist if not created before, enter the name of the pricelist (i.e. Retailer Pricelist) and click on **Create “Retailer Pricelist”** link, enter the **Price** and **Min. Quantity**, keep the Min. Quantity to 1 by default if you don’t want to put the constraint on the minimum order quantity.

You can create a multiple lines for the same pricelist (i.e. *Distributor Pricelist*) in case you want to offer a special price to the distributor, when they buy more than 1 quantity. (i.e. **Distributors** can get the *Laptop* at 790 price, if they order minimum 5 or more quantities)

The **Start Date** and **End Date** is used to limit the offer for a specific dates, assume that you want to offer a special price for the Christmas (i.e. **Start Date** to 20/12/2018 and **End Date** to 31/12/2018)

## Customer

The customers can be defined as a distributor or retailer by setting the specific pricelist on them. Pricelist can be set on the customer form under the **Sales & Purchases** tab.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Customer form for 'China Exporters'. At the top, there are status indicators: 'Customer Ledger', '\$ 1 Sales', 'Active', and '\$ 0.00 Invoiced'. Below this, there are radio buttons for 'Individual' and 'Company', with 'Company' selected. The name 'China Exporters' is displayed prominently. To the right is a profile picture icon. The form is divided into several sections: 'Address' (Street, Street 2, City, State, ZIP, Country, TIN, Tags), 'Phone' (Mobile, Email, Website, Language), 'Sales & Purchases' (Is a Customer, Salesperson, Sale Pricelist, Misc), and 'Payments' (Bank account(s), Credit card(s)). A dropdown menu for 'Sale Pricelist' is open, showing options: 'Public Pricelist (USD)', 'Retailer Pricelist (USD)', 'Distributor Pricelist (USD)', and 'Create and Edit..'. The 'Sales & Purchases' tab is currently selected.

## Create sale order

Let’s send a quotation to your customer, create the quotation from **Sales / Orders / Quotation**, depending on the customer the pricelist will be set on the quotation and the product price will be appeared accordingly, when you add products on the quotation.

## New

Customer China Exporters ↕

Expiration Date ↕

Pricelist Distributor Pricelist (USD) ↕

Payment Terms ↕

Order Lines
Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
✚ Laptop	Laptop	10.000	790.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 7,900.00
<span style="font-size: 0.8em; color: #00a000;">Add an item</span>					

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

---

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 7,900.00
Taxes:	\$ 1,185.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 9,085.00</b>

Create a quotation for *China Export* (Distributor), add 50 quantity of Laptop, the special price 790/unit applied as we prepare the quotation for more than 5 quantity.

**Tips:** Pricelist can be changed on the quotation after selecting a customer. The pricelist selected on the quotation have the higher priority over the pricelist assigned to the customer.

Now, a salesman can create quotations quickly regardless of the customer type and price offered to them, of course a correct pricelist have to be configured when you create customer, it can be reviewed later depending on the turnover.

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MKStY2Tt110>

### 4.4.3 Adapt product price based on customer country or location (e.g. Price in € or \$)

An international sales and distribution business network required accurate price conversion or the price rules according to the customer’s country. During quotation process some business prefer to have the rate conversion while some business wants to define the price based on the geographic locations irrespective of currency conversion. You can configure both business case using the pricelist.

#### Business case

Odoo wants to apply pricing rules for the customer irrespective of the currency conversion based on the customer location. They divide whole world into three different region and specific price for each region.

Product	America (USD)	Europe & Middle East (EUR)	ASIA (USD)
Odoo Enterprise (Users)	28	24	16

## Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application installed, **Invoicing** application will be installed as an dependant of the sales application.

## Multi Currency

You need a multiple currency support, to prepare a quotation in foreign currency. **Multi-Currencies** feature can be activated from **Invoicing / Configuration / Settings** available under the **Currencies** section.

**Currencies**

**Main Currency**  
Main currency of your company

Currency USD ▼

**Multi-Currencies**  
Record transactions in foreign currencies

[→ Activate Other Currencies](#)

Exchange Gain or Loss Exchange Difference (USD) ▼ ↗  
Journal

**Automatic Currency Rates**  
Update exchange rates automatically

Service European Central Bank ▼

Interval Manually ▼

Next Run \_\_\_\_\_ ↻

---

**Tips:** Select **Automatic Currency Rate** to get the accurate currency conversion rate when you do want a currency conversion to prepare the quotation, set *Daily* for the **Internal** field, the rate can be updated from different exchange services such as *European Central Bank*, *Federal Tax Administration* or *Mexican Bank*.

---

## Pricelist

To setup the price based on the customer segment or country, you have to enable the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** feature available under the **Sales / Configuration / Settings** under the **Pricing** section. Keep the default option **Multiple prices per product (e.g. customer segments, currencies)** selected under the **Sales Pricelist** option.

**Pricing**

**Discounts**  
Allow manual discounts on order lines

**Multiple Sales Prices per Product**  
Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.

Multiple prices per product  
 (e.g. customer segments, currencies)

Prices computed from  
 formulas (discounts, margins, roundings)

[→ Pricelists](#)

**Margins**  
Show margins on orders

**Coupons & Promotions**  
Manage promotion & coupon programs

**Customer Account**  
Let your customers log in to see their documents

On invitation (B2B)  
 Free sign up (B2C)

To create a new pricelist goto Sales / Catalog / Pricelist, create a three different pricelist, set the Currency field on each pricelist. Let's create a pricelist for european and middle east customers where we offer the price in EUR (€).

Pricelists / EMEA Pricelist (EUR)

[SAVE](#) [DISCARD](#) 2 / 2 < >

Active

**EMEA Pricelist**

Currency: EUR

Country Groups: Europe

[Add an item](#)

Enter *EMEA Pricelist* in the **Name** field, select *EUR* in the **Currency** field and add the *Europe* in the **Country Group** field.

**Observera:** The country group is used to assign pricelist automatically when customer is being created. So, even if your salesman forget to assign pricelist the system will assign automatically when customer's country is set on the customer.

## Product

Let's create the product *Laptop*, goto **Sales / Catalog / Products** to create the product, enter **Name**, set **Image** and **Sales Price**, the country specific price or currency specific price can be defined under the **Sales** tab.

\$ 0 Sales
Active

---

**Product Name**  
**Enterprise Contract (User)**

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

**Pricing**

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Public Pricelist (USD)	24.00	1		
EMEA Pricelist (EUR)	18.00	1		
<a href="#">Add an item</a>				

Select the Pricelist and enter the Price, the price enter is respective of the currency defined on the pricelist (i.e. in this case we have defined 24 USD and 18 EUR).

You can create a multiple lines for the same pricelist, in case you want to offer a special price to customers, when they buy more than 1 quantity.

The **Start Date** and **End Date** is used to limit the offer for a specific dates, assume that you want to offer a special price for the *Christmas* (i.e. **Start Date** to 20/12/2018 and **End Date** to 31/12/2018)

## Customer

Create a customer, enter the name, city, country and other contact details such as email and mobile and save the customer detail, as soon as you save the customer the pricelist will be assigned on the customer automatically based on the customer's country, review the pricelist set on the customer form under the **Sales & Purchases** tab.

The screenshot shows the Odoo CRM profile for 'China Exporters'. At the top, there are status indicators: 'Customer Ledger', '1 Sales', 'Active', and '\$ 0.00 Invoiced'. Below this, there are tabs for 'Individual' and 'Company', with 'Company' selected. The profile name 'China Exporters' is displayed with a red profile picture icon. The main section contains contact information: Address (Street..., Street 2..., Paris, State, ZIP, France), Phone, Mobile, Email, Website (http://chinaexporters.xyz), and Language (English). There are also fields for TIN (e.g. BE0477472701) and Tags. Below the contact info are tabs for 'Contacts & Addresses', 'Internal Notes', 'Sales & Purchases', and 'Invoicing'. The 'Sales & Purchases' tab is active, showing 'Sale' (Is a Customer checked, Salesperson, Sale Pricelist: EMEA Pricelist (EUR)) and 'Purchase' (Is a Vendor unchecked). There are also 'Misc' (Internal Reference, Industry) and 'Payments' (0 Bank account(s), 0 Credit card(s)) sections.

However, you can change it manually, if system detect wrong pricelist, you may choose same country on more than one country group which was assigned to different pricelists.

### Create a quotation

Let's send a quotation to your european customer, create the quotation from **Sales / Orders / Quotation**, pricelist will be set on the quotation and currency of the quotation will be changed accordingly, the product price will be appeared accordingly, when you add products on the quotation.

The screenshot shows the 'New Quotation' form in Odoo. At the top, it says 'New'. The 'Customer' field is set to 'China Exporters'. Other fields include 'Expiration Date', 'Pricelist' (EMEA Pricelist (EUR)), and 'Payment Terms'. Below these are tabs for 'Order Lines' and 'Other Information', with 'Order Lines' selected. A table with one row is visible:

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Enterprise Contract (User)	Enterprise Contract (User)	10.000	18.00	Tax 15.00% x	180.00 €

Below the table, there is a link 'Add an item' and a note 'Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...'. At the bottom right, a summary table shows:

Untaxed Amount:	180.00 €
Taxes:	27.00 €
<b>Total:</b>	<b>207.00 €</b>

Create a quotation for *China Export*, add 10 quantity of *Enterprise Contract (Users)*, 14 EUR /user applied as we

prepare the quotation in EUR currency.

Now, a salesman can create quotations quickly regardless of the customer type and price offered to them, of course a correct pricelist have to be configured when you create customer, it can be reviewed later depending on the turnover.

### Price based on currency conversion

Remove all the lines on the product **Pricing** and set correct **Sales Price** on the product form.

The screenshot shows the 'Product form' for 'Enterprise Contract (User)'. At the top right, it displays '\$ 0 Sales' and an 'Active' status. The product name is 'Enterprise Contract (User)' with a green building icon. Below the name, there are checkboxes for 'Can be Sold' and 'Can be Purchased', both of which are checked. There are four tabs: 'General Information', 'Sales', 'Invoicing', and 'Notes'. The 'General Information' tab is active, showing fields for 'Product Type' (Consumable), 'Category' (All), 'Internal Reference', and 'Barcode'. On the right side of this tab, there are fields for 'Sales Price' (\$24.00) and 'Cost' (\$0.00).

The price defined on the product is respective to the company currency (USD). Let's create a quotation for the same customer and see what price will be proposed by the pricelist.

The screenshot shows the 'Quotation form' for customer 'China Exporters'. The quotation number is 'S0003'. The 'Customer' field is 'China Exporters'. Other fields include 'Expiration Date', 'Pricelist' (EMEA Pricelist (EUR)), and 'Payment Terms'. There are two tabs: 'Order Lines' and 'Other Information'. The 'Order Lines' tab is active, showing a table with one line item:

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Enterprise Contract (User)	Enterprise Contract (User)	1.000	20.40	Tax 15.00% ✕	20.40 €

Below the table, there is a section for 'Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...'. At the bottom right, there is a summary table:

Untaxed Amount:	20.40 €
Taxes:	3.06 €
<b>Total:</b>	<b>23.46 €</b>

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YMxc4W5cHNg>

#### 4.4.4 Compute and apply discount automatically based on the pricelist

Allowing discounts on quotations is a common sales practice to improve the chances to convert the prospect into a customer, when you are not offering discount to all the customers, keep it manual and offer when customer demands. In case you have to apply discount for specific customer or products every time, it is quite difficult for salesman to remember those products or customer and apply the discount manually on each quotation.

##### Business case

The trading company “*My Company*” manufactures the *Computer Desk* and selling to their distributors and to retail customers.

They sell to retail customer at a public price of 3200 but when they sell to distributors the price would be 2240, and they show the percentage of the discount which was offered on the public price.

##### Configuration

Assumed that you have installed the **Sales Management** application.

##### Discount

By applying discount on the quotation, the product price will get decreased, the discount will be visible to the customer on quotation, this will encourage the customer to close the deal quickly.

The discount feature has to be enabled to show the percentage of the discount offered to the customer on quotation, it can be activated from **Sales / Configuration / Settings**.

##### Product Pricing

You need a pricelist to apply the product price based on the business rules such as discount or periodically price variations for a product(s). Let's go to **Sales / Configuration / Settings** and activate the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product options** as of now we will keep the **Multiple prices per product (e.g. customer segments, currencies)** option selected by default.

Let's create a *Distributor Pricelist*, the Public Pricelist available as a default, the pricelist can be accessed from **Sales / Catalog / Pricelists**. Create pricelist name it as *Distributor Pricelist* and change the **Discount Policy** to *Show public price & discount to the customer*.

Pricelists / New

SAVE DISCARD

Active

## Distributor Pricelist

---

**Discount Policy**

Discount included in the price

Show public price & discount to the customer

**Country Groups**

Name

[Add an item](#)

The discount policy decides, whether the discount will be computed based on the pricelist and will be visible to customer on quotation or not. When you choose *Discount included in the price* the product price will be computed by applying the discount (%) and discount will not be visible to customer on quotation.

**Tips:** The *Discount included in the price* option can be used to apply the price variation such as commodity price, it may decrease or increased.

### Create a product

Let's create the product and define the pricing rules so depending on the customer the price will be applied automatically. The **Pricing** rules can be applied under the **Sales** tab on product form.

\$ 0 Sales Active

**Product Name**

## Computer Desk

Can be Sold

Can be Purchased

General Information Sales Invoicing Notes

### Pricing

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Distributor Pricelist (USD)	2,240.00	1		
Public Pricelist (USD)	3,200.00	1		

[Add an item](#)

I have created two pricing rules, one for *Distributor Pricelist* and another for *Public Pricelist*. The customer which do not comes under any of those pricing rules the **Sales Price** defined on the product will be applied in that case.

## Create a customer

Create a customer *China Export* of type distributor, we will offer the *Computer Desk* to them at a special price.

The screenshot shows the Odoo customer creation interface for a company named "China Export". At the top, there are summary statistics: "Customer Ledger" (with a pencil icon), "\$ 0 Sales", "Active" (with a status icon), and "\$ 0.00 Invoiced" (with a pencil icon). Below this, there are radio buttons for "Individual" and "Company", with "Company" selected. The main title "China Export" is displayed with a building icon. The form is divided into several sections: "Address" (Street, Street 2, City, State, ZIP, Country), "Phone" (Phone, Mobile), "Email" (Email, Website), "TIN" (TIN), "Tags" (Tags), and "Language" (Language). Below the form fields are four tabs: "Contacts & Addresses", "Internal Notes", "Sales & Purchases" (which is active), and "Invoicing". Under the "Sales & Purchases" tab, there are two main sections: "Sale" and "Purchase". In the "Sale" section, "Is a Customer" is checked, "Salesperson" is empty, and "Sale Pricelist" is set to "Distributor Pricelist (USD)". In the "Purchase" section, "Is a Vendor" is unchecked. Below these are "Misc" fields (Internal Reference, Industry) and "Payments" fields (0 Bank account(s), 0 Credit card(s)).

To define this customer as a distributor, select the *Distributor Pricelist (USD)* in **Sales Pricelist** field available under the **Sales & Purchase** tab.

## Create a quotation

Create a quotation from **Sales / Orders / Quotations**, select the *China Export* as a customer, a *Distributor Pricelist (USD)* will be selected automatically on the quotation. Now add the product *Computer Desk* on the order lines, **Unit Price** will be set to 3200 but **Subtotal** computed and shows 2240 as an automatic 30% discount computed and set on the **Discount** field based on the *Distributor Pricelist*.

S0002

Customer: John Doe | Expiration Date: | Pricelist: Distributor Pricelist (USD) | Payment Terms: |

Order Lines | Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Discount (%)	Subtotal
Computer Desk	Computer Desk	1.000	3,200.00		30.00	\$ 2,240.00

Add an item

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 2,240.00
Taxes:	\$ 0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 2,240.00</b>

The 30% is computed based on the difference between price offered to distributors and the product **Sales Price**. *I.e.*  $3200 - 2240 = 960$  which is 30% of the 3200 price.

**Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J41EpiT0a5g>

**4.4.5 Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)**

The most common buisnees case where you want to decide the sell price basd on your cost of of the product purchase price.

**Business case**

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, there are sometime frequent price change, so **My Company** wants to setup the inventory costing and based on cost they can define the product they add 35% margin and sell to their customers.

**Configuration**

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Activate the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** and **Margins** under the Sales / Configuration / Settings.
- Change existing price list *Public Pricelist* and add new pricelist iteam, they increase the Laptop price by 35%.

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t2P70HKk3rE>

### 4.4.6 Define the product sales price per company

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MCnwS0ZVrM8>

## 4.5 Sales Margin

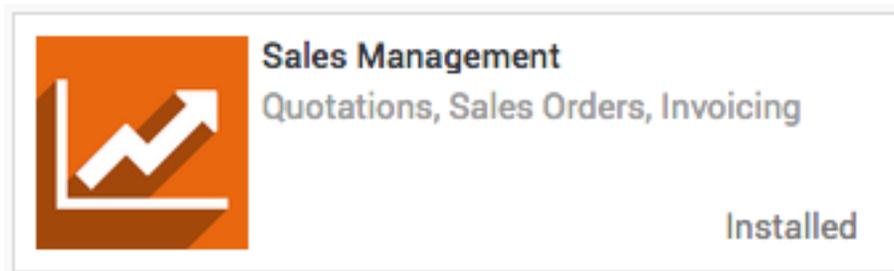
### 4.5.1 Compute margin on sale order

Some business wants the realtime computation of the margins so that sales manager or person can propose the best price to the customer.

Let's take the business case, sales manager check the margin on order and decide whether we can allow additional discount to the customer or not.

## Configuration

Install the **Sales Management** application.



---

**Observera:** If you want to check Margin feature for *Average Cost (AVCO)* install **Purchase Management**. Installation of sales and purchase will install other applications such as **Inventory Management** and **Invoicing Management**.

---

## Margins

Go to Sales / Configuration / Settings select **Margins** and apply the setting. This will show margins on orders.

**Pricing**

**Discounts**  
Allow manual discounts on order lines

**Multiple Sales Prices per Product**  
Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.

**Coupons & Promotions**  
Manage promotion & coupon programs

**Customer Account**  
Let your customers log in to see their documents

On invitation (B2B)

Free sign up (B2C)

**Margins**  
Show margins on orders

## Products

Enter the product **Sales Price** and **Cost** accordingly, enter the latest sales and cost price.

0 On Hand	0 Forecasted	Product Moves	\$ 9 Sales	Min: 0.00 Max: 5.00	2 Purchases	Active
-----------	--------------	---------------	------------	------------------------	-------------	--------

Product Name  
**Laptop**

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information | Sales | Purchase | Inventory | Invoicing | Notes

Product Type	Stockable Product	Sales Price	\$1,200.00
Category	All / Saleable	Cost	\$900.00
Internal Reference			
Barcode			

I have entered \$1200 sales price and \$900 cost price, also defined the \$900 purchase price on the vendor pricelist.

**Tips:** Product **Cost** will be computed automatically when you set the product costing method to *Average Cost (AVCO)* or *First in First Out (FIFO)*. The FIFO method does not give you correct costing in some case.

## Create Sales order

Let's create a quotation, select the customer on quotation and product on order line. The margin will be computed as soon as you select the product, the difference between **Unit Price** and **Cost** is margin. The **Margin** be computed based on the difference for each lines on sale order.

**S0004**

Customer: Retail Customer | Expiration Date: | Payment Terms: |

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Cost	Taxes	Discount (%)	Subtotal
Laptop	Laptop	1.000	1,200.00	800.00		0.00	\$ 1,200.00

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 1,200.00
Taxes:	\$ 0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 1,200.00</b>
<b>Margin:</b>	<b>\$ 400.00</b>

Now, it will be easy for the sales manager to check what's the margin on quotation. For **SO004** it is 25%, its a good deal to go with, let's move forward and confirm the order.

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GzhZi2296Z8>

## 4.6 Unit of Measure

### 4.6.1 Sale and purchase in different unit of measure

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x33dji0thAc>

### 4.6.2 How to sell and purchase products in different units of measure, and apply better pricing?

#### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ui6\\_-GInV9w](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ui6_-GInV9w)

## 4.7 Product and Tax

### 4.7.1 How to manage prices for Business to Customer (tax included)?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SRsMh0vqM2w>

## 4.7.2 How to manage product prices for B2B (tax excluded) and B2C (tax included)?

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S6yNzHBEyOI>

## 4.8 Invoicing

### 4.8.1 Send Pro-Forma Invoice to your customers

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4ew-PmcTdm0>

### 4.8.2 Create Invoice for the ordered quantity

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7bXoYgFEyxc>

### 4.8.3 Create Invoice based on the delivered quantity, when inventory app is not installed

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KWzwLfqhnmw>

### 4.8.4 Create credit note from sales order, when customer return the product

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ujgz8Bx5xqk>

### 4.8.5 How to create single invoice from multiple sales orders?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oU-qvZ7Ly7I>

## 4.9 Delivery Charges

### 4.9.1 Free delivery if order total is more then \$2000

Odoo can handle various delivery methods, but it is not activated by default. Delivery methods can be used for normal sale of you can also use for your e-commerce order.

Delivery methods allow you to manage the transport company, the price and the destination.

**Tips:** You can even integrate Odoo with external shippers to compute the real price and the packagings.

## Configuration

Activate the Shipping Costs feature form [Sales / Configuration / Settings](#).

Shipping	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Shipping Costs</b> Compute shipping costs on orders <a href="#">→ Delivery Methods</a>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Delivery Date</b> Manage delivery dates from sales orders
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Incoterms</b> Display incoterms on orders & invoices	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Order-Specific Routes</b> Apply special routes from orders (e.g. dropshipping, MTO)
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>UPS</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with UPS	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>DHL USA</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with DHL
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>FedEx</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with FedEx	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>USPS</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with USPS
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>bpost</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with bpost	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Easypost</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with Easypost

**Observera:** Activating the Shipping Costs will install the Inventory application if it was not installed previously.

## Setup the delivery charges

Let's assume that you deliver the product at fixed \$50 and you deliver for free when total order value is more than \$2000.

Active

---

Name  
**Delivery charges** 1

Provider 2  Fixed Price  
 Based on Rules  
[Install more Providers](#)

Margin on Rate 3 0 %  
 Free if order amount is above 2,000.00  
Delivery Product [Delivery] Delivery charges

Pricing Destination Availability

Fixed Price 50.00 4

Goto [Sales / Configure / Delivery Methods](#) rename the existing method *Free delivery charges* to *Delivery charges* add the \$50 in the **Fixed Price**.

**Tips:** If you have a multiple delivery methods having a fixed price, please create a separate Delivery Product for each method.

### Setup product price

Do not forget to add the correct product price when creating the products.

Product Moves | \$ 1 Sales | Active

**Product Name**  
Laptop

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information | Sales | Purchase | Inventory

<p>Product Type: Consumable</p> <p>Product Category: All</p> <p>Internal Reference: _____</p> <p>Barcode: _____</p> <p>HS Code: _____</p>	<p><b>Sales Price</b> \$1,250.00</p> <p>Customer Taxes: (Tax 15.00% ✕)</p> <p>TaxCloud Category: _____</p> <p>Cost: \$950.00</p>
---	--

### Adding delivery cost to the quotation

You can now choose the Delivery Method on your sale order. If you want to invoice the price of the delivery charge on the sale order, click on Set price, it will add a line with the name of the delivery method as a product.

## S0002

Customer 1 Customer

Quote Validity: \_\_\_\_\_

Payment Terms: \_\_\_\_\_

Delivery Method 3 Delivery charges

\$ 0.00 [Check price](#) [Set price](#) 4

Info: The shipping is free because the order amount exceeds 2000.00. (The actual shipping cost is: 50.00)

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
<span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">2</span> Laptop	Laptop	1.000	1,250.00	(Tax 15.00%)	\$ 1,250.00
Mobile	Mobile	1.000	850.00	(Tax 15.00%)	\$ 850.00
[Delivery] Delivery charges	Delivery charges	1.000	0.00	(Tax 15.00%)	<span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">5</span> \$ 0.00

[Add a line](#)

Terms and conditions... (note: you can setup default ones in the Configuration menu)

<b>Untaxed Amount:</b>	\$ 2,100.00
<b>Taxes:</b>	\$ 315.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 2,415.00</b>

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JPpUPbTeJD0>

### 4.9.2 Calculate shipping rates based on product weight

Odoo can handle various delivery methods, but it is not activated by default. Delivery methods can be used for normal sale of you can also use for your e-commerce order.

Delivery methods allow you to manage the transport company, the price and the destination.

---

**Tips:** You can even integrate Odoo with external shippers to compute the real price and the packagings.

---

## Configuration

Activate the Shipping Costs feature form [Sales](#) / [Configuration](#) / [Settings](#).

Shipping	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Shipping Costs</b> Compute shipping costs on orders <a href="#">→ Delivery Methods</a>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Delivery Date</b> Manage delivery dates from sales orders
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Incoterms</b> Display incoterms on orders & invoices	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Order-Specific Routes</b> Apply special routes from orders (e.g. dropshipping, MTO)
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>UPS</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with UPS	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>DHL USA</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with DHL
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>FedEx</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with FedEx	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>USPS</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with USPS
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>bpost</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with bpost	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Easypost</b> Compute shipping costs and ship with Easypost

---

**Observera:** Activating the Shipping Costs will install the Inventory application if it was not installed previously.

---

### Setup the delivery charges

Let's assume that you deliver the product to your customer through postal service and the service charges you based on weight. Postal service deliver to all over the USA at \$20 fixed rates if the weight upto 1kg, when weight is above 1kg, they charge \$8 for every 1kg.

Active

Name **Postal Delivery**

Provider  Fixed Price  Based on Rules Margin on Rate 0 %

[Install more Providers](#)  Free if order amount is above  
Delivery Product [Delivery] Delivery charges

Pricing Destination Availability

Name

- + if weight <= 1.0 then fixed price 20.0
- + if weight > 1.0 then 8.0 times weight

[Add a line](#)

Goto Sales / Configure / Delivery Methods and create a new method *Postal Delivery*, select *Based on Rule* for **Provide** as the delivery cost is based on the weight and create a two rules.

Open: Pricing Rules

---

Condition Weight <= 1.00

Delivery Cost 20.00 + 0.00 \* Weight

SAVE & CLOSE SAVE & NEW DISCARD

### Setup product weight

Do not forget to add the correct product weight while creating the products.

Product Moves \$ 0 Sales Active

Product Name **Laptop**

Can be Sold  Can be Purchased

General Information Sales Purchase Inventory

Product Type Consumable Sales Price \$1,250.00

Product Category All Customer Taxes Tax 15.00% x

Internal Reference TaxCloud Category

Barcode Cost \$950.00

HS Code

Weight 1.50 kg

Volume 0.00 m<sup>3</sup>

Responsible Administrator

**Tips:** Compute and set the product weight including weight of delivery package.

### Adding delivery cost to the quotation

You can now choose the Delivery Method on your sale order. If you want to invoice the price of the delivery charge on the sale order, click on Set price, it will add a line with the name of the delivery method as a product.

**S0003**

Customer 1 Customer | Quote Validity | Payment Terms | Delivery Method: Postal Delivery 3

\$ 12.00 4 → Check price 5 → Set price

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
<span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">2</span> Laptop	Laptop	1.000	1,250.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,250.00
[Delivery] Delivery charges	Postal Delivery	1.000	12.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 12.00

Terms and conditions... (note: you can setup default ones in the Configuration menu)

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 1,262.00
Taxes:	\$ 189.30
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 1,451.30</b>

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o1QOCiWOnwk>

## 4.10 Manage Inventory

### 4.10.1 How to trigger the purchase of products based on sales?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=76d-yIrcRKs>

## 4.11 Service Product

### 4.11.1 How to invoice milestones of a project?

There are different kind of service sales: prepaid volume of hours/days (e.g. support contract), billing based on time and material (e.g. billing consulting hours) or a fixed price contract (e.g. a project).

Milestone invoicing can be used for expensive or large scale projects, with each milestone representing a clear sequence of work that will incrementally build up to the completion of the contract. For example, a marketing agency hired for a

new product launch could break down a project into the following milestones, each of them considered as one service with a fixed price on the sale order :

- Milestone 1 : Marketing strategy audit - 5 000 euros
- Milestone 2 : Brand Identity - 10 000 euros
- Milestone 3 : Campaign launch & PR - 8 500 euros

In this case, an invoice will be sent to the customer each time a milestone will be successfully reached. That invoicing method is comfortable both for the company which is ensured to get a steady cash flow throughout the project lifetime and for the client who can monitor the project's progress and pay in several times.

**Observera:** You can also use milestones to invoice percentages of the entire project. For example, for a million euros project, your company might require a 15% upfront payment, 30% at the midpoint and the balance at the contract conclusion. In that case, each payment will be considered as one milestone.

### Configuration

In order to sell services and to send invoices, you need to install the Sales application, from the Apps icon.

In Odoo, each milestone of your project is considered as a product. From the Sales application, use the menu Sales → Products, create a new product with the following setup:

- Name: Strategy audit
- Product Type: Service
- Invoicing Policy: Delivered Quantities, since you will invoice your milestone after it has been delivered
- Track Service: Manually set quantities on order, as you complete each milestone, you will manually update their quantity from the Delivered tab on your sale order

The screenshot shows the configuration page for a product named "Strategy Audit". The product is active and has 0 sales. It is marked as "Can be Sold" and "Can be Purchased". The "Invoicing" tab is selected, showing the "Invoicing Policy" set to "Delivered quantities". The "Receivables" and "Payables" sections show a tax rate of 15.00% for both customer and vendor taxes.

**Observera:** Apply the same configuration for the others milestones.

### Quotations and sale orders

Now that your milestones (or products) are created, you can create a quotation or a sale order with each line corresponding to one milestone. For each line, set the Ordered Quantity to 1 as each milestone is completed once. Once the quotation is confirmed and transformed into a sale order, you will be able to change the delivered quantities when the corresponding milestone has been achieved.

## SO022

**Customer** Agrolait

**Quotation Template** Default Template

**Expiration Date** 07/06/2018

**Payment Terms** 30 Net Days

**Order Lines**   [Suggested Products](#)   [Other Information](#)

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+	Strategy Audit	1.000	5,000.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 5,000.00
+	Rebranding	1.000	10,000.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 10,000.00
+	Campaign launch & PR	1.000	8,500.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 8,500.00

[Add an item](#)

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

**Untaxed Amount:** \$ 23,500.00

**Taxes:** \$ 3,525.00

---

**Total:** **\$ 27,025.00**

### Invoice milestones

Let's assume that your first milestone (the strategy audit) has been successfully delivered and you want to invoice it to your customer. On the sale order, click on Edit and set the Delivered Quantity of the related product to 1.

**Tips:** As soon as the above modification has been saved, you will notice that the color of the line has changed to blue, meaning that the service can now be invoiced. In the same time, the invoice status of the SO has changed from Nothing To Invoice to To Invoice

Click on Create invoice and, in the new window that pops up, select Invoiceable lines and validate. It will create a new invoice (in draft status) with only the strategy audit product as invoiceable.

Sales Orders / SO022 / Invoice

Save Discard 1 / 1 < >

Validate Draft Open Paid

**Draft Invoice**

Customer: Agrolait Invoice Date: 06/06/2018

Payment Terms: 30 Net Days Due Date: 07/06/2018

Salesperson: Administrator Sales Channel: Europe

Invoice Lines Other Info

Product	Description	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Strategy Audit	Strategy Audit	1.000	5,000.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 5,000.00

Add an item

Untaxed Amount: \$ 5,000.00  
 Tax: \$ 750.00  
**Total: \$ 5,750.00**

**Observera:** In order to be able to invoice a product, you need to set up the Accounting application and to configure an accounting journal and a chart of account. Click on the following link to learn more: [How to setup Odoo Accounting?](#)

Back on your sale order, you will notice that the Invoiced column of your order line has been updated accordingly and that the Invoice Status is back to Nothing to Invoice.

Follow the same workflow to invoice your remaining milestones.

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7Fmq0H3qo8>

## 4.11.2 How to create task from sales order and invoice based on timesheet?

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NTgArime5MI>

## 4.12 Subscription

### 4.12.1 Set up recurring invoice, that help you to invoice regularly

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iHardy2xBLU>

## **4.12.2 Sell subscriptions through sales quotation**

### **Video**

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r9kVUJo\\_k5E](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r9kVUJo_k5E)

## **4.12.3 Sell subscription through eCommerce platform, receive payment through card (auto-debit)**

### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P0O6rTA1kec>

## **4.13 Customer Portal**

### **4.13.1 How to get customer approval on quotation through customer portal?**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IEI0v3968kk>

### **4.13.2 How to get online payment on quotation through customer portal?**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DZ6OsPzM-G4>

### **4.13.3 Confirm quotation online and pay Invoice through customer portal**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m0ydtBqPrwY>

### 5.1 Odoo Accounting

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6XgKPjgyoec>

#### 5.1.1 Transcript

Odoo is beautiful accounting software designed for the needs of the 21st century.

Odoo connects directly to your bank or paypal account. Transactions are synchronized every hour and reconciliation is blazing fast. It's like magic.

Instantly create invoices and send them with just a click. No need to print them.

Odoo can send them for you by email or regular mail.

Your customers pay online, meaning you get your money right away.

Odoo accounting is connected with all Odoo our apps such as sale, purchase, inventory and subscriptions.

This way, recording vendor bills is also super quick. Set a vendor, select the purchase order and Odoo fills in everything for you automatically.

Then, just use the SEPA protocol or print checks to pay vendors in batches.

It's that easy with Odoo.

Wait, there is more. You will love the Odoo reports. From legal statements to executive summaries, they are fast and dynamic. Use Odoo's business intelligence feature to navigate through all your companies data.

Of course, Odoo is mobile too. You can use it to check your accounts on the go.

Try Odoo now, and join 2 millions of happy users.

## 5.2 The Accounting behind Odoo

This page summarises the way Odoo deals with typical accounts and transactions.

### 5.2.1 Double-entry bookkeeping

Odoo automatically creates all the behind-the-scenes journal entries for each of your accounting transactions: customer invoices, point of sale order, expenses, inventory moves, etc.

Odoo uses the rules of double-entry bookkeeping system: all journal entries are automatically balanced (sum of debits = sum of credits).

### 5.2.2 Accrual and Cash Basis Methods

Odoo support both accrual and cash basis reporting. This allows you to report income / expense at the time transactions occur (i.e., accrual basis), or when payment is made or received (i.e., cash basis).

### 5.2.3 Multi-companies

Odoo allows to manage several companies within the same database. Each company has its own chart of accounts and rules. You can get consolidation reports following your consolidation rules.

Users can access several companies but always work in one company at a time.

### 5.2.4 Multi-currencies

Every transaction is recorded in the default currency of the company. For transactions occurring in another currency, Odoo stores both the value in the currency of the company and the value in the currency of the transaction. Odoo can generate currencies gains and losses after the reconciliation of the journal items.

Currency rates are updated once a day using a yahoo.com online web-service.

### 5.2.5 International Standards

Odoo accounting support more than 50 countries. The Odoo core accounting implement accounting standards that is common to all countries and specific modules exists per country for the specificities of the country like the chart of accounts, taxes, or bank interfaces.

In particular, Odoo's core accounting engine supports:

- Anglo-Saxon Accounting (U.S., U.K., and other English-speaking countries including Ireland, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand) where cost of good sold are reported when products are sold/delivered.
- European accounting where expenses are accounted at the supplier bill.
- Storno accounting (Italy) where refund invoices have negative credit/debit instead of a reverting the original journal items.
- Odoo also have modules to comply with IFRS rules.

## 5.2.6 Accounts Receivable & Payable

By default, Odoo uses a single account for all account receivable entries and one for all accounts payable entries. You can create separate accounts per customers/suppliers, but you don't need to.

As transactions are associated to customers or suppliers, you get reports to perform analysis per customer/supplier such as the customer statement, revenues per customers, aged receivable/payables, . . .

## 5.2.7 Wide range of financial reports

In Odoo, you can generate financial reports in real time. Odoo's reports range from basic accounting reports to advanced management reports. Odoo's reports include:

- Performance reports (such as Profit and Loss, Budget Variance)
- Position reports (such as Balance Sheet, Aged Payables, Aged Receivables)
- Cash reports (such as Bank Summary)
- Detail reports (such as Trial Balance and General Ledger)
- Management reports (such as Budgets, Executive Summary)
- Odoo's report engine allows you to customize your own report based on your own formulae.

## 5.2.8 Import bank feeds automatically

Bank reconciliation is a process that matches your bank statement lines, as supplied by the bank, to your accounting transactions in the general ledger. Odoo makes bank reconciliation easy by frequently importing bank statement lines from your bank directly into your Odoo account. This means you can have a daily view of your cashflow without having to log into your online banking or wait for your paper bank statements.

Odoo speeds up bank reconciliation by matching most of your imported bank statement lines to your accounting transactions. Odoo also remembers how you've treated other bank statement lines and provides suggested general ledger transactions.

## 5.2.9 Calculates the tax you owe your tax authority

Odoo totals all your accounting transactions for your tax period and uses these totals to calculate your tax obligation. You can then check your sales tax by running Odoo's Tax Report.

## 5.2.10 Inventory Valuation

Odoo support both periodic (manual) and perpetual (automated) inventory valuations. The available methods are standard price, average price, LIFO (for countries allowing it) and FIFO.

## 5.2.11 Easy retained earnings

Retained earnings is the portion of income retained by your business. Odoo automatically calculates your current year earnings in real time so no year-end journal or rollover is required. This is calculated by reporting the profit and loss balance to your balance sheet report automatically.

## 5.3 Customer Invoice

### 5.3.1 Create first customer invoice and register payment

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rCOaO26xM68>

### 5.3.2 How to match payment against an invoice?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=22ZCLf5gIUg>

### 5.3.3 How to setup cash discounts?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uNksgDgzKj8>

### 5.3.4 Reset invoice numbering based on the date range (monthly invoice book)

#### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kFJNthxZ\\_cA](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kFJNthxZ_cA)

## 5.4 Payment Terms

### 5.4.1 How to setup and use payment terms?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lagIgJBW-r4>

### 5.4.2 How to define an installment plan on customer invoices?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VL56Qsv0mzY>

### 5.4.3 Warning message on credit limit reached and block further invoice when it cross limits

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CGMiClvEuuc>

## 5.5 Payment & Followups

### 5.5.1 What are the different ways to record a payment?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0UGvSCXxCn0>

### 5.5.2 How to track uncleared customer check in bank?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EmCvqT8jiQs>

### 5.5.3 Create invoice, receive and register partial payment on invoice

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yAkzrzE94c0>

### 5.5.4 How to automate customer follow-ups with plans?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=otuzF6CcUrA>

### 5.5.5 Receive advance payment from customer and match against invoice later

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GMq-wCrDeDw>

### 5.5.6 How to print customer ledger?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=97IbK9zKYAQ>

## 5.6 Setup Accounting

### 5.6.1 How to setup Company Information, Bank Accounts and Fiscal Period?

#### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mmPNI2TY\\_Jw](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mmPNI2TY_Jw)

## 5.6.2 How to setup Odoo Accounting and Import opening balance?

### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ybnQN\\_ip0gQ](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ybnQN_ip0gQ)

## 5.7 Taxes & Duties

### 5.7.1 Apply tax based on local or export sales

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RUnVpurD6gQ>

## 5.8 Credit Notes

### 5.8.1 How to reject customer invoice, which is not issued to customer?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-kG0gjRa1SE>

### 5.8.2 How to modify the confirmed customer invoice?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SfNSZ5UL31E>

### 5.8.3 How to refund a fully paid customer invoice?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xibj9GBkHiE>

### 5.8.4 How to refund the partially paid invoice?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mJCEtbbnyvc>

## 5.9 Bank & Cash

### 5.9.1 How to do Bank Reconciliation in Odoo?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A-96JQ6B-bI>

### 5.9.2 How to manage the bank reconciliation process?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A-96JQ6B-bI>

### 5.9.3 Import bank statement (ofx format) and quick bank reconciliation

#### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YdbPaP\\_8yO0](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YdbPaP_8yO0)

### 5.9.4 Transferring money from bank account to petty cash (Cash withdrawal)

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bNvWbWFNTP8>

## 5.10 Indian Localization

### 5.10.1 Multiple tax included in price, i.e. Indian GST Tax

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R2XP2t8-g14>

### 5.10.2 Manage tax deduction at source (TDS) with accounting entries

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DxJNSjAfJ20>

## 5.11 Multi Currency

### 5.11.1 How to prepare invoice in foreign currency?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=70-MY4AFCU>

## 5.12 Vendor Bills & Payments

### 5.12.1 Purchase order to vendor bill, payment through check

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oAFcDFNBkCE>

### 5.12.2 How to register cash sales and expense in account?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7wjxc3Mbck>

### 5.12.3 How to pay vendor bills by check and print check from Odoo accounting?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Lw4vX1A8tNE>

### 5.12.4 How to manage batch deposits of checks?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yIIgdn00o2k>

### 5.12.5 How to pay several vendor bills at once?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1TBV0gUSq84>

### 5.12.6 Register partial payment while paying to multiple vendor bills

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O51ACPIaiOA>

### 5.12.7 How to forecast future vendor bills to pay?

**Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4bbIW506cM8>

### 5.12.8 How to create single vendor bill from multiple purchase orders?

**Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eVKzzkfZzE0>

## 5.13 Inventory Valuation (Anglo-Saxons)

### 5.13.1 Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (using standard costing and manual valuation)

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

On every regular internal an accounting entry has to be passed as below:

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Cost of Goods Sold	800	

To compute the cost of goods sold use the below formula

$$\text{COGS} = \text{Inventory Valuation as per Balance sheet} - \text{Inventory Valuation as per Inventory}$$

#### Product Cost price

As your inventory costing method is standards, you are allowed to change the cost price of the product, assumed that you increase the cost price.

---

**Tips:** Make sure you change the cost price on the product once your valuation is equal for inventory and balance sheet, else you may have a wrong cost of goods sold entry.

---

When you see a COGS is having a negative value it means that your value of the inventory increased in warehouse this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

To increase the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation	800	
Inventory Valuation Difference		800

Or, when you see a COGS is having a positive value it means that your value of the inventory decreased in warehouse and this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

To decrease the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Inventory Valuation Difference	800	

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pVsdieI6OJw>

#### Se även:

- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (fifo costing method and manual valuation)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (average costing method and manual valuation)*

## 5.13.2 Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (fifo costing method and manual valuation)

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

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### Product Cost price

The cost price on the product page always display the cost of last unit sold or consumed or scrapped from the stock. If you change that manually it will not make any changes in the system.

---

**Tips:** Hide the product cost field, if all of your products have FIFO as the inventory costing method, even-users will never get confused.

---

### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\\_TFhth\\_Uzc4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_TFhth_Uzc4)

#### Se även:

- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (using standard costing and manual valuation)*

- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (average costing method and manual valuation)*

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As your inventory costing method is average, you are allowed to change the cost price of the product, assumed that you increase the cost price.

---

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To decrease the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Inventory Valuation Difference	800	

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aHa8jjJsEKA>

Se även:

- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (using standard costing and manual valuation)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (fifo costing method and manual valuation)*

#### **5.13.4 Correct cost of good sold accounting entry for kit type product using anglo saxon method**

##### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6-KYnZOTO9A>

#### **5.13.5 Inventory valuation and compute the cost of goods sold**

##### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PIN0r1Acroo>

##### **Se även:**

- *Correct cost of good sold accounting entry for kit type product using anglo saxon method*

### 6.1 Product & Stock

#### 6.1.1 How to setup a minimum stock rule?

##### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4oN\\_81i1Qfs](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4oN_81i1Qfs)

#### 6.1.2 Compute stock for the kit product based on the component stock

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7wjxc3Mbck>

### 6.2 Delivery Order

#### 6.2.1 How to use different invoice and delivery addresses?

##### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHp5-UUpt\\_U](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHp5-UUpt_U)

## 6.2.2 How to amendment products on delivery order? (Installed only inventory application)

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qakpa5hy83k>

## 6.3 Incoming Shipment

### 6.3.1 How to control product received? (Receive entirely & partially)

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tpUsy1XNQak>

### 6.3.2 How to transfer dairy products to fridge (cold storage) when it arrives to inventory?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zdybPdzdVNW>

## 6.4 Inventory Costing

### 6.4.1 Compute the cost of product (standard price)

#### Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, they do not maintain the stock, they always purchase on demand so **Standard pricing** is pefect costing method for them. Some times they benefit or loss if they have stock and product price change as they directly change the product cost price whcih impact on their inventory value.

#### Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*.
- Default costing method on the category is Standard pricing.
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchse 2 unit of Laptop at different rate then the Standard price, inventory value will be computed based on the product Standard price field.

---

**Observera:** This method is less useful in the real-life.

---

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TEH0wOjrRWM>

### Se även:

- *Compute the cost of product (average costing)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

## 6.4.2 Compute the cost of product (average costing)

The average costing method help you to dicide the product sell price, each time you purchase the product new cost will be updated based on the existing stock and purchased stock value.

### Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, there are sometime frequent price change, so **My Company** wants to setup the inventory costing and based on average cost method.

### Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchase 3 unit of Laptop at different rates, the product will be computed on each reception by doing an average based on the purchase price.

---

**Tips:** Assumed that you have a 10 unit of laptop cost of 8500 (the inventory value will be same as the cost), you purchase new 10 laptop at the price of 830 each. The new cost price will be computed by an averga of total cost vs units.  $840 = (8500 + 8300) / 20$  (10 existing stock + 10 new purchase)

---

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QjdRX6EI-4M>

### Se även:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

### 6.4.3 Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)

The fifo costing method help you to compute the accurate profit in the profit and loss account based on the all the purchase expense and sell price. You can add the landed cost (the cost of transportation) if you do a real time inventory valuation with fifo costing method. Each time you remove the products from warehouse the cost will be computed on the product **Cost** field

#### Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchase 3 unit of Laptop at different rates, the product will be computed on each reception by doing an average based on the purchase price.

---

**Tips:** The FIFO is same as the Real price costing, follows the accounting FIFO and not forcing for warehouse FIFO removal strategy.

---

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a8UXCiETC38>

#### Se även:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (average costing)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

## 6.5 Inventory Valuation (Anglo-Saxons)

### 6.5.1 Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (using standard costing and manual valuation)

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As your inventory costing method is standards, you are allowed to change the cost price of the product, assumed that you increase the cost price.

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- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (fifo costing method and manual valuation)*
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## 6.5.2 Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (fifo costing method and manual valuation)

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---

**Tips:** Hide the product cost field, if all of your products have FIFO as the inventory costing method, even-users will never get confused.

---

### Video

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- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
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- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (using standard costing and manual valuation)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation in P&L and BS (fifo costing method and manual valuation)*



### **7.1 Request for Quotation**

#### **7.1.1 How to create a Request for Quotation?**

##### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ksSvpBKRoI4>

#### **7.1.2 How to trigger the purchase of products based on sales?**

##### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=76d-yIrcRKs>

#### **7.1.3 How to setup drop-shipping?**

##### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B839OZpB95U>

#### **7.1.4 How to setup two levels of approval for purchase orders?**

##### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C8wdohr6Z10>

## 7.2 Supplier Pricelist

### 7.2.1 How to search for product based on supplier code or name on purchase order?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dBKetExCKNE>

## 7.3 Purchase Exception

### 7.3.1 How to buy from new supplier with drop ship policy, when you default supplier reject the order?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kGKOb4oW6yU>

### 7.3.2 How to cancel confirmed purchase order or confirmed purchase order received partial shipment?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rGgoldYzLls>

## 7.4 Vendor Bills

### 7.4.1 How to control vendor bills, pay vendor bills based on reception?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d05bZbrc8og>

## 7.5 Purchase Agreement

### 7.5.1 How to manage bulk purchase through tender process?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1TBV0gUSq84>

## **7.5.2 How to purchase partially at two vendors for the same purchase tenders?**

### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=482c0gxqGMs>

## **7.6 Inventory Costing**

## **7.7 Advance Topics**

### **7.7.1 How to sell chemical products along with the containers and manage the re-filling process?**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MPVaObaqCm4>



### 8.1 Point of Sale

#### 8.1.1 Use customers on point of sale and access the customer ledger

Registering your customers will give you the ability to grant them various privileges such as discounts, loyalty program, specific communication. It will also be required if they want an invoice and registering them will make any future interaction with them faster.

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ev2HnMPqXLs>

#### 8.1.2 Create a customer invoice for selected orders on Point of Sale

Some of your customers might request an invoice when buying from your Point of Sale, you can easily manage it directly from the PoS interface.

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tnIvcBZZvCs>

#### 8.1.3 Launch a limited period offers on Point of Sale

Entice your customers and increase your revenue by offering time-limited or seasonal discounts. Odoo has a powerful pricelist feature to support a pricing strategy tailored to your business.

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NK4ZDqlq-9Y>

### 8.1.4 Manage cash round-up or down at Point of Sale cash payment

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c6-hjrVdVZM>

### 8.1.5 Sales return through Point of Sale

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ub3hRhasLtM>

## 8.2 Session Management

### 8.2.1 How to print z-report from Odoo point of sale?

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hcAAfo5DwYI>

### 8.2.2 Print z-report at the end of the day for each terminal separately and grouped

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=42qrXd7JrfE>

## 8.3 Barcode Scanner

### 8.3.1 Scan weight of the product through barcode in Point of sale

Point of sale may need to scan the product weight to decide the price. There are multiple ways to get the weight into point of sale, some of them are as below

- You are selling predefined packs (based on weight) of the products, and you want to know which pack has been scanned at the terminal to decide the price. i.e. pack of 250grm, pack of 500grm, pack of 1kg etc.
- You sell the items in loose packaging form, where customer create their own custom pack depending on their need, they do weight and generate the barcode accordingly.
- The third way is more easier to use in real-life but most complex to configure in Odoo, is to attached the weight scale machine to the point of sales terminal.

## Business case

The small fruit shop sells the predefined packs of the Apples, they create a packs in advance such as Pack of 250grm, Pack of 500grm or Pack of 1kg. They would like to compute the price of the pack depending on the pack scan at the terminal.

---

**Tips:** You can scan **Product price** or **Discount** from the barcode, you need to configure the barcode rules under Nomenclature (i.e. Goto Point of sale session configuration and enable **Barcode Scanner** option)

---

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L-kRofdfdLc>

### 8.3.2 Scan product price through barcode in Point of Sale (Dynamic pricing without pricelist)

The great featurer is pricelist can be applied to the point of sale in Odoo. However it is not easy to configure the pricelist for the point of sale, also it increase the size in number of data that load at the point of sale startup.

Odoo point of sals able to read the understand the barcode well so that, it can fetch the product price form the barcode, and they works well without loading lots of data and defining the complex pricelist rules for the point of sale. You can create a barcode with price in below business scenarios.

- The manufacturer print the barcode with the price, as the price often changes.
- You can create you own barcode as you want to run the promotion scheams untile the stock.

## Business case

The shop **My Company** wonts the run the promotion program on some products, for the limited stock available in the shop.

## Configuration

You have to create the barcode rules under the point of sale barcode nomenclature. The defaule rule is already exist with the name *Price Barcodes 2 Decimals* the **Barcode Pattern** is `23...{NNNDD}` it describes that the total size of the barcode is 12 digit.

It start with 23, then 5 digit product code at last it have the 5 digit product price can be configured.

---

**Tips:** The barcode on the product has to be configre the 12 digit i.e. 231234500000. keep last 5 digit as 0 as it may different according to the price.

---

## Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xbPLx-KRh2s>

### **8.3.3 Scanning manufacturer barcode at Point of Sale (Scan same product for multiple barcodes)**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E6zum4RCCzw>

## **8.4 Accounting**

### **8.4.1 How to do credit sale through the point of sale**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zHH1uqCVJEc>

### **8.4.2 How to pay invoice through wallet in Point of Sale?**

#### **Video**

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\\_UVBUlsG3nU](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_UVBUlsG3nU)

### **8.4.3 Sales return through Point of Sale terminal, receive product and return cash**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F1N82xHpC6s>

### **8.4.4 Sales return through Point of Sale terminal (working with customer invoice and credit note)**

#### **Video**

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6rrfML6vZfw>

### 9.1 Project & Task

#### 9.1.1 How to create task from sales order and invoice based on timesheet?

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NTgArime5MI>

#### 9.1.2 Create default stages in the project created through Sales order

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IjfQBadSHs4>

#### 9.1.3 How to gather feedback from customers?

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cBRQ73hEHog>

### 9.2 Timesheet

#### 9.2.1 How to record time spent on Task and Project?

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ScMYXe2N004>

## 9.2.2 Record time spent using Awesome Timesheet - Chrome plugin

### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OvLfGJdCPGA>

## 9.3 Helpdesk

### 9.3.1 Managing service tickets and service contracts

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4TRq5HeLprk>

## 9.4 Customer Portal

### 9.4.1 How to allow the customer to view timesheet on their task and projects?

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cBRQ73hEHog>

### 10.1 Inventory

#### 10.1.1 How to issue material to factory location to start manufacturing order?

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3MuhLtDM7tM>

#### 10.1.2 Manage stock of liquid products in warehouse (unit vs ml)

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4zIxKotfyw4>

#### 10.1.3 Compute stock for the kit product based on the component stock

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7wjxc3Mbck>

## 10.2 By-Products

### 10.2.1 Wooden, Glass or Plastic sheet consumption during the manufacturing process

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o-aQaXeQe6A>

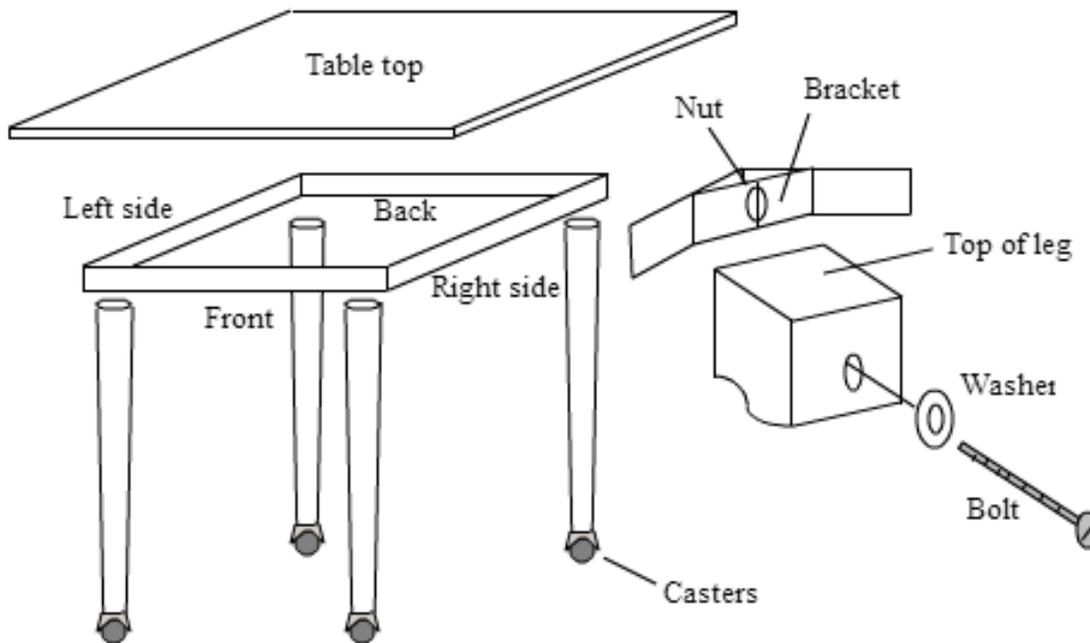
## 10.3 Subcontracting

### 10.3.1 Setup subcontracting in manufacturing process

Most manufacturing companies outsource some part of the job contracting work to other manufacturing companies to get the best expertise methodology and resource to produce the world class product (i.e Most reputed companies smart phones are assembled in China is the best example of the subcontracting)

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow, Issue the raw material to your contractor and get the semi-finished product which will be consumed later to prepare the final product in our factory.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that table is laminated by third party contractor where we supply wood sheet and lamination sheet to prepare the laminated table top.



#### Configuration

Install manufacturing, purchase, inventory applications in order to create the full subcontracting flow.

## Create location

By default production is the location where all the manufacturing order processed, all the material issued from stock location to Production location, and once production completed the final product pushed back to the stock location.

We need separate location which is not part of our warehouse, we will call it subcontracting. It will be easy to track the material issued to the subcontractor, also we can define reorder level on that location.

**Tips:** You can enable the multi location from Inventory / Configuration / Settings, select Storage Locations and apply the setting.

To create the location go to Inventory / Configuration / Location, create an internal location named as Contractor under the WH.

Locations / New

Location Name

### Contractor

Parent Location

WH

**Additional Information**

Location Type

Owner

Is a Scrap Location?

Is a Return Location?

**Logistics**

Removal Strategy

Put Away Strategy

**Localization**

Corridor (X)

Shelves (Y)

Height (Z)

Barcode

## Enable routes

Inventory route plays a key role to create the subcontracting flow, using routes we are able to make the custom flow for the inventory, like Issue material to contractor and receive finished material from contractor.

To create the custom route go to Inventory / Configuration / Settings and select Multi-Step Routes, Storage Locations will be selected automatically.

**Warehouse**

**Storage Locations**  
Track product location in your warehouse  
[→ Locations](#)

**Multi-Warehouses**  
Manage several warehouses

**Multi-Step Routes**  
Use your own routes and putaway strategies  
[→ Set Warehouse Routes](#)  
[→ Set Putaway Strategies on Locations](#)

Let's create a two different routes, which can be selectable on the product routes

- Material - select this route on the product which can be issued to the contractor
- Subcontracting - select this route when you want contractor to be product and send it to our warehouse (stock location)

## Material Route

Material route, select Product and Product Category under the Applicable On options.

Route Name

**Material**

---

### Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Warehouses	<input type="checkbox"/>
Products	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

### Push Rules

Source Location	Destination Location	Operation Name
<a href="#">Add an item</a>		

### Procurement Rules

Name	Action	Operation Type	
<a href="#">+</a> Issue Material	Move From Another Location	My Company: Delivery Orders	<a href="#">🗑</a>
<a href="#">Add an item</a>			

Create a Procurement that applied on the Contractor location and ask our Stock location to fulfill the requirement by stock transfer.

Open: Procurement Rules ✕

---

Active

---

**Name**  
Issue Material

---

**Action** Move From Another Location ▼

**Applied On**

**Procurement Location** WH/Contractor ▼ ↗

**Creates**

**Source Location** WH/Stock ▼ ↗

**Move Supply Method** Take From Stock ▼

**Operation Type** My Company: Delivery Orders ▼ ↗

**Partner Address**  ▼

**Delay** 2 days

---

SAVE & CLOSE
SAVE & NEW
DISCARD

### Subcontracting Route

Same way create second route “Subcontracting” that create a manufacturing order at contractor location when we need that semi-finished material in our stock.

**Route Name**  
Subcontracting

---

**Applicable On**  
 Select the places where this route can be selected

**Product Categories**  **Warehouses**

**Products**

**Push Rules**

Source Location	Destination Location	Operation Name
<span style="color: #0070c0;">Add an item</span>		

**Procurement Rules**

Name	Action	Operation Type
<span style="color: #0070c0;">+</span> Subcontracting	Manufacture	My Company: Subcontracting <span style="float: right;">✕</span>
<span style="color: #0070c0;">Add an item</span>		

Create a procurement rules that applied on WH/Stock location and ask WH/Contractor location to fulfil by creating a manufacturing order. This configuration will create the manufacturing order at Contractor location and looking for the

material at WH/Contractor location and once Tabletop produced it will be pushed to WH/Stock location.

Open: Procurement Rules ×

---

Active

---

Name

## Subcontracting

---

Action Manufacture

Applied On

Procurement Location WH/Stock

Creates

Source Location WH/Contractor

Operation Type My Company: Subcontracting

---

SAVE DISCARD

To separate the contractor's manufacturing orders from the normal manufacturing orders you should create a new operation type which will be appeared on the warehouse dashboard.

Open: Operation Type ×

---

Active

---

Operation Types Name Subcontracting

Reference Sequence Subcontracting

Type of Operation Manufacturing Operation

Locations

Default Source Location WH/Contractor

Default Destination Location WH/Stock

---

SAVE DISCARD

### Products

Let's create the Tabletop product and select the correct route on this product, select Subcontracting as this product is manufactured but at contractor location, we just need to supply them wooden and lamination sheet.

The screenshot shows the Odoo product form for 'Tabletop'. At the top, there are several status indicators: 'On Hand' (0), 'Forecasted' (0), 'Product Moves', 'Reordering Rul...' (0), 'Bill of Materials' (0), 'Manufacturing' (0), 'Purchases' (0), and 'Active'. The product name 'Tabletop' is displayed prominently. Below the name, there are checkboxes for 'Can be Sold' and 'Can be Purchased', both of which are checked. A navigation bar includes tabs for 'General Information', 'Sales', 'Purchase', 'Inventory' (which is active), 'Invoicing', and 'Notes'. The 'Operations' section contains a 'Routes' list with checkboxes for 'Material', 'Subcontracting' (checked), 'Manufacture', 'Buy', and 'Make To Order'. The 'Logistics' section shows 'Weight' (0.00 kg), 'Volume' (0.00 m³), and 'Responsible' (Administrator). Below these are fields for 'Manufacturing Lead Time' (5 days) and 'Customer Lead Time' (0.00 days).

When you create a Wooden and Lamination sheet select the Material and Buy routs on those products.

The screenshot shows the Odoo product form for 'Wooden sheet'. The layout is identical to the 'Tabletop' form. The 'Routes' list in the 'Operations' section has 'Material' and 'Buy' checked, while 'Subcontracting', 'Manufacture', and 'Make To Order' are unchecked. The 'Logistics' section shows 'Weight' (0.00 kg), 'Volume' (0.00 m³), and 'Responsible' (Administrator). The 'Manufacturing Lead Time' and 'Customer Lead Time' are both set to 0.00 days.

When this products required at contractor location it will create the delivery order in our warehouse and when this product required in our warehouse we will buy it from the vendors.

**Observera:** Define the vendor under the purchase tab and define the re-order level for both location WH/Stock and WH/Contractor depending on the needs.

Define the other raw material such as lags, table frame, bracket and bolt as stockable and define respective vendors and re-order level for each products. The bolt can be defined as consumable with the minimum stock level.

### Bill of Material

Define two different bill or material one for Tabletop and second for the Table (final product).

Active

Product Tabletop ✎

Quantity 1.00

Reference \_\_\_\_\_

BoM Type  Manufacture this product  
 Kit

Components

Miscellaneous

Product	Product Quantity
✚ Wooden sheet <span style="float: right;">🗑</span>	1.000 <span style="float: right;">🗑</span>
✚ Laminate sheet <span style="float: right;">🗑</span>	1.000 <span style="float: right;">🗑</span>
<a href="#">Add an item</a>	

Once you define the bill of material for Table it will be looking as below, print the BOM Structure form Print manu on the Table's bill of material.

## BOM Structure

BOM Name	Quantity	BOM Ref
<b>Table</b>	<b>1.00</b>	
Tabletop	1.0	
Wooden sheet	1.0	
Laminate sheet	1.0	
Table frame	1.0	
Table lag	4.0	
Bracket	4.0	
Bolt	8.0	

## Cost Structure

Make sure that you have configure the correct cost on each product to compute the cost of the finished and semi-finished raw material.

### Table

1.0 Unit(s)

### Cost Structure

Reference	Raw Materials	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
	Tabletop	1.000	\$ 80.00	\$ 80.00
	Table frame	1.000	\$ 25.00	\$ 25.00
	Table lag	4.000	\$ 12.00	\$ 48.00
	Bracket	4.000	\$ 4.00	\$ 16.00
	Bolt	8.000	\$ 0.50	\$ 4.00
<b>Total Cost of Components</b>				<b>\$ 173.00</b>

Let's add a new consumable product on the Table top bill of material to include the cost of contractor, I have considered that to produce each table top contractor will charge us \$5 as a service and delivery charges.

I have added that cost to the my Table top bill of material, and cost computed based on the components and service is not \$80.

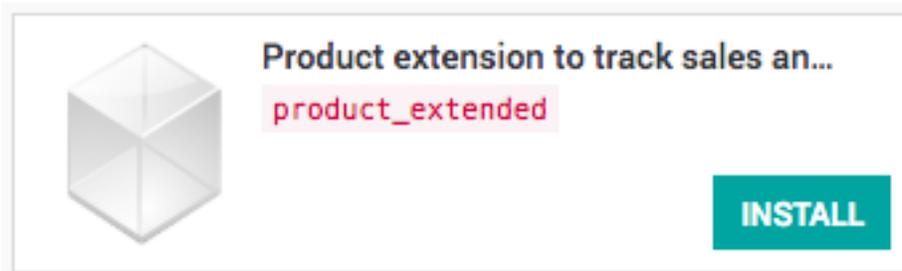
## Tabletop

1.0 Unit(s)

### Cost Structure

Reference	Raw Materials	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
	Wooden sheet	1.000	\$ 45.00	\$ 45.00
	Laminate sheet	1.000	\$ 30.00	\$ 30.00
	Contractor cost	1.000	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.00
<b>Total Cost of Components</b>				<b>\$ 80.00</b>

**Tips:** You can also install the Product extension to track sales and purchases app to compute the cost of the product based on the cost of material consumed.



## Reorder Rules

Make sure that you defined the reorder rules for each product respectively to the locations. The reorder rules have to be defined for both WH/Stock and WH/Contractor location.

Reordering Rules Location X Search...

[CREATE](#) [IMPORT](#) Filters Group By Favorites

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Warehouse	Location	Product	Minimum Quantity	Maximum Quantity
▼ WH/Contractor (3)					0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00005	My Company	WH/Contractor	Laminate sheet	0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00007	My Company	WH/Contractor	Wooden sheet	0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00009	My Company	WH/Contractor	Tabletop	0.000	0.000
▼ WH/Stock (6)					20.000	135.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00001	My Company	WH/Stock	Bracket	20.000	50.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00002	My Company	WH/Stock	Table frame	0.000	5.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00003	My Company	WH/Stock	Table lag	0.000	40.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00004	My Company	WH/Stock	Laminate sheet	0.000	20.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00006	My Company	WH/Stock	Wooden sheet	0.000	20.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00008	My Company	WH/Stock	Tabletop	0.000	0.000

Run the Scheduler from Inventory application, you should get the first request for quotation under the Purchase application as below.

**Request for Quotation**  
**PO00001**

Vendor:  Order Date:   
 Vendor Reference:  Source Document:

**Products** | Deliveries & Invoices

Product	Description	Scheduled Date	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+ Wooden sheet	Wooden sheet	07/05/2018 00:01:23	20.000	45.00		\$ 900.00
+ Bracket	Bracket	07/05/2018 00:01:23	50.000	4.00		\$ 200.00
+ Laminate sheet	Laminate sheet	07/05/2018 00:01:23	20.000	30.00		\$ 600.00
+ Table lag	Table lag	07/05/2018 00:01:23	40.000	12.00		\$ 480.00
+ Table frame	Table frame	07/05/2018 00:01:23	10.000	25.00		\$ 250.00

[Add an item](#)

Define your terms and conditions ...

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 2,430.00
Taxes:	\$ 0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 2,430.00</b>

Confirm the purchase and receive the raw material to have the seamless test for the subcontracting business flow.

### Manufacturing order

Everything is setup and now we are ready to test our first manufacturing order that triggers subcontracting flow. Create the manufacturing order for 1 Table, save and check on Check Availability button.

**MO/00001**

Product:  Quantity To Produce:  Bill of Material:   
 Update | Deadline Start:  Responsible:  Source:

**Consumed Materials** | Finished Products | Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Tabletop	1.000	0.000	0.000
Table frame	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table lag	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bracket	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bolt	8.000	8.000	0.000

All the material except Tabletop will be marked as available.

Go to Inventory application and run the scheduler 2 times, you will notice after each scheduler run you will see the updates on the dashboard. First time it will create the manufacturing order at Subcontracting options and then delivery order on the Delivery operation.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Inventory dashboard with the following cards:

- Receipts:** 0 TO RECEIVE
- Internal Transfers:** 0 TRANSFERS
- Delivery Orders:** 0 TO DO, 2 (Waiting: 1, Late: 1)
- Manufacturing:** 1 TO DO
- Subcontracting:** 1 TO DO, 1 (Late: 1)

Open the delivery order and process it, as soon as you process the manufacturing order at Contractor location will be ready to process.

The screenshot shows the Manufacturing Order form for SUB/00001. Key details include:

- Product:** Tabletop
- Quantity To Produce:** 1.000
- Bill of Material:** Tabletop
- Deadline Start:** 06/29/2018 00:11:59
- Responsible:** Administrator
- Source:** OP/00008

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Wooden sheet	1.000	1.000	0.000
Laminate sheet	1.000	1.000	0.000
Contractor cost	1.000	1.000	0.000

Process and manufacturing the set it mark as done. When contractor's manufacturing order processed and mark as done, the Tabletop will be marked as received in our warehouse and we are ready to process the order for the Table in our factory.

Manufacturing Orders / MO/00001

EDIT CREATE Print - Action - 1/1 < >

PRODUCE CANCEL SCRAP UNRESERVE UNLOCK CONFIRMED IN PROGRESS DONE

### MO/00001

Product	Table	Deadline Start	07/03/2018 00:10:05
Quantity To Produce	1.000 <a href="#">Update</a>	Responsible	Administrator
Bill of Material	Table	Source	

Consumed Materials
Finished Products
Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Tabletop	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table frame	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table lag	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bracket	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bolt	8.000	8.000	0.000

Finally produce the table and set this manufacturing order as done by clicking on the Mark as Done button. Check the inventory level it has be looking as below.

<input type="checkbox"/> Product	Location	Reserved	On Hand
		0.00	130.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Wooden sheet	WH/Stock	0.00	19.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Bracket	WH/Stock	0.00	46.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Laminate sheet	WH/Stock	0.00	19.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table lag	WH/Stock	0.00	36.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table frame	WH/Stock	0.00	9.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table	WH/Stock	0.00	1.00

### Contractor Bill

Receive the vendor bill and create it manually.

### Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mms3U\\_2T8Nc](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mms3U_2T8Nc)

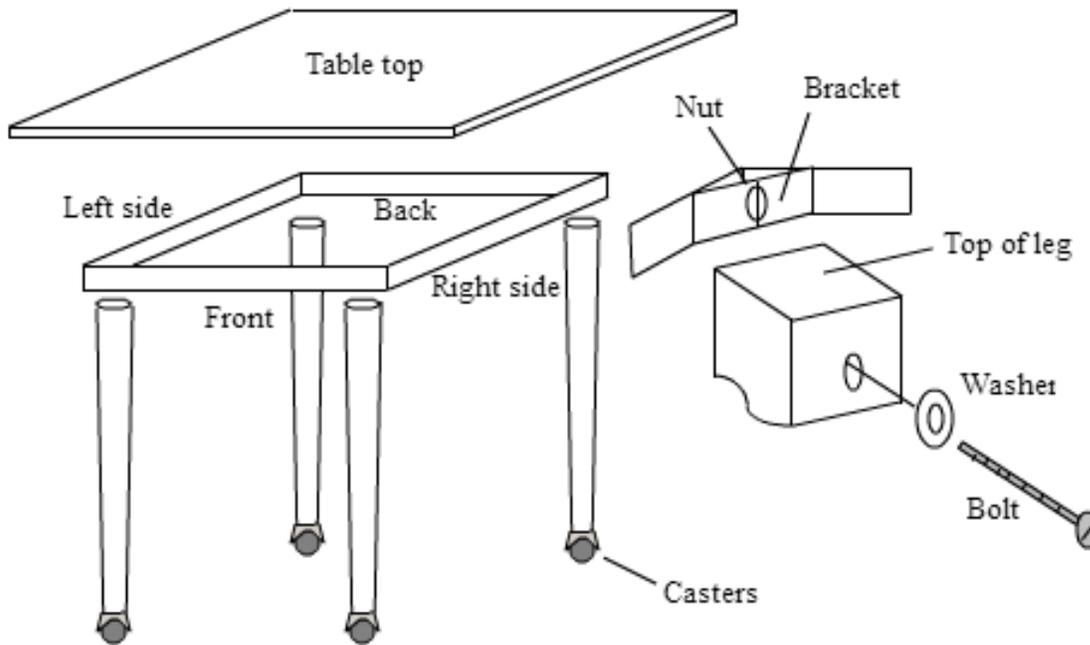
### 10.3.2 Setup subcontracting in manufacturing process (Dropship Material)

Most manufacturing companies outsource some part of the job contracting work to other manufacturing companies to get the best expertise methodology and resource to produce the world class product (i.e Most reputed companies smart phones are assembled in China is the best example of the subcontracting)

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow, Issue some raw material to your contractor from your warehouse and some raw material ask your vendor to make the direct delivery to contractor location.

Contractor will produce the semi-finished product which will be consumed later to prepare the final product in our factory.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that table is laminated by third party contractor where we supply wood sheet and lamination sheet will be supplied by our vendor directly to prepare the laminated table top.



### Configuration

Install manufacturing, purchase, inventory applications in order to create the full subcontracting flow.

### Create location

By default production is the location where all the manufacturing order processed, all the material issued from stock location to Production location, and once production completed the final product pushed back to the stock location.

We need separate location which is not part of our warehouse, we will call it subcontracting. It will be easy to track the material issued to the subcontractor, also we can define reorder level on that location.

---

**Tips:** You can enable the multi location from `Inventory / Configuration / Settings`, select `Storage Locations` and apply the setting.

---

To create the location go to `Inventory / Configuration / Location`, create an internal location named as `Contractor` under the `WH`.

Locations / New

**SAVE** DISCARD

Current Stock Products Active

Location Name

## Contractor

Parent Location

WH

**Additional Information**

Location Type Internal Location

Owner

Is a Scrap Location?

Is a Return Location?

**Localization**

Corridor (X) 0

Shelves (Y) 0

Height (Z) 0

Barcode

**Logistics**

Removal Strategy

Put Away Strategy

### Enable routes

Inventory route plays a key role to create the subcontracting flow, using routes we are able make the custom flow for the inventory, like Issue material to contractor and receive finished material form contractor.

To create the custom route go to *Inventory / Configuration / Settings* and select *Multi-Step Routes*, Storage Locations will be selected automatically.

**Warehouse**

**Storage Locations**  
Track product location in your warehouse  
→ [Locations](#)

**Multi-Step Routes**  
Use your own routes and putaway strategies  
→ [Set Warehouse Routes](#)  
→ [Set Putaway Strategies on Locations](#)

**Multi-Warehouses**  
Manage several warehouses

Let's create a two different routes, which can be selectable on the product routes

- Material - select this route on the product which can be issued to the contractor
- Subcontracting - select this route when you want contractor to be product and send it to our warehouse (stock location)

### Material Route (Buy and Deliver)

Material route, select Product and Product Category under the Applicable On options.

Route Name

Material (Buy -> Deliver)

Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories  Warehouses   
 Products

Push Rules

Source Location	Destination Location	Operation Name
Add an item		

Procurement Rules

Name	Action	Operation Type
✚ Issue Material	Move From Another Location	My Company: Delivery Orders
Add an item		

Create a Procurement that applied on the Contractor location and ask our Stock location to fulfill the requirement by stock transfer.

Open: Procurement Rules

Active

Name

Issue Material

Action Move From Another Location

Applied On

Procurement Location WH/Contractor

Creates

Source Location WH/Stock

Move Supply Method Take From Stock

Operation Type My Company: Delivery Orders

Partner Address

Delay 2 days

SAVE & CLOSE SAVE & NEW DISCARD

**Tips:** Material Route (Buy and Deliver) route first check the material at WH/Stock location and buy when enough stock is not available.

## Material Route (Dropship)

Material route, select Product and Product Category under the Applicable On options.

### Material (Dropship)

#### Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories	<input type="checkbox"/>	Warehouses	<input type="checkbox"/>
Products	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

#### Push Rules

Source Location	Destination Location	Operation Name

#### Procurement Rules

Name	Action	Operation Type
Purchase	Buy	My Company: Direct Delivery

Create a Procurement that perform the Buy operation when stock or product is not available at WH/Contractor location.

Open: Procurement Rules ✕

---

 Active

Name  
**Purchase**

Action Buy

Applied On WH/Contractor  Creates My Company: Direct Delivery 

---

**SAVE** DISCARD

**Tips:** Material Route (Dropship) route first check the material at WH/Stock location and buy when enough stock is not available.

## Subcontracting Route

Same way create second route “Subcontracting” that create a manufacturing order at contractor location when we need that semi-finished material in our stock.

Route Name

**Subcontracting**

### Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories



Warehouses



Products



### Push Rules

Source Location

Destination Location

Operation Name

[Add an item](#)

### Procurement Rules

Name	Action	Operation Type
+ Subcontracting	Manufacture	My Company: Subcontracting

[Add an item](#)

Create a procurement rules that applied on WH/Stock location and ask WH/Contractor location to fulfil by creating a manufacturing order. This configuration will create the manufacturing order at Contractor location and looking for the material at WH/Contractor location and once Tabletop produced it will be pushed to WH/Stock location.

Open: Procurement Rules



Active

Name

**Subcontracting**

Action

Manufacture

### Applied On

Procurement Location

WH/Stock

### Creates

Source Location

WH/Contractor

Operation Type

My Company: Subcontracting

SAVE

DISCARD

To separate the contractor’s manufacturing orders form the normal manufacturing orders you should create a new operation type which will be appeared on the warehouse dashboard.

Open: Operation Type x

---

Active

**Operation Types Name** Subcontracting **Type of Operation** Manufacturing Operation

**Reference Sequence** Subcontracting

**Locations**

**Default Source Location** WH/Contractor

**Default Destination Location** WH/Stock

---

SAVE
DISCARD

## Products

Let's create the Tabletop product and select the correct route on this product, select Subcontracting as this product is manufactured but at contractor location, we just need to supply them wooden and lamination sheet.

\$ Cost Analysis
0 On Hand
0 Forecasted
Product Moves
2 Reordering Ru...
1 Bill of Materials
1 Used In
More

**Product Name**

# Tabletop

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information
Sales
Purchase
Inventory
Invoicing
Notes

**Operations**

**Routes**

Material (Buy -> Deliver)  
 Material (Dropship)  
 Subcontracting  
 Buy  
 Manufacture  
 Make To Order

**Manufacturing Lead Time** 5.00 days  
**Customer Lead Time** 0.00 days

**Logistics**

**Weight** 0.00 kg  
**Volume** 0.00 m<sup>3</sup>  
**Responsible** Administrator

When you create a Wooden sheet select the Material (Buy -> Deliver) and Buy routes.

The screenshot shows the Odoo product form for 'Wooden sheet'. At the top, there are several status indicators: 'On Hand' (20), 'Forecasted' (20), 'Product Moves', 'Reordering Rules' (2), 'Bill of Materials' (0), 'Used In' (1), and 'Manufacturing' (0). The product name 'Wooden sheet' is displayed prominently. Below the name, there are checkboxes for 'Can be Sold' (checked) and 'Can be Purchased' (checked). The 'Inventory' tab is selected, showing the 'Operations' section. In the 'Routes' list, 'Material (Buy -> Deliver)' is checked, while 'Material (Dropship)', 'Subcontracting', 'Buy', 'Manufacture', and 'Make To Order' are unchecked. The 'Logistics' section shows 'Weight' (0.00 kg), 'Volume' (0.00 m³), and 'Responsible' (Administrator). Lead times are set to 0.00 days for both manufacturing and customer.

When you create a Lamination sheet select the Material (Dropship) route.

The screenshot shows the Odoo product form for 'Laminate sheet'. The status indicators at the top are: 'On Hand' (0), 'Forecasted' (0), 'Product Moves', 'Reordering Rules' (2), 'Bill of Materials' (0), 'Used In' (1), and 'Manufacturing' (0). The product name 'Laminate sheet' is displayed. Below the name, 'Can be Sold' is unchecked and 'Can be Purchased' is checked. The 'Inventory' tab is selected, showing the 'Operations' section. In the 'Routes' list, 'Material (Dropship)' is checked, while 'Material (Buy -> Deliver)', 'Subcontracting', 'Buy', 'Manufacture', and 'Make To Order' are unchecked. The 'Logistics' section shows 'Weight' (0.00 kg), 'Volume' (0.00 m³), and 'Responsible' (Administrator). Lead times are set to 0.00 days for both manufacturing and customer.

Depending on the product routes will be applied, delivery and purchase order will be create for the Wooden sheet while Lamination sheet will create the purchase order and direct delivery form vendor location.

**Observera:** Define the vendor under the purchase tab and define the re-order level for location WH/Stock and WH/Contractor depending on the needs.

Define the other raw material such as lags, table frame, bracket and bolt as stockable and define respective vendors and re-order level for each products. The bolt can be defined as consumable with the minimum stock level.

### Bill of Material

Define two different bill or material one for Tabletop and second for the Table (final product).

Active

Product Tabletop Reference  
 Quantity 1.00 BoM Type

Manufacture this product  
 Kit

Components

Miscellaneous

Product	Product Quantity
<span>+</span> Wooden sheet <span style="float: right;">🗑</span>	1.000 <span>🗑</span>
<span>+</span> Laminate sheet <span style="float: right;">🗑</span>	1.000 <span>🗑</span>
<a href="#">Add an item</a>	

Once you define the bill of material for Table it will be looking as below, print the BOM Structure form Print manu on the Table's bill of material.

## BOM Structure

BOM Name	Quantity	BOM Ref
<b>Table</b>	<b>1.00</b>	
Tabletop	1.0	
Wooden sheet	1.0	
Laminate sheet	1.0	
Table frame	1.0	
Table lag	4.0	
Bracket	4.0	
Bolt	8.0	

## Cost Structure

Make sure that you have configure the correct cost on each product to compute the cost of the finished and semi-finished raw material.

### Table

1.0 Unit(s)

### Cost Structure

Reference	Raw Materials	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
	Tabletop	1.000	\$ 80.00	\$ 80.00
	Table frame	1.000	\$ 25.00	\$ 25.00
	Table lag	4.000	\$ 12.00	\$ 48.00
	Bracket	4.000	\$ 4.00	\$ 16.00
	Bolt	8.000	\$ 0.50	\$ 4.00
<b>Total Cost of Components</b>				<b>\$ 173.00</b>

Let's add a new consumable product on the Table top bill of material to include the cost of contractor, I have considered that to produce each table top contractor will charge us \$5 as a service and delivery charges.

I have added that cost to the my Table top bill of material, and cost computed based on the components and service is not \$80.

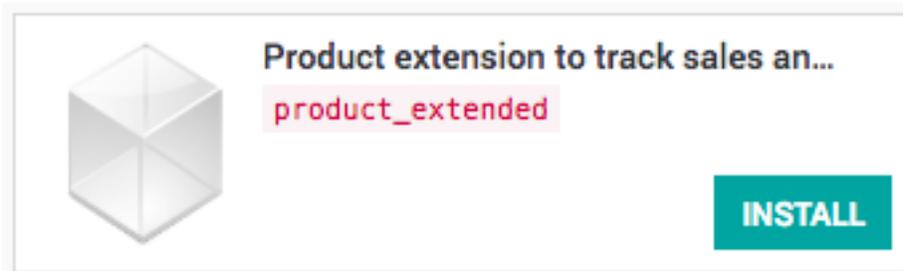
## Tabletop

1.0 Unit(s)

### Cost Structure

Reference	Raw Materials	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
	Wooden sheet	1.000	\$ 45.00	\$ 45.00
	Laminate sheet	1.000	\$ 30.00	\$ 30.00
	Contractor cost	1.000	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.00
<b>Total Cost of Components</b>				<b>\$ 80.00</b>

**Tips:** You can also install the Product extension to track sales and purchases app to compute the cost of the product based on the cost of material consumed.



## Reorder Rules

Make sure that you defined the reorder rules for each product respectively to the locations. The reorder rules have to be defined for both WH/Stock and WH/Contractor location.

Reordering Rules Location X Search...

[CREATE](#) [IMPORT](#) Filters Group By Favorites

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Warehouse	Location	Product	Minimum Quantity	Maximum Quantity
▼ WH/Contractor (3)					0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00005	My Company	WH/Contractor	Laminate sheet	0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00007	My Company	WH/Contractor	Wooden sheet	0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00009	My Company	WH/Contractor	Tabletop	0.000	0.000
▼ WH/Stock (6)					20.000	135.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00001	My Company	WH/Stock	Bracket	20.000	50.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00002	My Company	WH/Stock	Table frame	0.000	5.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00003	My Company	WH/Stock	Table lag	0.000	40.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00004	My Company	WH/Stock	Laminate sheet	0.000	20.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00006	My Company	WH/Stock	Wooden sheet	0.000	20.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00008	My Company	WH/Stock	Tabletop	0.000	0.000

Run the Scheduler from Inventory application, you should get the first request for quotation under the Purchase application as below.

**Request for Quotation**  
**PO00001**

Vendor:  Order Date:   
 Vendor Reference:  Source Document:

**Products** | Deliveries & Invoices

Product	Description	Scheduled Date	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+ Wooden sheet	Wooden sheet	07/05/2018 00:01:23	20.000	45.00		\$ 900.00
+ Bracket	Bracket	07/05/2018 00:01:23	50.000	4.00		\$ 200.00
+ Laminate sheet	Laminate sheet	07/05/2018 00:01:23	20.000	30.00		\$ 600.00
+ Table lag	Table lag	07/05/2018 00:01:23	40.000	12.00		\$ 480.00
+ Table frame	Table frame	07/05/2018 00:01:23	10.000	25.00		\$ 250.00

[Add an item](#)

Define your terms and conditions ...

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 2,430.00
Taxes:	\$ 0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 2,430.00</b>

Confirm the purchase and receive the raw material to have the seamless test for the subcontracting business flow.

### Manufacturing order

Everything is setup and now we are ready to test our first manufacturing order that triggers subcontracting flow. Create the manufacturing order for 1 Table, save and check on Check Availability button.

**MO/00001**

Product:  Quantity To Produce:  Bill of Material:   
 Update | Deadline Start:  Responsible:  Source:

**Consumed Materials** | Finished Products | Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Tabletop	1.000	0.000	0.000
Table frame	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table lag	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bracket	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bolt	8.000	8.000	0.000

All the material except Tabletop will be marked as available.

Go to Inventory application and run the scheduler 2 times, you will notice after each scheduler run you will see the updates on the dashboard. First time it will create the manufacturing order at Subcontracting options and then delivery order on the Delivery operation.

The dashboard shows the following data:

- Receipts:** 0 TO RECEIVE
- Internal Transfers:** 0 TRANSFERS
- Delivery Orders:** 0 TO DO, 2 Waiting, 1 Late
- Manufacturing:** 1 TO DO
- Subcontracting:** 1 TO DO, 1 Late

Open the delivery order and process it, as soon as you process the manufacturing order at Contractor location will be ready to process.

**Inventory / Manufacturing Orders / SUB/00001**

Buttons: PRODUCE, CANCEL, SCRAP, UNRESERVE, UNLOCK, CONFIRMED, IN PROGRESS, DONE

Product: Tabletop  
 Quantity To Produce: 1.000  
 Bill of Material: Tabletop

Deadline Start: 06/29/2018 00:11:59  
 Responsible: Administrator  
 Source: OP/00008

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Wooden sheet	1.000	1.000	0.000
Laminate sheet	1.000	1.000	0.000
Contractor cost	1.000	1.000	0.000

Process and manufacturing the set it mark as done. When contractor's manufacturing order processed and mark as done, the Tabletop will be marked as received in our warehouse and we are ready to process the order for the Table in our factory.

Manufacturing Orders / MO/00001

EDIT CREATE Print Action 1/1 < >

PRODUCE CANCEL SCRAP UNRESERVE UNLOCK CONFIRMED IN PROGRESS DONE

### MO/00001

Product: <a href="#">Table</a>	Deadline Start: 07/03/2018 00:10:05
Quantity To Produce: 1.000 <a href="#">Update</a>	Responsible: Administrator
Bill of Material: <a href="#">Table</a>	Source:

Consumed Materials | Finished Products | Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Tabletop	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table frame	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table lag	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bracket	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bolt	8.000	8.000	0.000

Finally produce the table and set this manufacturing order as done by clicking on the Mark as Done button. Check the inventory level it has be looking as below.

<input type="checkbox"/> Product	Location	Reserved	On Hand
		0.00	130.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Wooden sheet	WH/Stock	0.00	19.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Bracket	WH/Stock	0.00	46.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Laminate sheet	WH/Stock	0.00	19.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table lag	WH/Stock	0.00	36.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table frame	WH/Stock	0.00	9.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table	WH/Stock	0.00	1.00

### Contractor Bill

Receive the vendor bill and create it manually.

### Video

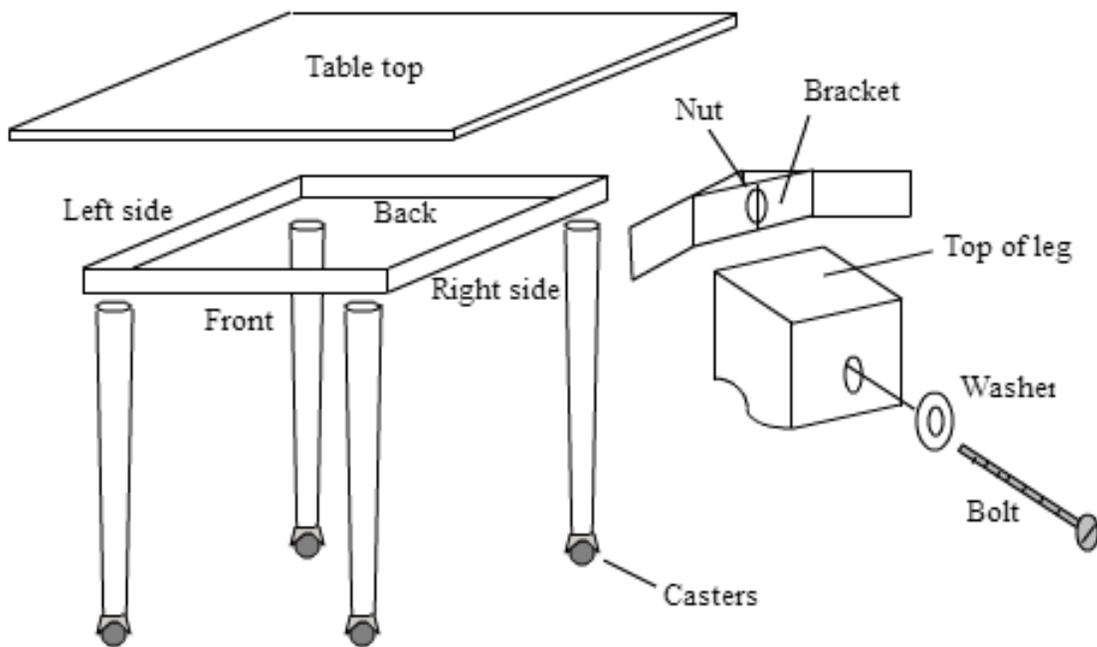
Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=esoHqzckMxI>

### 10.3.3 Subcontracting process for contractors

Like the we *setup subcontracting in manufacturing process* for companies who outsource the contracting work, the contractor need the setup at other side, he get the requirement form factory to perform the some part of the final product. The outsourcing company send the raw material to build the product and pay for the job work done.

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow for the contractors, get the raw material to and produce the semi-finished product delivery the product get paid for the job work done.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that tabletop is laminated by third party contractor by us, we get the wood sheet and lamination sheet to prepare the laminated table top.



### Configuration

Install **Sales Management**, **Manufacturing** applications, the **Inventory Management** and **Invoicing** applications will be installed automatically.

### Setup Inventory

In order to setup the contractors workflow the multiple warehouse and some custom routes is required, lets enable them from the **Inventory** application. Go to *Inventory / Configuration / Settings* and activate the *Multi-Warehouses* and *Multi-Step Routes* the *Storage Locations* will be selected automatically.

**Warehouse**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Storage Locations</b> Track product location in your warehouse <a href="#">→ Locations</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Multi-Warehouses</b> Manage several warehouses <a href="#">→ Warehouses</a>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Multi-Step Routes</b> Use your own routes and putaway strategies <a href="#">→ Set Warehouse Routes</a> <a href="#">→ Set Putaway Strategies on Locations</a>	

## Create Warehouse

In order to separate the internal and outsource manufacturing orders we need to setup the other warehouse, the default warehouse we will use as an internal and new warehouse we will setup as a **Factory** where we will process all the outsourcing orders.

The screenshot shows the 'Warehouse Configuration' form in Odoo. At the top right, there are buttons for 'Routes' and 'Active'. The 'Warehouse Name' field is filled with 'Factory'. Below it, the 'Short Name' is 'FT' and the 'Address' is 'My Company'. The 'Warehouse Configuration' section includes:
 

- Incoming Shipments:** Three radio button options: 'Receive goods directly in stock (1 step)' (selected), 'Unload in input location then go to stock (2 steps)', and 'Unload in input location, go through a quality control before being admitted in stock (3 steps)'.
- Outgoing Shippings:** Three radio button options: 'Ship directly from stock (Ship only)' (selected), 'Bring goods to output location before shipping (Pick + Ship)', and 'Make packages into a dedicated location, then bring them to the output location for shipping (Pick + Pack + Ship)'.
- Manufacture in this Warehouse:** A checked checkbox.
- Default Resupply Warehouse:** A dropdown menu.
- Resupply Warehouses:** A checkbox for 'My Company'.

You should get the 8 inventory operations on the Inventory dashboard, 4 operations for each warehouse. i.e. *Receipts, Internal Transfer, Delivery Orders* and *Manufacturing*.

**Tips:** Make sure that you keep selected for *Manufacture in this Warehouse* field on the warehouse.

## Create Material Route

The contractor flow is same as the standard manufacturing process, where we create a manufacturing order and buy the material on demand through purchase process. In this process we have to ask customer who provide us the manufacturing job, the material we will get we do not have to pay for it as it does not come through purchase process.

We will create a new route *Material* which should be selected on the product, which is going to be supplied by the customer along with the contracting order.

Go to *Inventory / Configuration / Routes*, create a new route called *Material*

Active

**Route Name**  
**Material**

---

**Applicable On**  
Select the places where this route can be selected

<p><b>Product Categories</b> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><b>Products</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Warehouses</b> <input type="checkbox"/></p>
--	---

Create a *Procurement Rules* that moves the material from *Vendor Location* to *Factory Stock* location, select *Factory: Receipts* on **Operation Type** as an incoming shipment should be created under that operation.

Active

**Name**  
**Procure material**

---

**Action** Move From Another Location ▼

<p><b>Applied On</b></p> <p><b>Procurement Location</b> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 0 20px;">FT/Stock</span> ▼ </p>	<p><b>Creates</b></p> <p><b>Source Location</b> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 0 20px;">Partner Locations/Vendors</span> ▼ </p> <p><b>Move Supply Method</b> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 0 20px;">Take From Stock</span> ▼</p> <p><b>Operation Type</b> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 0 20px;">Factory: Receipts</span> ▼ </p> <p><b>Partner Address</b> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 0 20px;"></span> ▼</p> <p><b>Delay</b> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 0 20px;">0</span> days</p>
--	--

---

SAVE & CLOSE
SAVE & NEW
DISCARD

## Products

Let's create the *Tabletop* product, it is *Stockable Product* product, select the *Manufacturing* and *Make to Order* routes. The manufacturing order for the tabletop will be created when we have a job order.

0 On Hand	0 Forecasted	Product Moves	0 Reordering Rul...	0 Bill of Materials	0 Manufacturing	Active
-----------	--------------	---------------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------------	--------

Product Name  
**Tabletop**

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information | Sales | **Inventory** | Notes

<b>Operations</b>		<b>Logistics</b>	
Routes	<input type="checkbox"/> Material <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Manufacture <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Make To Order	Weight	0.00 kg
Manufacturing Lead Time	5.00 days	Volume	0.00 m <sup>3</sup>
Customer Lead Time	7.00 days	Responsible	Administrator

The **Sales Price** on the *Tabletop* product is actually the cost of the production and not the cost *Tabletop*. When we sell the *Tabletop* we actually sell the job work to produce the *Tabletop*.

**Observera:** Set the **Manufacturing Lead Time** to 5 and **Customer Lead Time** to 7. This will be used to compute the schedule dates for the manufacturing order, delivery order.

Create a *Wooden* and *Lamination* sheet and select the *Material* and *Make to Order* routes on those products.

0 On Hand	0 Forecasted	Product Moves	0 Reordering Rul...	0 Bill of Materials	0 Manufacturing	Active
-----------	--------------	---------------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------------	--------

Product Name  
**Wooden sheet**

Can be Sold  
 Can be Purchased

General Information | **Inventory** | Notes

<b>Operations</b>		<b>Logistics</b>	
Routes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Material <input type="checkbox"/> Manufacture <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Make To Order	Weight	0.00 kg
Manufacturing Lead Time	0.00 days	Volume	0.00 m <sup>3</sup>
Customer Lead Time	0.00 days	Responsible	Administrator

## Bill of Material

Define the bill of material for *Tabletop*, that consumes *Wooden sheet* and *Laminated sheet* as a raw material.

The screenshot shows the Bill of Materials (BoM) form for the product 'Tabletop'. The form is set to 'Active' and shows the following details:

- Product:** Tabletop
- Quantity:** 1.00
- Reference:** Tabletop 8X4 FT\*
- BoM Type:** Manufacture this product (selected), Kit

Below the form details, there are two tabs: 'Components' and 'Miscellaneous'. The 'Components' tab is active, showing a table of components:

Product	Product Quantity
Wooden sheet	1.000
Laminated sheet	1.000

There is also an 'Add an item' button at the bottom of the components list.

During the manufacturing, contractor cares about the cost of the service and resources such as electricity and manpower and machine. Set the cost of the material to 0 and add those cost as a consumable product on the bill of material. At the end of the manufacturing process you will get the exact cost of the job work.

### Reorder Rules

We don't need any reorder rules as all the material will be procured on demand from the customer.

### Sale Order

Let's assume that we receive the work order to prepare the 10 *Tabletop* form *China Export*.

The screenshot shows the Sales Order (SO001) form for 'China Export'. The form is set to 'Active' and shows the following details:

- Customer:** China Export
- Expiration Date:** (empty)
- Payment Terms:** (empty)

Below the form details, there are two tabs: 'Order Lines' and 'Other Information'. The 'Order Lines' tab is active, showing a table of order lines:

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Tabletop	Tabletop	10.000	1.00		\$ 10.00

There is also an 'Add an item' button at the bottom of the order lines list.

At the bottom of the form, there is a summary section:

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 10.00
Taxes:	\$ 0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 10.00</b>

**Tips:** You will find two Delivery attached to the Sales order, one is the actual delivery order while second it the incoming shipment which ask for the material to supply form the customer to build the Tabletop.

The *Unit price* is the price for the job work to produce for each table. Make sure that you change the **Warehouse** to *Factory* as we process all the outsourcing work in that warehouse.

**S0001**

Customer: China Export Expiration Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Payment Terms: \_\_\_\_\_

Order Lines | Other Information

**Shipping Information**

Warehouse: Factory  
 Shipping Policy: My Company  
 Factory

**Sales Information**

Salesperson: Administrator  
 Sales Channel: Sales  
 Customer Reference: \_\_\_\_\_

**Invoicing**

Order Date: 07/10/2018 23:12:11  
 Fiscal Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Confirm the order, it creates the *Delivery Order* and *Manufacturing* order and *Receipts* in the Factory warehouse.

Inventory Search...

1-8 / 8 < >

<p><b>Receipts</b> My Company</p> <p>0 TO RECEIVE</p>	<p><b>Internal Transfers</b> My Company</p> <p>0 TRANSFERS</p>	<p><b>Delivery Orders</b> My Company</p> <p>0 TO DO</p>
<p><b>Manufacturing</b> My Company</p> <p>0 TO DO</p>	<p><b>Receipts</b> Factory</p> <p>1 TO RECEIVE <span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">3</span></p>	<p><b>Internal Transfers</b> Factory</p> <p>0 TRANSFERS</p>
<p><b>Delivery Orders</b> Factory</p> <p>0 TO DO <span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">1</span>    Waiting    1</p>	<p><b>Manufacturing</b> Factory</p> <p>1 TO DO <span style="border: 1px solid red; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">2</span>    Waiting    1</p>	

### Manufacturing Order

The sales order creates the delivery order, that triggers manufacturing order and that triggers reception order. The complete flow is triggered through Make to order route so you have *S0001* in **Source Document** on delivery, manufacturing and incoming shipment.

**FT/IN/00001**

Partner: **China Export** | Scheduled Date: 07/12/2018 23:17:40  
 Source Location: Partner Locations/Vendors | Source Document: **SO001**

Operations | Additional Info

Product	Initial Demand	Done
Wooden sheet	10.000	0.000
Laminated sheet	10.000	0.000
<a href="#">Add an item</a>		

When you have a multiple orders from different customers, manufacturing orders will be ready to produce only for the customer who supply the material.

**MO/00001**

Product: Tabletop | Deadline Start: 07/12/2018 23:17:40  
 Quantity To Produce: 10.000 | Responsible: Administrator  
 Bill of Material: Tabletop 8X4 FT\*: Tabletop | Source: **SO001**

Consumed Materials | Finished Products | Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Wooden sheet	10.000	10.000	0.000
Laminated sheet	10.000	10.000	0.000

Let's process the incoming shipment at reception and process the manufacturing order. The delivery order will be ready when manufacturing order completed.

**Job work Invoice**

You are ready to prepare the send the invoice for the job work once the delivery done. Create an invoice and send it to customer, this is the an invoice for the job work and not for the selling of the Tabletop.

Invoice Number:

INV/2018/0002

Customer: China Export

Payment Terms:

Invoice Date: 07/10/2018

Due Date: 07/10/2018

Salesperson: Administrator

Sales Channel: Sales

Invoice Lines		Other Info			
Product	Description	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Tabletop	Tabletop	10.000	20.00		\$ 200.00
Add an item					

Untaxed Amount: \$ 200.00  
Tax: \$ 0.00  
Total: \$ 200.00

---

**Tips:** You can set the Invoicing Policy on the Tabletop product that takes care for the invoicing process.

---

## Video

Access the video at [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JPHB5\\_DiZfI](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JPHB5_DiZfI)

### 11.1 Employee

#### 11.1.1 Show organizational chart on employee form

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NpXoieYwb7I>

#### 11.1.2 Managing Employee Leaves

Planning and forecasting tasks and projects required the updated information for the resource availability. Leave management application helps to provide the updated information for employee unavailability. Leave management application in Odoo can be used independent or integrated with Project Forecasting application for the better planning of any long term project.

There are many business cases where tracking of employee leaves are necessary, let's see how Odoo Leaves application will answer all those business cases.

##### Business case

The types of leave and number of leave available for each leave types are as below in our business case.

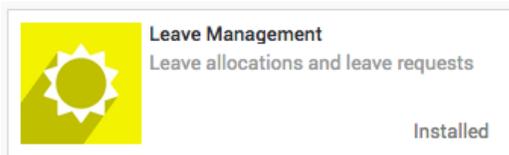
- The leave cycle starts from January 2018
- Working schedule for all the employees are morning 8 am to 5 pm with 1 hour of lunch break
- Full time employees have 12 Legal leaves for the year 2018
- Part time employees have 12 half leaves for the year 2018
- All employees are eligible to get the 6 Sick Leaves during the year 2018, however employees can have more sick leaves if needed with medical certificates

- Employee can have the Compensatory Days off in some cases where employee have worked on off days

Let's configure all the above business cases in Odoo and get the updated leave information for all the employees.

### Configuration

Install the Leaves application from Apps menu on your instance, only an Administrator user can perform installation operation.



Make sure that you have a updated leave policy ready, let's take a business case and configure the number of leave available to each employees for each leave types.

### Working schedule

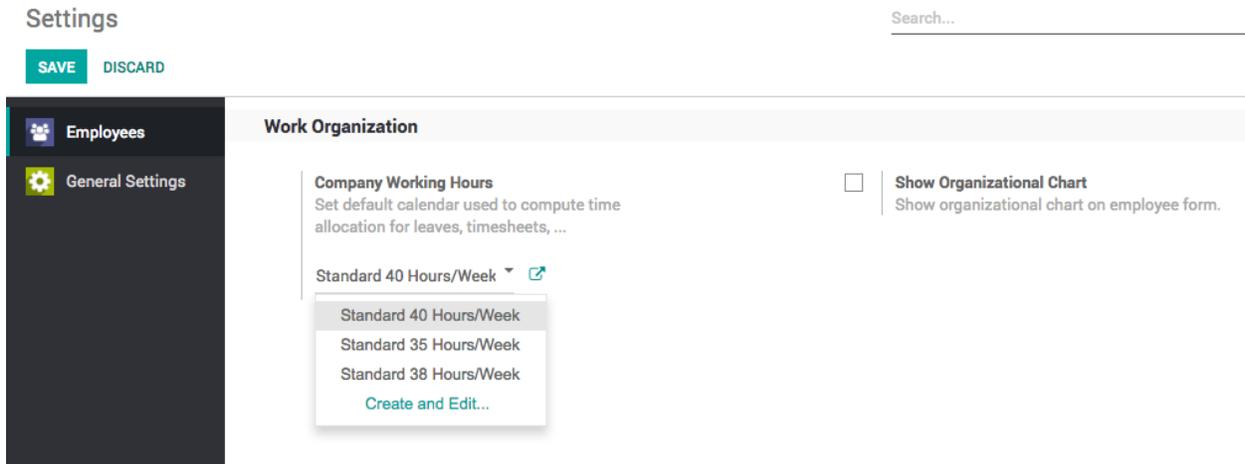
As per business case the working schedule for all the employees are morning 8 am to 5 pm with 1 hour of lunch break. To configure the working schedule please goto *Settings* → *Technical* → *Resources* → *Working Time*, create a one if the default working schedule does not meet your requirement.

Name	Day of Week	Work from	Work to	Starting Date	End Date
Monday Morning	Monday	08:00	12:00		
Monday Evening	Monday	13:00	17:00		
Tuesday Morning	Tuesday	08:00	12:00		
Tuesday Evening	Tuesday	13:00	17:00		
Wednesday Morning	Wednesday	08:00	12:00		
Wednesday Evening	Wednesday	13:00	17:00		
Thursday Morning	Thursday	08:00	12:00		
Thursday Evening	Thursday	13:00	17:00		
Friday Morning	Friday	08:00	12:00		
Friday Evening	Friday	13:00	17:00		
Add an item					

I have created the Standard 40 Hours/Week schedule, almost all the employees are working under this schedule. Leave the **Starting Date** and **End Date** empty if you would like to use this schedule throughout the year or until the changes required in working time.

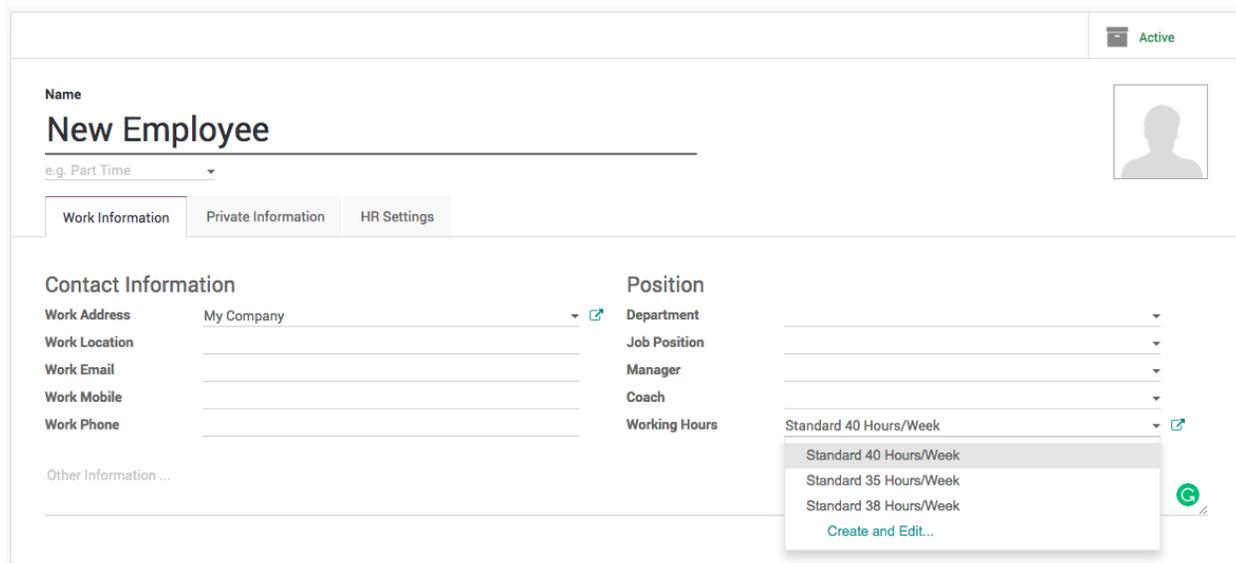
### Default Working Schedule

This can be set as a default working schedule for every new employee created in the system, goto *Configurations* → *Settings* under the **Employees** application.



Warning: Changing the **Company Working Hours** will not change the working schedule for the existing employees, the new employees created after the change will have this working schedule as a default.

When you have a new employee joining in the company, the default company working hours will be applied to that employee, however it can be change if required for the specific employees at the time of creation or later.



Employees number of leaves also required to compute the salary statement for every month so that unpaid leaves can be deducted from the salary.

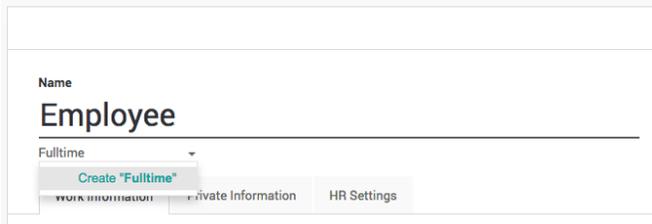
Tip: The working schedule can be change for specific employees directly on the employee configuration.

## Employee Tags

Create an associate employee with tags are an important feature that allows us to automate allocation of leave quickly, the leave can be allocated either by Employee or by Tags, immagin when you have thousand of employees and you have to assign different types of leaves. When you work by Employee it increase a lots of work for the HR office or manager.

Create and assign the tags to the employee carefully, as based on the tags leaves will be allocated. In our business case we will create a **Fulltime** and **Parttime** two different tags to differentiate the employees at the time of leave allocation.

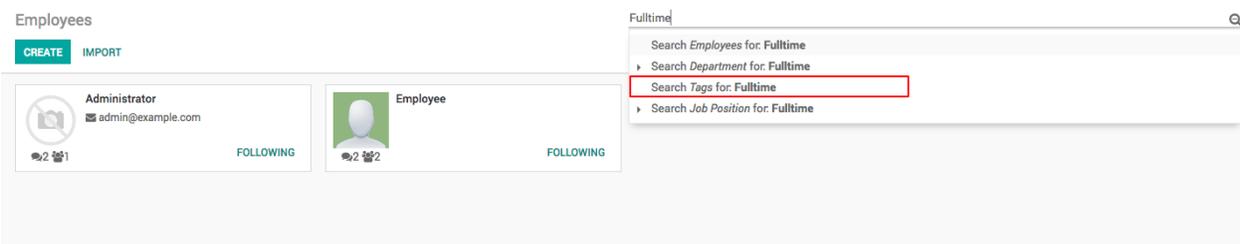
The simplest way to create the tags is directly from the employee form, just type the tag name and choose option to create that tag with Odoo's quick create feature.



Click on Create "Fulltime" link to create and assign created tag to new employee being created.

Note: You can assign multiple tags to the employee that helps you to group the employees and search them quickly when needed.

You can verify the list of employees for the correct assignation of tags from the employee directory. Goto Employees and enter **Fulltime** and search for the Tags.

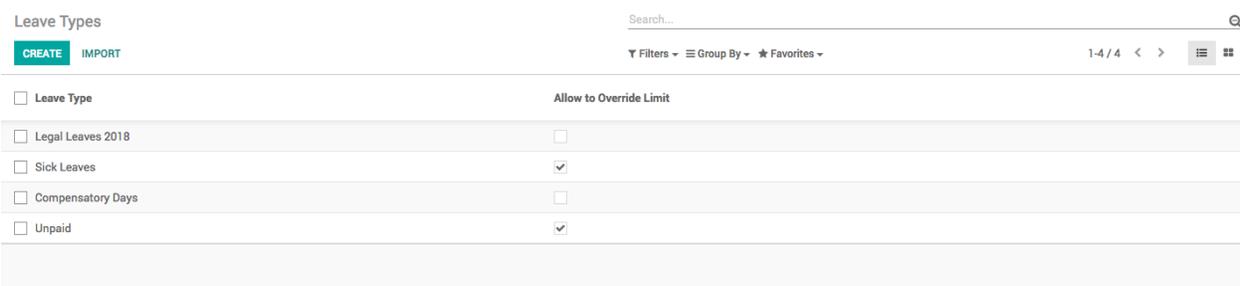


Make sure that you have verified the list of assigned employee on each tags, fix it before you proceed for the leave allocation.

## Leave Types

Default leave types are already given in the Odoo as a standard data, however you can create more if needed according to your business case.

The leave types can be access from *Configuration* menu under the Leaves application.



You can create a new type of change the existing according to the business rules you need. You can change the below fields to adapt your business rules on leave type.

**Apply Double Validation:** Check this field when you want that the approval of the leave will be done by Department Manager and HR Manager.

**Allow to Override Limit:** The number of leave are always predefined, however you can allow to request for more leave than the defined/allocated, i.e. sick leaves can be requested more than assigned.

**Meeting Type:** Once a leave is validated, Odoo will create a meeting of this type on the correspondent calendar.

**Color in Report:** This color will be used to display the specific types of leave in with color in PDF report.

As a business case **Sick Leaves** may extend. So, check **Allow to Override Limit** field on the view.

### Leave Allocation

Leaves can be allocated by HR Manager or Officer or Department Manager at anytime to employees. The yearly leave allocation will be done by HR Officer or Manager in the beginning of every year while Department Manager can allocate the Compensatory leaves. Let's create the yearly leave allocation.

To assign the leave go to *My Leaves* → *Allocation Request* under the **Leaves** application and click on **CREATE** button.

By default you can assign the leaves to selected employees, employees can also create the allocation request to ask for the compensatory leave, which will be reviewed and approved by Manager or HR Office later.

### Leave by Employee Tags

It is advisable to allocate all the yearly leaves to the employees by their tags, it will save lots of time to create many records, each for an individual employee.

SAVE DISCARD 1 / 1 < >

CONFIRM TO SUBMIT TO APPROVE APPROVED

### Allocation of Legal Leaves 2018 : 12.00 day(s) To Employee

**Description** 
**Mode**

**Leave Type** 
**Employee Tag**

**Duration**  days

Add a reason...

Select the Leave Type and enter the Duration (duration is always in days). Change the Mode from By Employees to By Employee Tags and select the specific tag in Employee Tag field, it is group of employees to whom we are going to assign the 12 legal leaves.

By default the leave allocation will be in draft, it has to be requested for the approval, click on CONFIRM button to ask for the approval, HR Manager have the rights to approve the allocation request.

As soon as the allocation request approved, Odoo will create an individual leave allocation request for each employee who belongs to selected tag.

Allocation Request Search...

CREATE IMPORT Filters Group By Favorites 1-3 / 3 < >

<input type="checkbox"/>	Employee	Allocation Mode	Employee Tag	Leave Type	Description	Allocated Days	Start Date	End Date	Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Employee	By Employee		Legal Leaves 2018	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Administrator	By Employee		Legal Leaves 2018	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>		By Employee Tag	Fulltime	Legal Leaves 2018	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Approved
						36.00			

## Compensatory Leaves

Employee can create a leave request manually, enter the appropriate **Description**, **Duration** and select the type *Compensatory Days* in the **Leave Type** field.

SAVE DISCARD 2 / 2 < >

RESET TO DRAFT TO SUBMIT TO APPROVE APPROVED

### Allocation of Compensatory Days : 1.00 day(s) To Employee

Description: Worked on weekend to fix problem 3rd February 2018

Leave Type: Compensatory Days

Duration: 1.00 days

Work for a full day at the client location to fix the problem on the server.

As an employee you have already applied, you have to wait for the approval for your department manager or hr manager.

### Leave Summary

As soon as the yearly leave allocated, it is advisable for all the employees to check their leave summary for the allocated leaves. Leave summary for an individual employees can be checked from Leaves application, the first screen will be leave summary.

Leaves Summary

CREATE IMPORT

Current Year My Requests Type Search...

Filters Group By Favorites

Employee	Request Type	Description	Number of Days	Start Date	End Date	Leave Type	Status
▼ Legal Leaves 2018 (1)			12.00				
Employee	Allocation Request	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Legal Leaves 2018	Approved
▼ Sick Leaves (1)			6.00				
Employee	Allocation Request	6 Sick Leaves	6.00			Sick Leaves	Approved
▼ Compensatory Days (1)			1.00				
Employee	Allocation Request	Worked on weekend to fix problem 3rd February 2018	1.00			Compensatory Days	To Approve
			19.00				

Employee can see their leaves it can be allocated or requested, whether their status approved or rejected. The actual leaves available to the employees will be displayed on the employees form.

13 Leaves Left Active

Employee

Fulltime



## 11.2 Employee Expense

### 11.2.1 Manage advance payment, employee expenses and reconciliation

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7PS7EOiPLM>



### 12.1 Website

#### 12.1.1 How to generate leads or opportunities through website contact us page?

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q4FujRKnUHM>

### 12.2 Products

#### 12.2.1 How to configure product variants that looks perfect on eCommerce page?

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6UkRfAu4xvE>

#### 12.2.2 Ordering products, variant attribute and values on the products page

##### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0-QgV9HDU6M>

## 12.3 Delivery Cost

### 12.3.1 Allow your customer to choose Normal or Express delivery at checkout

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4mqUBAuqO18>

### 12.3.2 Show delivery methods depending on the customer address

#### Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NlxgevrT9O4>

- toc
- genindex
- modindex
- search

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